

## Day 5 Strategies to support energy efficiency goals

Mel Slade, Energy Efficiency in Emerging Economies, IEA Jakarta, 20 July 2018

#energyefficientworld

Materials produced in collaboration with Heather Worley, Senior Operations Officer, Energy Global Practice, World Bank Group



- Feedback from the workstreams
- Energy efficient prosperity
- Communications strategies
- Group exercise on objectives, policy packages and campaigns
- Closing remarks and presentation of certificates



- Purpose of this discussion:
  - What are the priority areas in each stream?
  - What are the common areas that countries would like to work on?
  - What are the synergies and potential areas for collaboration between countries and regions?
  - In which areas it is easiest / most feasible to achieve progress in the short term?
- Move into streams
- Stream discussion 10 minutes
- Report back 5 minutes per stream





## **Energy Efficient Prosperity**

Strategies to support energy efficiency goals

Day 5

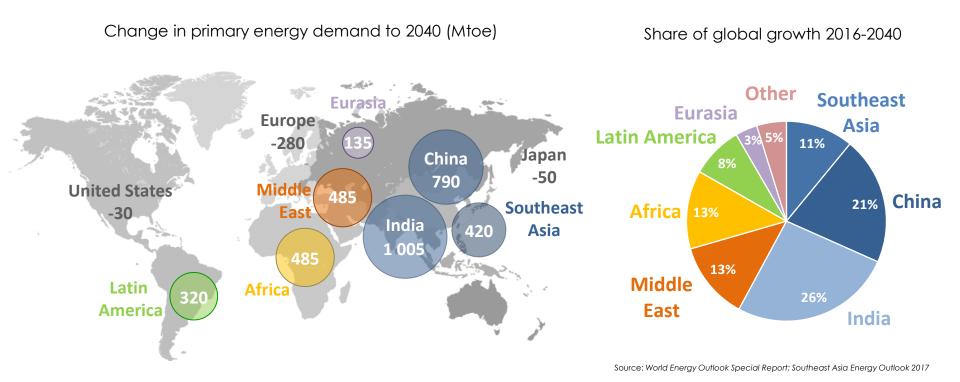
Mel Slade, Energy Efficiency in Emerging Economies, IEA

Jakarta, 20 July 2018

🔰 #energyefficientworld

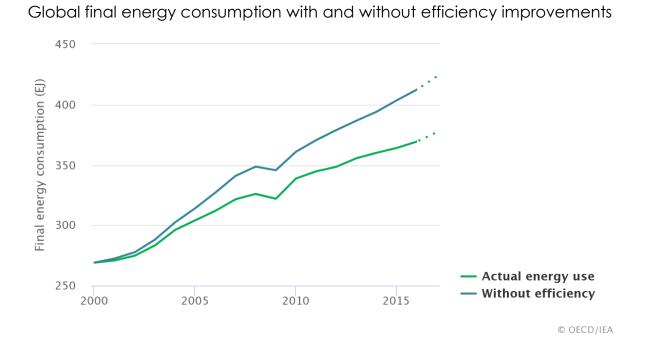
Materials produced in collaboration with Heather Worley, Senior Operations Officer, Energy Global Practice, World Bank Group

### Asia is becoming the centre of the global energy system



Southeast Asia, India and China account for almost 60% of the global increase by 2040 In Southeast Asia energy demand is expected to double

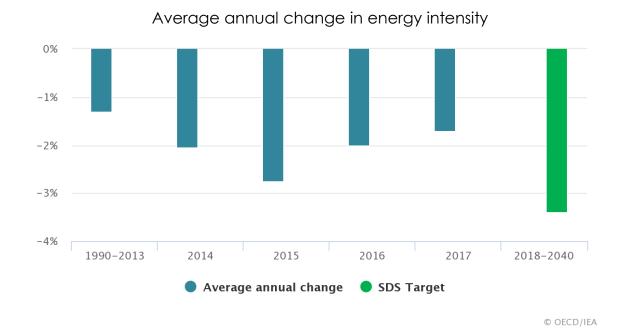
#### Energy efficiency has reduced global energy use



Without energy efficiency the world would have used just over 12% more energy in 2017, equivalent to the entire energy use of the European Union

#### Global energy intensity improvements are slowing

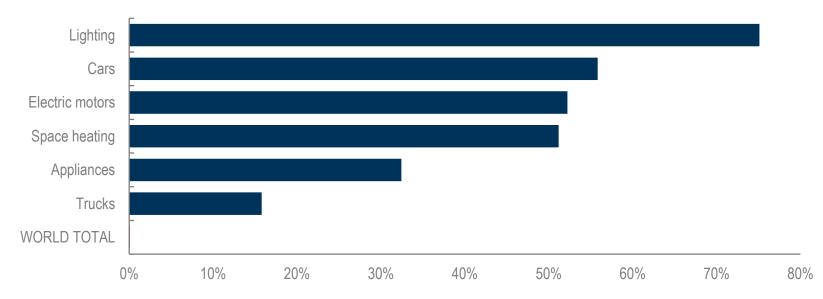




Preliminary estimates are that global energy intensity improved by 1.7% in 2017, compared to 2.6% improvement in 2015. Annual rates of improvement must rise to 3.2% for a more sustainable world



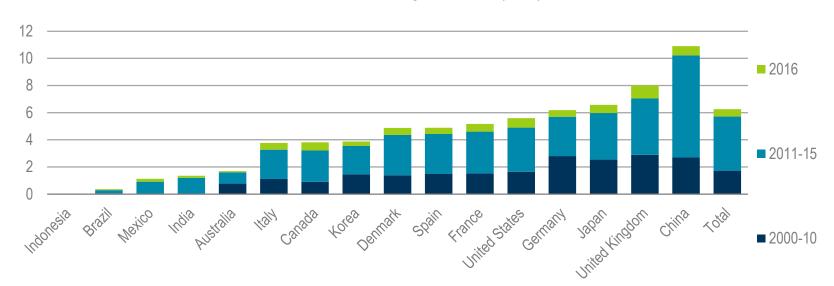
#### Share of global energy use covered by mandatory efficiency policies, 2016



The amount of global energy use covered by mandatory efficiency policies grew in 2016, but 68% of energy use remains uncovered. We owe the efficiency gains of today to the policies of the past.

#### Policy progress varies across countries



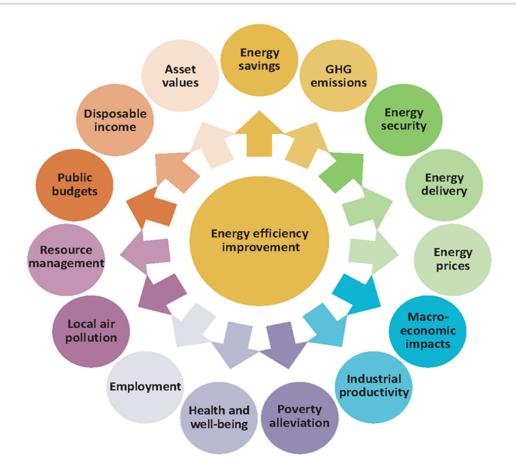


IEA Efficiency Policy Progress Index (EPPI), 2000-2016

The IEA Efficiency Policy Progress Index reveals where policy progress is strongest and shows that most progress has been made since 2010, particularly in China.

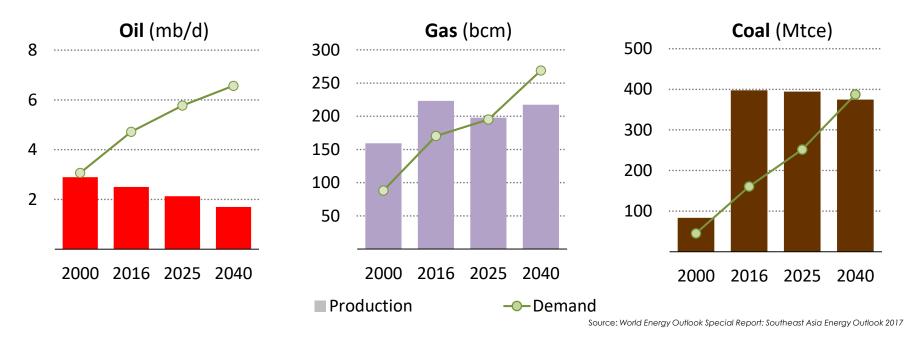
#### **Energy efficient prosperity**





iea 🙆

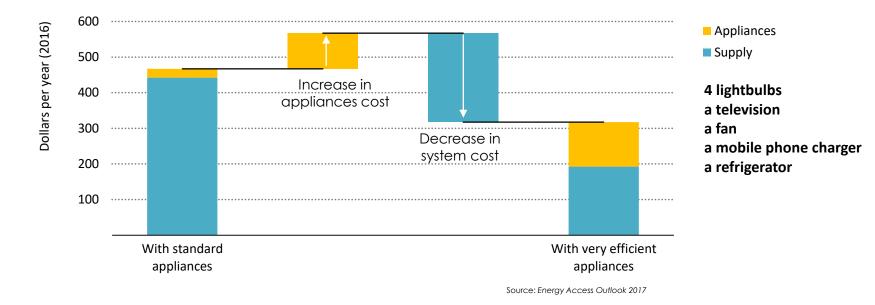
Fossil fuel production and demand in Southeast Asia to 2040



By 2040, Southeast Asia will be a net importer of all fossil fuels, and the import bill is expected to exceed \$300 billion

iea

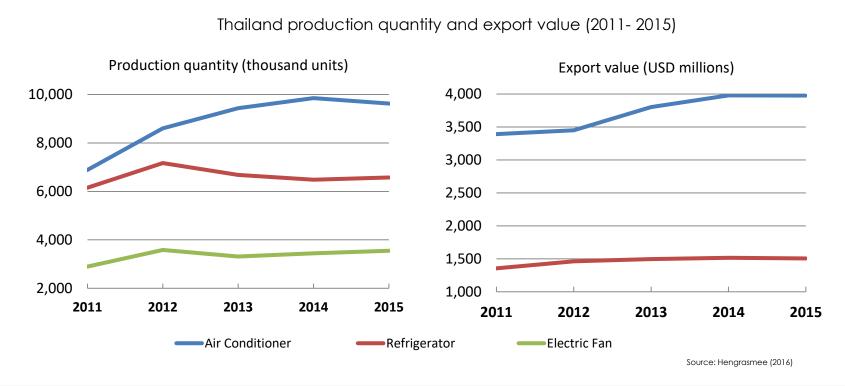
Cost of providing electricity access through off-grid solar PV, with and without efficient appliances, 2030



The use of efficient appliances reduces the amount of energy required to meet demand for energy services, reducing the cost of improving energy access

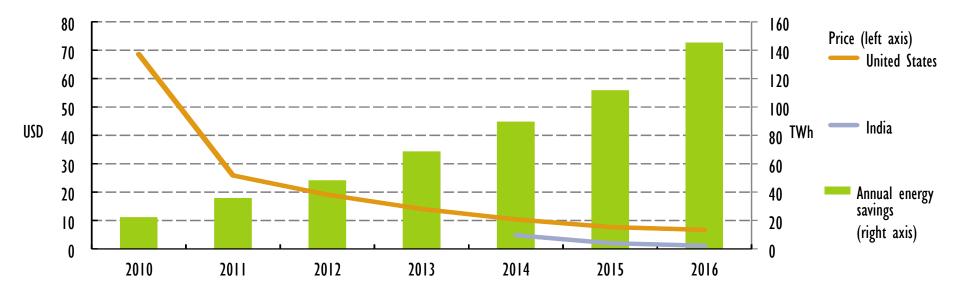
#### Energy Efficiency can drive industry development





The introduction of product efficiency standards in Thailand has increased the market for efficient products, leading to greater production and export value

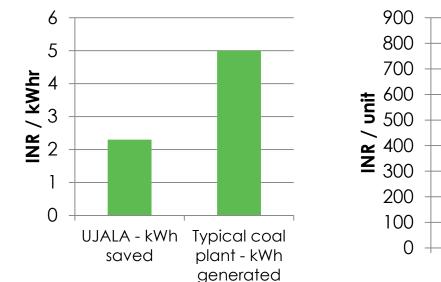
Global annual energy savings from efficient lighting and LED bulb prices



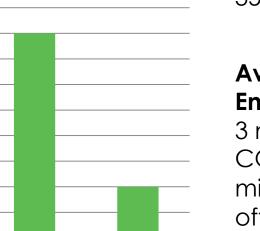
Falling LED prices boosted global investment to \$6 billion and generated incremental annual savings of 140 TWh



Wiser investment – less than 50%



Reduction of market prices for LED – 4-fold reduction in 4 years



2012

Jobs: Employment for 35,000 people

#### Avoided Emissions:

3 million tonnes of CO₂ a year or 2.7 million cars taken off the roads

UJALA ≡ Affordable LEDs and Appliances for All

2008



## Better light quality Poor visibility Before After

#### More energy use

Less energy use

Improved lighting has improved safety

Source: APEC, 2011 - Survey Report and Best Practice Guide for LED Street and Outdoor Lighting

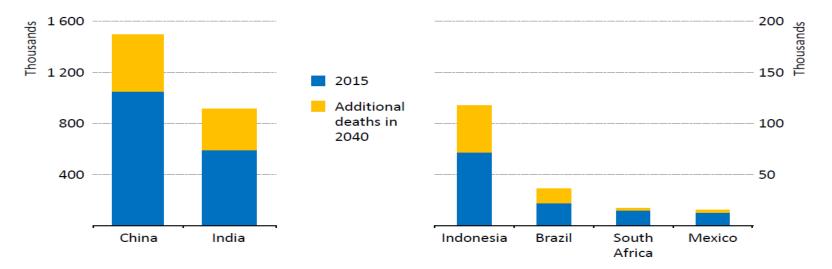
#### Energy Efficient Prosperity: Reduced air pollution





#### **Energy Efficient Prosperity: Improved health**

- Air pollution is the fourth largest risk to human health
- 3.5 million premature deaths are linked to energy poverty due to the use of biomass for cooking and kerosene for lighting
- 3 million premature deaths are linked to outdoor air pollution, mostly in cities

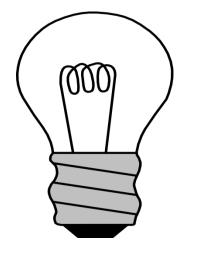


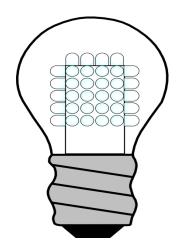
Source: World Energy Outlook Special Report on Energy and Air Pollution, IEA 2016



### **Energy Efficient Prosperity**







**Doing more** 

### Energy efficiency as an enabler?



#### **Sustainable Development Goals**





# www.iea.org #energyefficientworld



## Communication

### Strategies to support energy efficiency goals

Day 5

Mel Slade, Energy Efficiency in Emerging Economies, IEA

Jakarta, 20 July 2018

✓ #energyefficientworld

Materials produced in collaboration with Heather Worley, Senior Operations Officer, Energy Global Practice, World Bank Group



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



## **Conduct opinion research**

What does our audience think/feel?

Cy :

- Opinion surveys
- In-depth interviews
- Focus groups
- Literature and media review
- Stakeholder mapping
- Desk review of other agencies' opinion research

You should have a solid understanding of public opinion before you design a communication strategy

Which of the following concerns are the most important for the government to address?

- Energy Issues
- Poverty
- High Prices
- Environmental issues
- Jobs and Unemployment

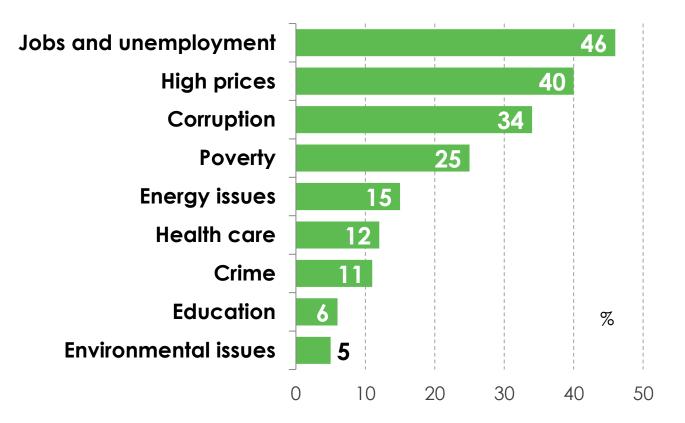
- Education
- Crime
- Health Care
- Corruption





#### Example: Employment and high prices are top concerns





Below is a list of concerns that some people may have about the energy sector. Which **two** of these concern you the most?

- The stealing of electricity by the public
- The public's lack of energy-saving efforts
- Reliability of electricity supply
- Privatisation of energy

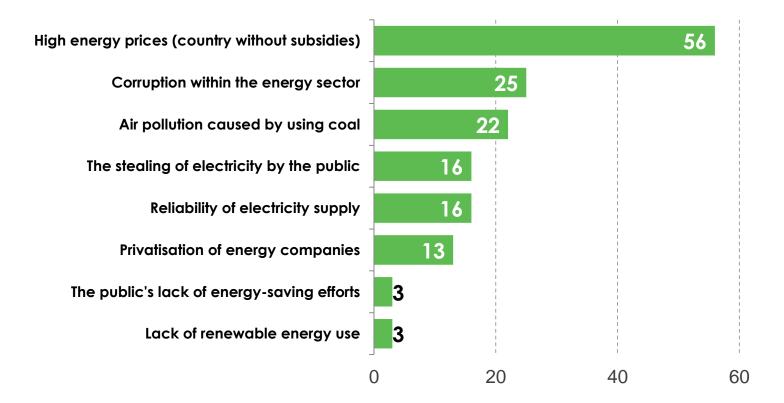
- Lack of renewable energy use
- High energy prices
- Corruption within the energy sector
- Air pollution caused by using coal





#### Example: Prices dominate energy concerns







#### **Research Shows**

- Understanding what motivates people and drives their behaviour is central to successful policy-making
- People will work harder to reinforce their existing positions than they will to change their minds
- People place more weight on the short-term than on the long-term effects of their decisions
- When people have something to lose they are more inclined to do something to prevent the loss
- Social incentives can be as effective as economic incentives

### Designing and Implementing a Strategy

iea 🙆

- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



## **Determine objectives**

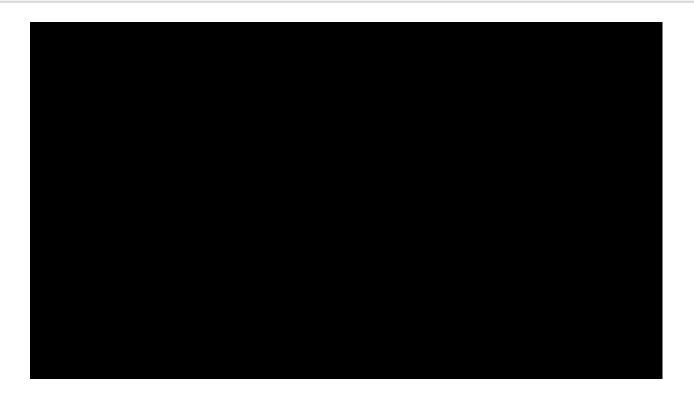
What do we want our audience to think/do?



- Objectives should be specific, achievable, and measurable
- Agreement should be reached among agencies about goals
- One year from now what type of behaviour would we like to see?

#### Thailand's 5-star labelling





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AlvzAUYOk7U

### Group activity

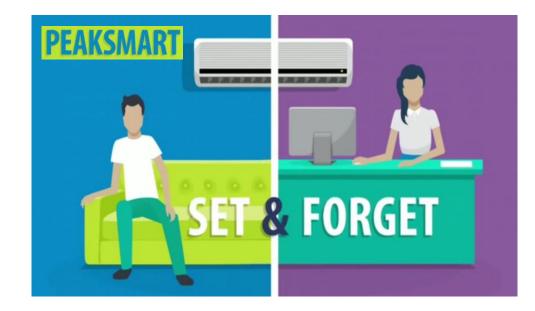


- What is the objective?
- Who is the target?

- Turn things off when they are not being used?
- Buy more efficient appliances?
- Use the washing machine during the night?
- Turn off air conditioners at peak times?







https://youtu.be/fQQYNMofG5w



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



## Design compelling messages

What do we want people to know/feel?

#### Example: India





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fJxpyqN1SPg



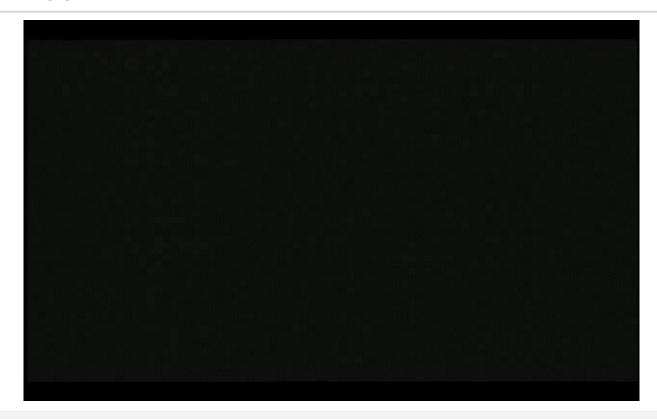
- What are the key messages?
- Who is the target?
- What principles do they appeal to?



- Develop clear, concise messages that are relevant to people's lives
- Messages should be relevant, unique, and reinforcing
- Appeal to principles equality, individualism, ideals about government, patriotism, frugality
- Source credibility and trust are key to receptivity your choice of spokesperson can make or break a campaign

#### **Example:** Philippines





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Sw01EezJb\_w&feature=youtu.be



- What are the key messages?
- Who is the target?
- What principles do they appeal to?



- Use your wits save your Watts!
- You have the Power!
- Lead by example
- There's no excuse with energy misuse



- ✓ Simple
- ✓ Concrete
- ✓ Credible
- $\checkmark$  Emotional
- $\checkmark$  Story telling

One of the worst things about having access to a lot of information is that we're tempted to share it all.



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



## Identify optimal channels

Where do people get trusted information?



- Word of Mouth
- Newspaper & Magazine
- Radio
- Television
- Internet

#### **Magazines**



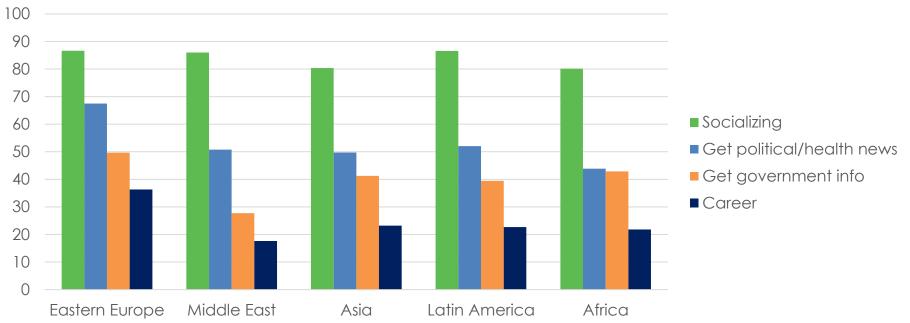


#### **Trimestral magazine**

#### Changing landscape for advertising



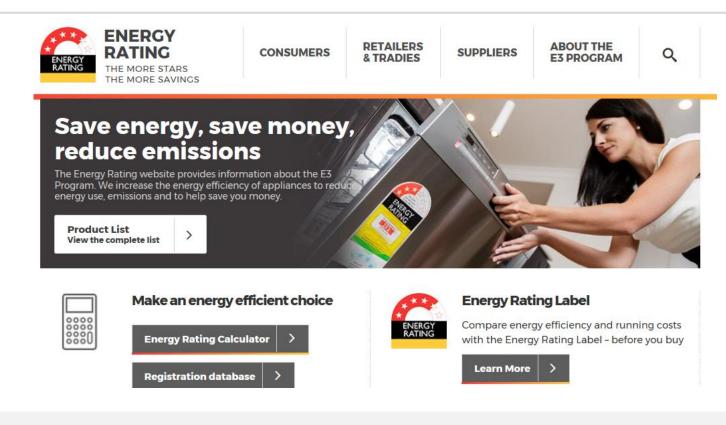




**Pew Research Center – Online Activities in Emerging and Developing Nations** 

#### Internet





Choosing the right appliance will have long-term benefits

#### China's Smartphone App





300,000 scans a day, 55 million users

#### Mobile Phones: QR Based Labelling, China





QR system helps consumer to understand what the label means and is also a platform for manufacturers and testers



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



### Assign spokespeople

Who is a credible deliverer of our messages?

#### Assign the right spokesperson?



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oEveH7ydevc

 What are the pros and cons of using celebrities for campaigns?



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



### Design and plan

Roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics?



- Be opportunistic and creative
- Plan high-impact communications activities
- Disciplined implementation is critical
  - Clear definition of roles and responsibilities
  - Clear and defined timeline and resourcing
- It's easy to write a communications strategy that looks persuasive on paper but implementing the strategy is a very different task and requires consistent attention
- Assess progress and changing circumstances regularly, don't be afraid to tweak as necessary



- Conduct opinion research (what does our audience think/feel?)
- Determine objectives (what do we want our audience to think/do?)
- Design compelling messages (what do we want people to know/feel?)
- Identify optimal channels (where do people get trusted information?)
- Assign spokespeople (who is a credible deliverer of our messages?)
- Design a plan (roles, responsibilities, timeline, resources, tactics)
- Set measurable goals (how will we know if we are succeeding?)



### Set measurable goals

How will we know if we are succeeding?



- Test awareness levels during survey or focus groups
- Identify indicators before you begin implementing the strategy (appliances sold, insulated homes, visits to energy efficiency website, amount of energy used)
- Outcomes: what happened as a result of what you did? Are people changing their behaviour?
- Outputs: actions that have been taken by your communications team, events held, tactical activities.
- Revisit your research: have opinions changed? Conduct a second survey after the campaign to (1) re-measure awareness levels; (2) track exposure to messages; (3) determine the reach and influence of your communication strategy

### A communications strategy is a process

iea 🙆

- Requires an up-to-date understanding of public opinion and stakeholders' needs
- Requires prioritisation and choices
- May have informational and attitudinal goals that require specific compelling messages
- May change along the way if political circumstances change, requires a nimble team



# www.iea.org #energyefficientworld