



NATURAL RESOURCES CANADA - INVENTIVE BY NATURE

# Climate Change Risks for the Canadian Energy Sector

IEA 6<sup>th</sup> Forum on the Climate-Energy Security Nexus  
June 7<sup>th</sup>, 2016

Mary Preville, Director General  
Earth Science Sector



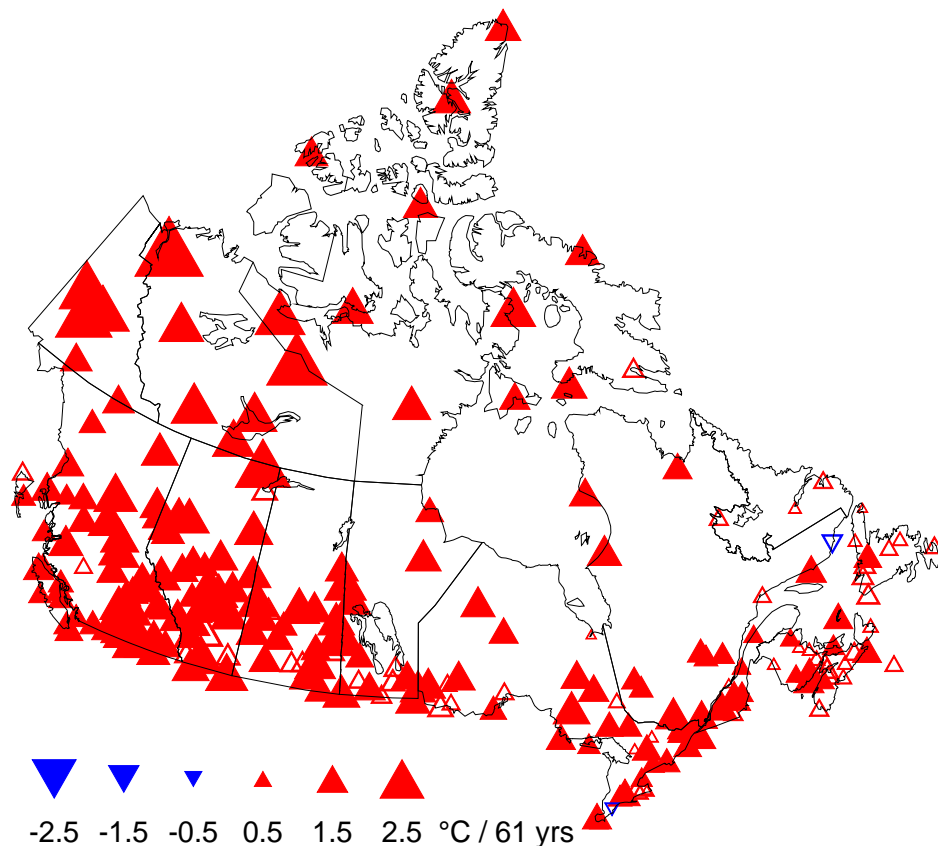
Natural Resources  
Canada

Ressources naturelles  
Canada

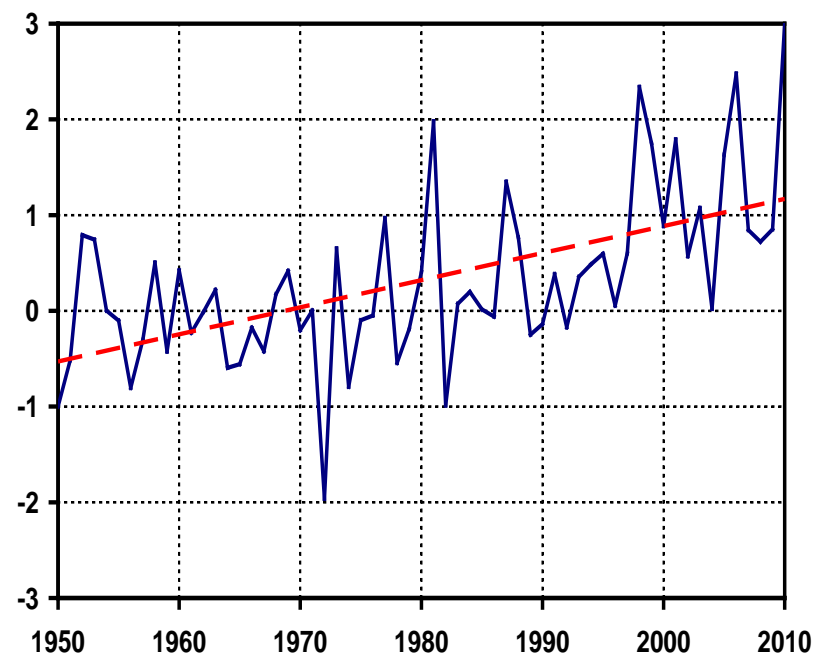
Canada

# Observed Temperature Changes

*Amount of warming varies across Canada*



*Warming trend of 1.5°C on average in Canada*



Annual mean temperature anomalies



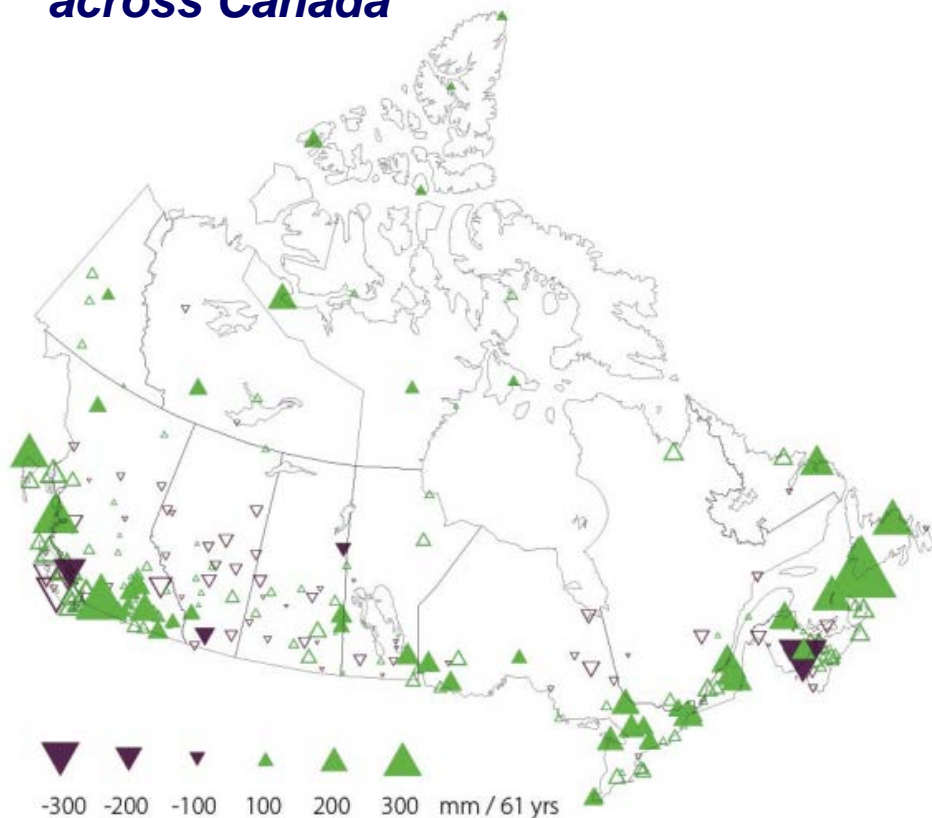
Natural Resources  
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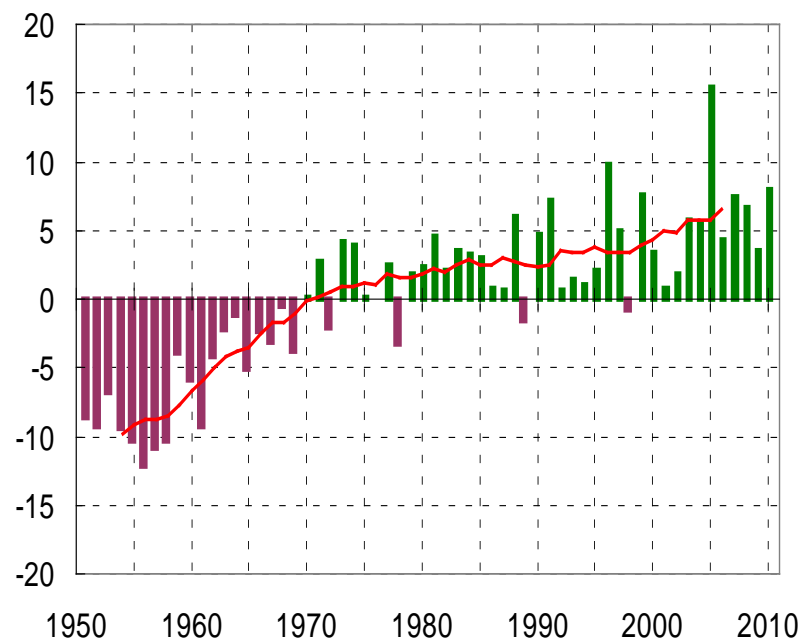
Canada

# Observed Precipitation Changes

*Precipitation changes vary across Canada*



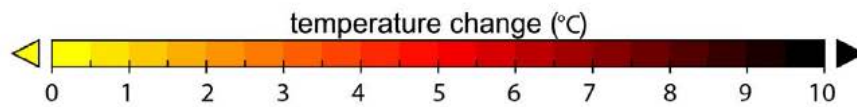
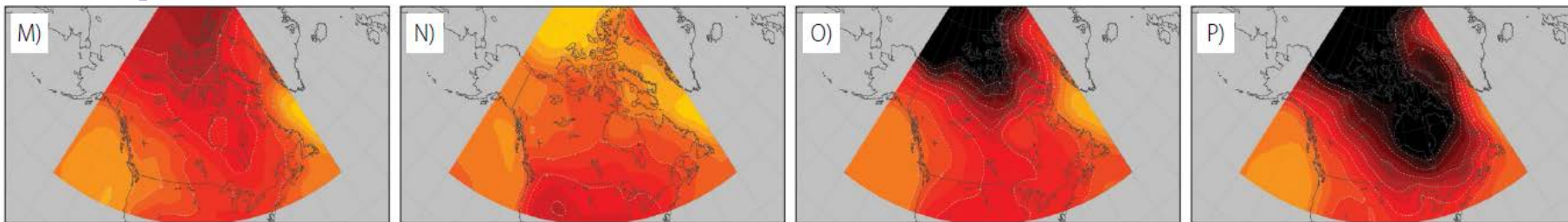
*Increasing Precipitation*



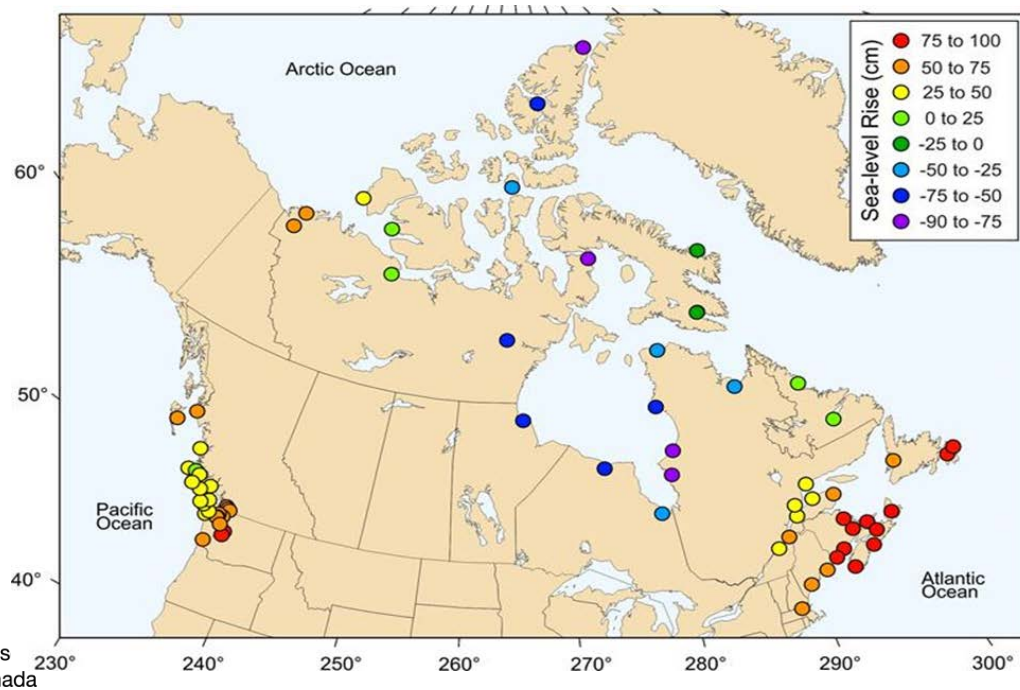
Annual total precipitation anomalies

# Projected Changes

## Temperature



## Sea Level





# Canada in a Changing Climate

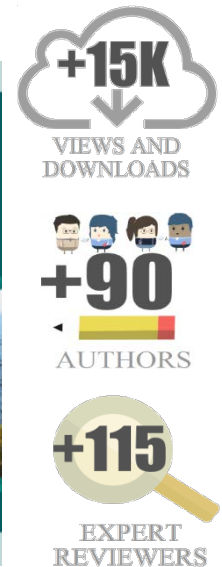
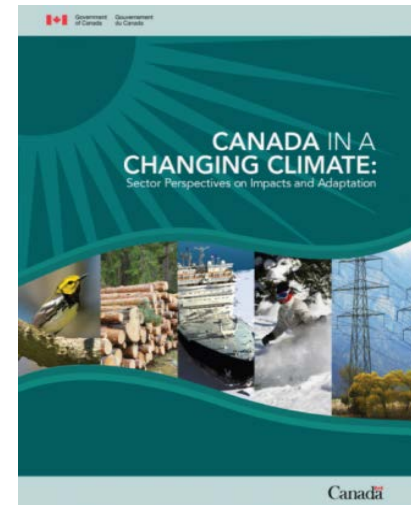
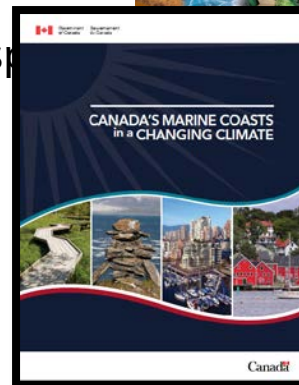
## Science Assessments

- 2014 - Canada in a Changing Climate - sectoral analysis of climate change impacts and adaptation.
- 2016 - Coastal Assessment and Transport Assessment (summer)

[www.adaptation.nrcan.gc.ca](http://www.adaptation.nrcan.gc.ca)

## Scientific Research

- Climate change related research and monitoring e.g. permafrost, forest fires, glaciers, aquifers, sea level and coastal erosion
- Development and application of remote sensing technologies.



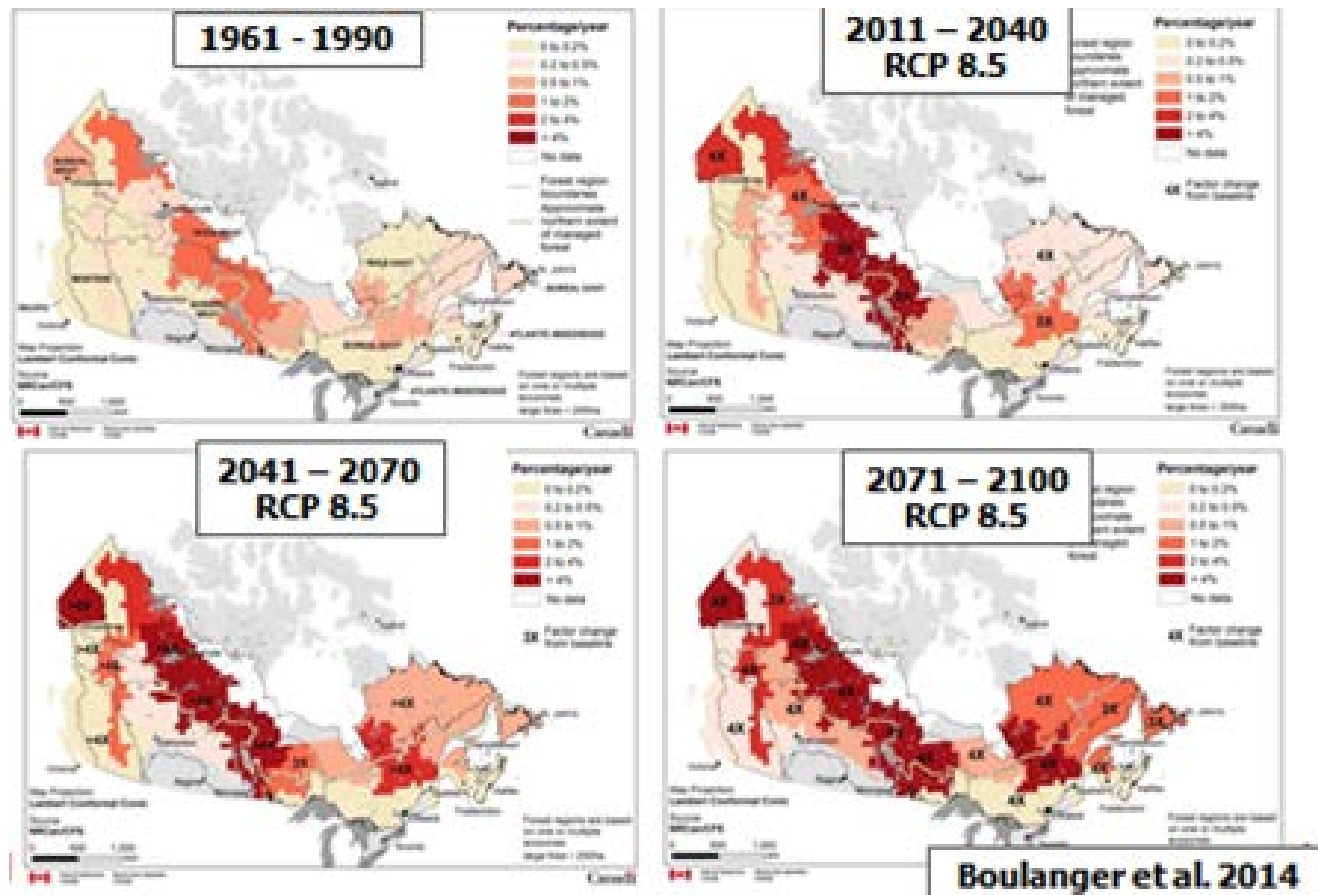
# Canada in a Changing Climate

## The Canadian Forestry Service's Research on Future Forest Fire Risk

Assess vulnerability of timber supply to increasing risks of wild fires across Canada

Mapping under different climate scenarios

- Future annual area burned
- Length of fire season
- Number of larger fires



Future annual area burned

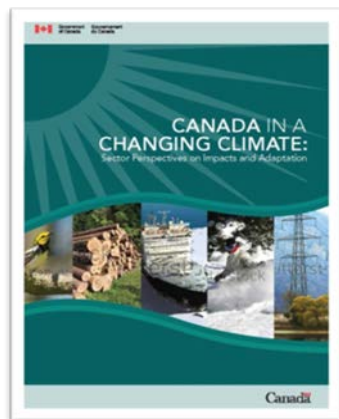


Natural Resources  
Canada

Ressources naturelles  
Canada

Canada

# Climate Change Impacts on the Energy Sector



## Extreme Weather



## Warmer Temperatures



## Water Availability



### DEMAND

- Increased peak electricity demand due to heat/cold waves
- Increased cooling demand;
- Decreased heating demand

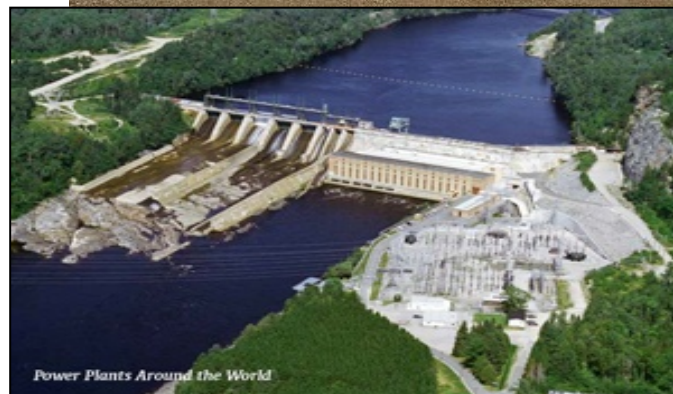
### SUPPLY

- Damage to production facilities;
- Disruption in supply change
- Cooling issues in thermal plants;
- Development in arctic
- Hydropower production;
- Water for oil and gas production

### TRANSMISSION

- Infrastructure damage due ice storms, landslides, etc.
- Reduced efficiency electricity transmission;
- Infrastructure damaged by permafrost thaw

# Why adapt? Reducing risks. Seizing Opportunities





# Canada's Adaptation Platform

Climate Change  
Impacts

Climate Change Impacts and  
Adaptation Program

Adaptation Outcomes

permafrost thawing

flooding

resilience of  
energy systems

coastal  
erosion

**Adaptation Platform Plenary**  
Chair, CCIAD/NRCAN

Economics

Coastal  
management

Science  
assessment

Northern

Measuring progress

Mining

Forestry

Energy

Infrastructure

Water and Climate  
Information

Agriculture

**Generating and sharing knowledge**

**Training Session: Infrastructure Climate  
Risk Assessment Using the PIEVC Protocol**



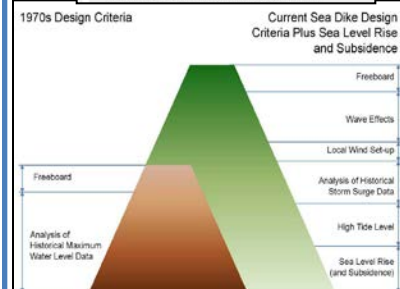
**Technical Circular T 0615**  
Date: June 22, 2015

**To:**

Executive Directors	Ministry Traffic & Highway Safety Engineers
Regional Directors	Ministry Environmental Engineers
Directors of Engineering Services	Ministry Electrical Engineers
District Managers	Operations, Planning & Major Projects
Ministry Structural Engineers	BCMoTI Maintenance Contractors
Ministry Geotechnical Engineers	BCMoTI Design Consultants
Ministry Highway Design & Survey Engineers	Field Services Branch

**Subject:** Climate Change and Extreme Weather Event Preparedness and Resilience in Engineering Infrastructure Design

**Training Session: Infrastructure Climate  
Risk Assessment Using the PIEVC Protocol**



# Adaptation Platform's Energy Working Group Projects

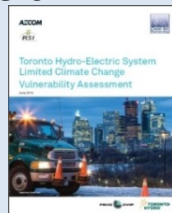
## Risk Assessments

### *Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment*

(Clean Air Partnership)

Assessment of climate change risks to electricity distribution infrastructure using Engineers Canada's PIEVC Protocol.

*Also Ontario's Transmission System*



### *Climate Risk Assessment for the Oil & Gas Sector in Northeastern British Columbia*

(Fraser Basin Council)

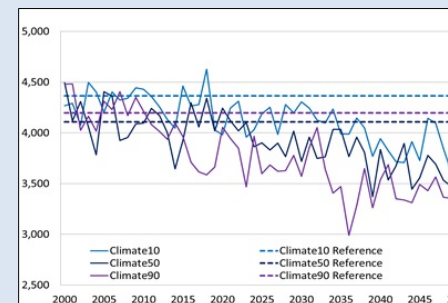
Comprehensive inventory of climate change risks and successful engagement with the oil and gas sector.



## Energy Demand

### *Integrating Changing Temperatures Trends into National and Regional Energy Demand Forecasts*

Main objective: to inform supply management and planning. Current estimations of future energy demand are done without considerations for the changing climate.



- National study with the ENERGY 2020 model (March 2016)
- Regional studies: Yukon, Quebec, British Columbia, Manitoba

# Adaptation Platform's Energy Working Group Projects

## Tools

*Advanced Decision Making Protocol - From Climate Change Scenarios to Decisions on Hydropower* (Ouranos)

Helps translate risks into financial terms to assess adaptation options. Case studies with Manitoba-Hydro & Hydro-Quebec.



## Best Practices

*Adaptation Case Studies in the Energy Sector, Overcoming Barriers to Adaptation* (Ouranos)

Fully documented cases studies from Canada and abroad, which are relevant to challenges faced by the Canadian energy sector.



## Dissemination

*The Adaptation Platform Webinar Series*

Since 20102 - Over 40 adaptation webinars. Video recordings available online.

([webinars.cullbridge.com/AdaptationPlatform](http://webinars.cullbridge.com/AdaptationPlatform))



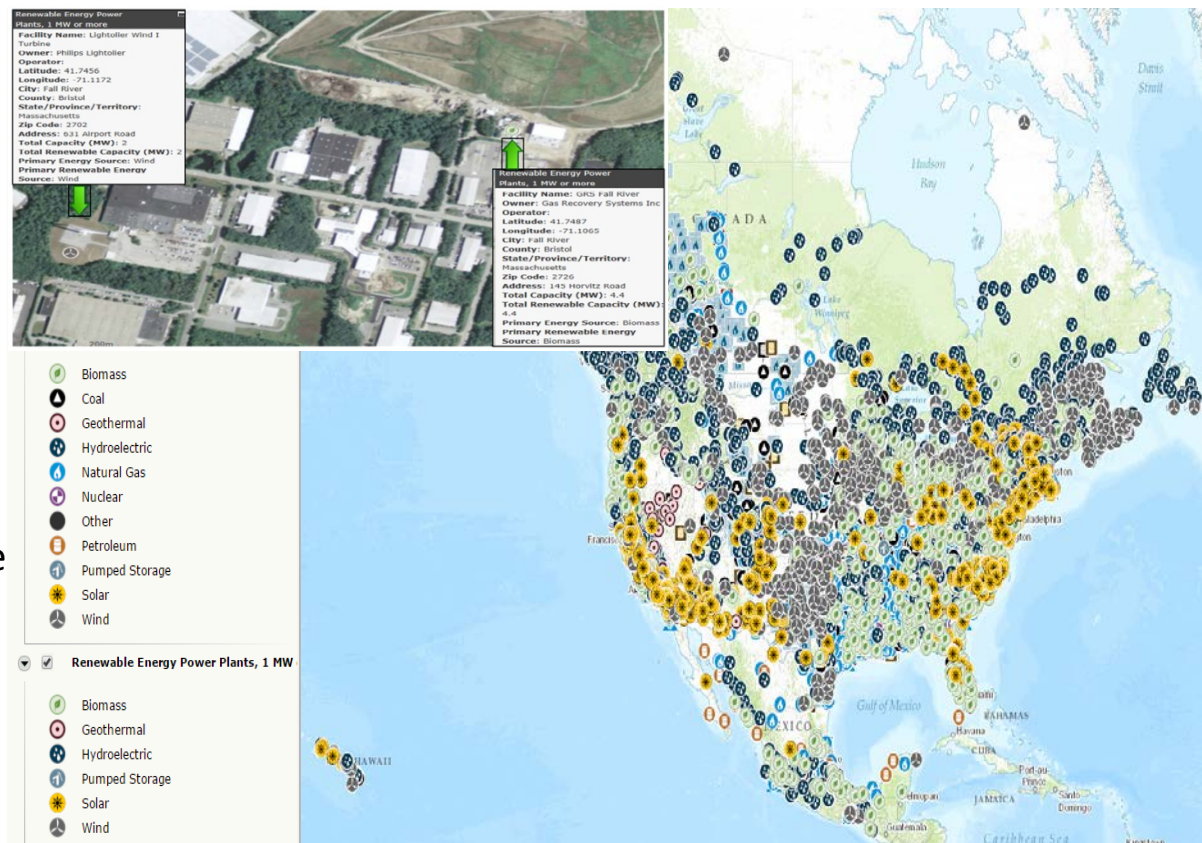
# Federal Initiatives to Address Climate Change Risks

## North American Cooperation on Energy Information (NACEI) CCMEO's Mapping of Energy Infrastructure

Developed maps for:

- Natural Gas Processing Plants
- Liquefied Natural Gas Import and Export Terminals
- Refineries and Upgraders
- Electric Power Plants
- Renewable Electric Power Plants

Interactive maps are available via new trilateral information website ([www.NACEI.org](http://www.NACEI.org)).





# Domestic Policy Context

- **Pan-Canadian Framework on Clean Growth and Climate Change**
- **Weather-related emergencies and natural disaster action plan**
- **Green infrastructure, incl. climate resilient infrastructure**
- **Investing in clean technology and supporting innovation**
- **Environmental assessment process review**
- **Modernizing the National Energy Board**
- **Sector/department-specific mandates and priorities**

