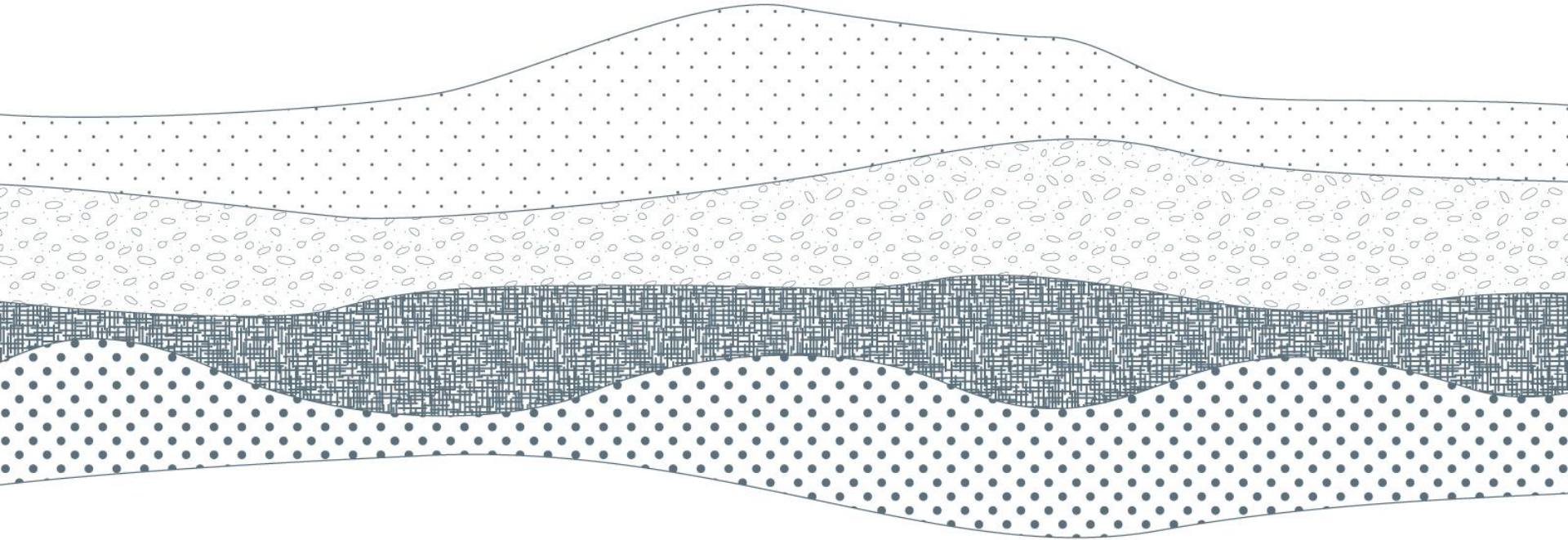




GLOBAL
CCS
INSTITUTE



CCS PROJECT DEVELOPMENTS

Ian Havercroft, Senior Advisor – CCS Regulations
4th IEA International CCS Regulatory Network Meeting

WWW.GLOBALCCSINSTITUTE.COM

The Global CCS Institute

The Institute works collaboratively to build and share the expertise necessary to ensure that CCS can make a significant impact towards reducing the world's greenhouse gas emissions.

FACT-BASED ADVOCACY:

- using facts to inform and influence domestic and international low carbon policies;
- supporting the commercialisation of CCS by advancing the understanding of appropriate funding and financing solutions and risk regimes; and
- increasing the awareness of the benefits of CCS and the role it plays within a portfolio of low carbon technologies.

ASSISTING PROJECTS:

- bridging knowledge gaps between demonstration efforts; and
- developing project specific solutions particularly amongst early movers.

SHARING KNOWLEDGE:

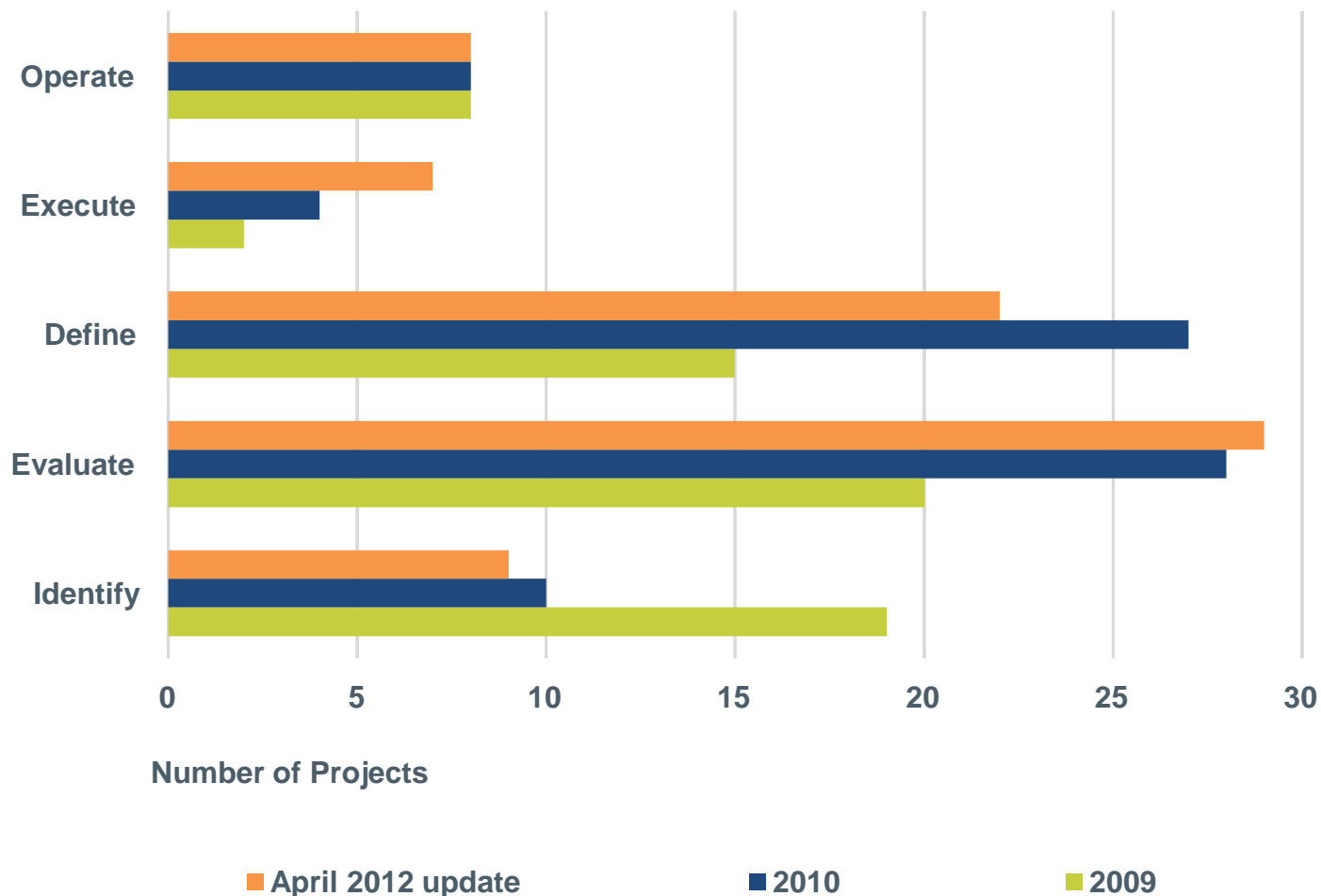
- collecting information to create a central repository for CCS knowledge; and
- analysing and disseminating information to fill knowledge gaps and build capacity.

GLOBAL STATUS OF CCS

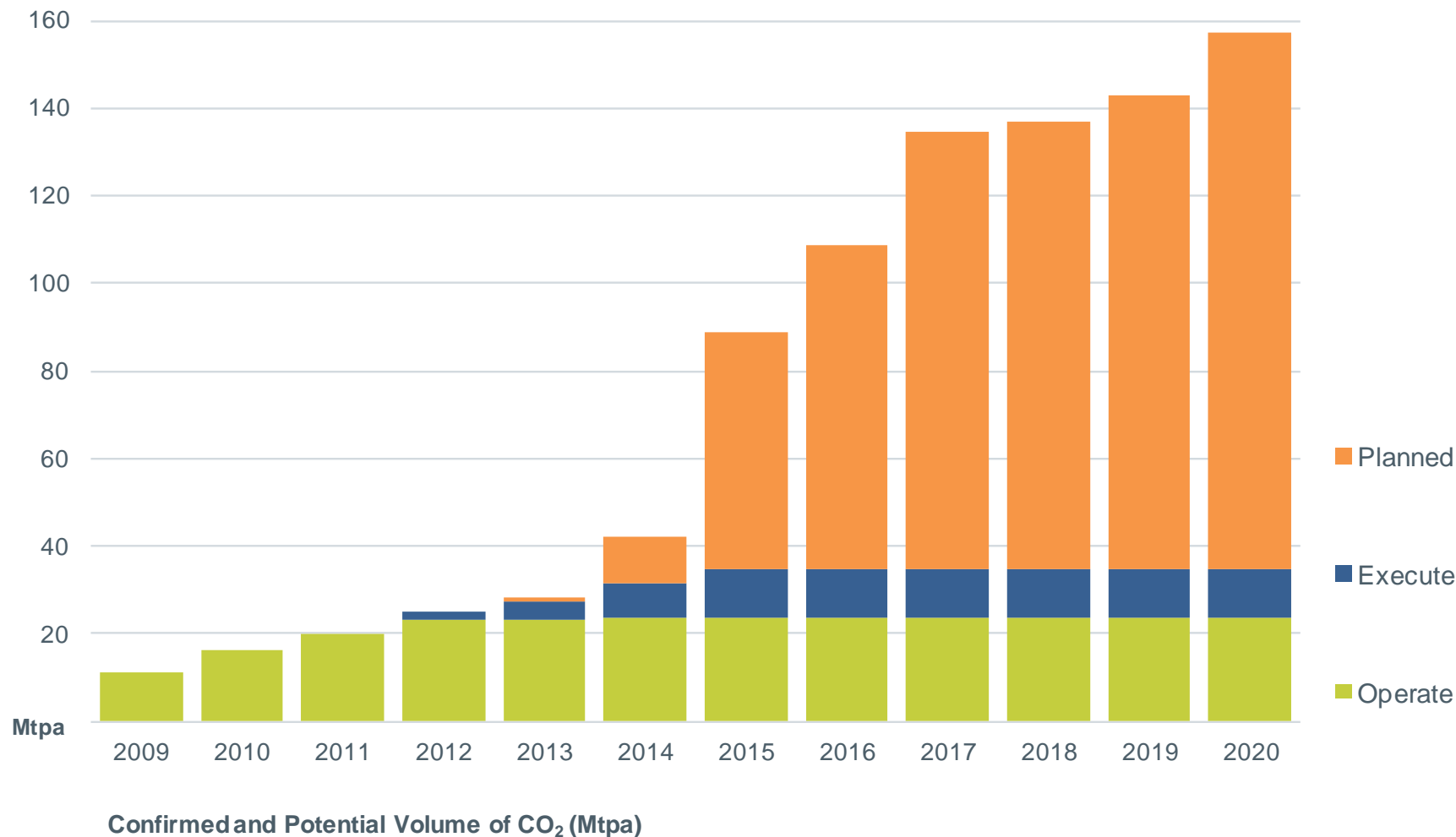


- Focus on Large Scale Integrated Projects
- 400kt/year or more CO₂ capture for industrial plants, 800kt+/year for electricity plants
- All aspects of CCS chain included

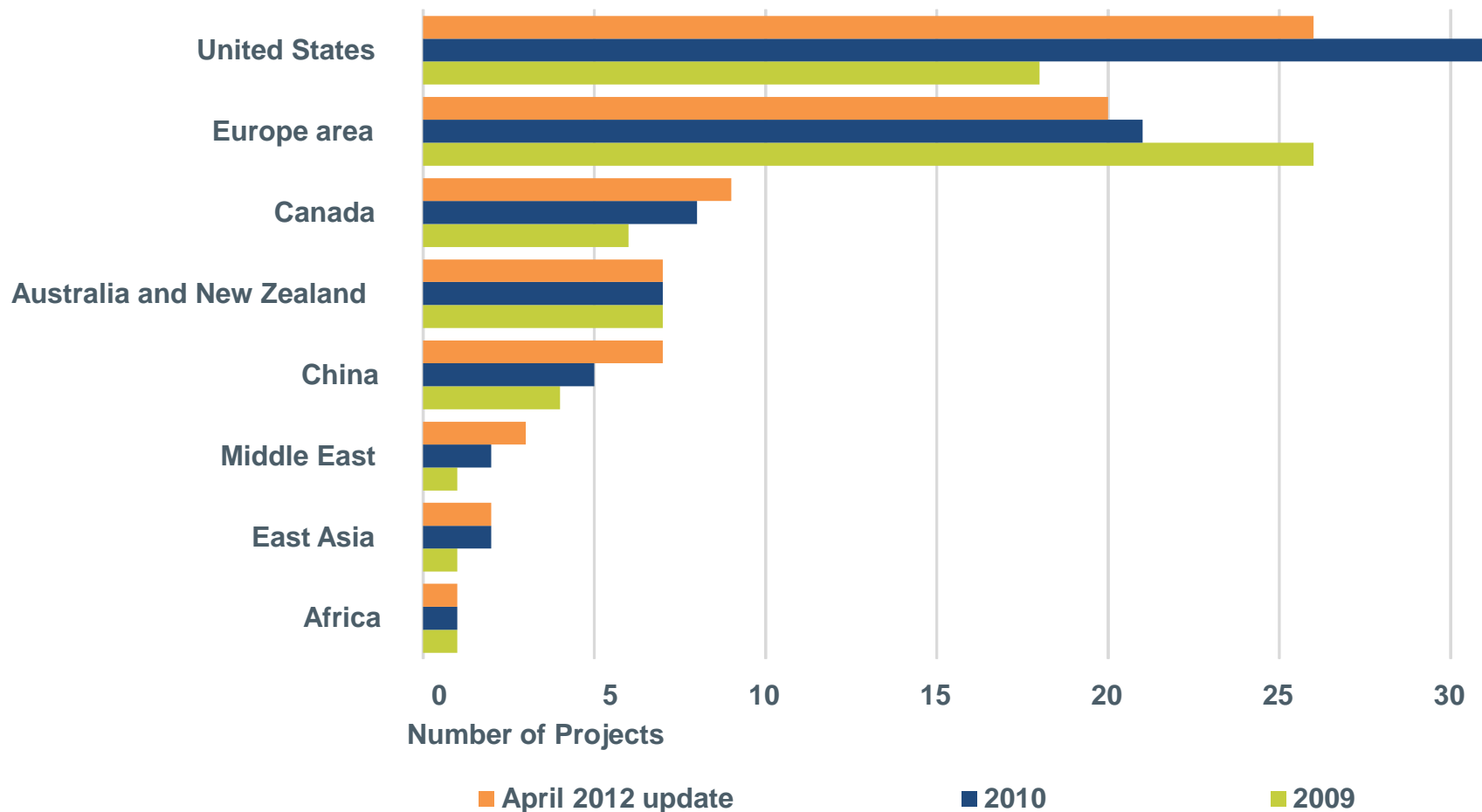
MEASURED PROGRESS OF LARGE-SCALE INTEGRATED PROJECTS SINCE 2009



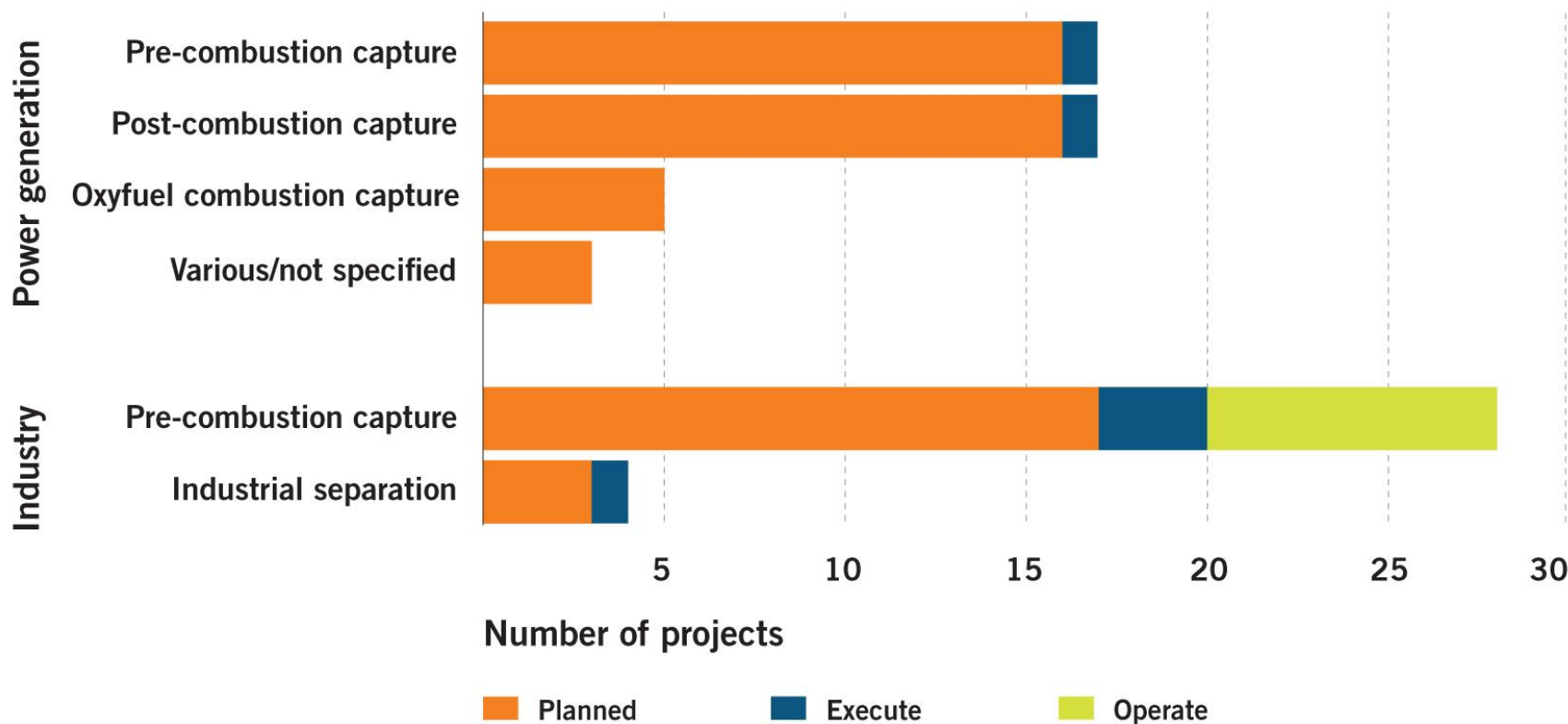
PROJECT DEPLOYMENT TIMEFRAMES INDICATE NEXT FEW YEARS CRUCIAL



PROJECT NUMBERS CONCENTRATED IN THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE



PROJECTS ARE SPREAD ACROSS TECHNOLOGIES



CONFIRMED PROJECTS					
PROJECT NAME	LOCATION	CAPTURE TYPE	VOLUME CO ₂ (Mtpa)	STORAGE TYPE	START DATE
In operation					
Shute Creek Gas Processing Facility	United States	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	7	EOR	1986
Sleipner CO ₂ Injection	Norway	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	1 (+ 0.2 in construction)	Deep saline formation	1996
Val Verde Natural Gas Plants	United States	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	1.3	EOR	1972
Great Plains Synfuels Plant & Weyburn-Midale	US/ Canada	Pre-combustion (synfuels)	3	EOR	2000
Enid Fertilizer Plant	United States	Pre-combustion (fertiliser)	0.7	EOR	1982
In Salah CO ₂ Storage	Algeria	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	1	Deep saline formation	2004
Snøhvit CO ₂ Injection	Norway	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	0.7	Deep saline formation	2008
Century Plant	United States	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	5 (+ 3.5 in construction)	EOR	2010
In construction					
Lost Cabin Gas Plant	United States	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	1	EOR	2012
Air Products Steam Methane Reformer EOR Project	United States	Pre-combustion (hydrogen production)	1	EOR	2012
Illinois Industrial Carbon Capture and Sequestration (ICCS)	United States	Industrial (ethanol production)	1	Deep saline formation	2013
Boundary Dam with CCS Demonstration	Canada	Post-combustion (power)	1	EOR	2014
Agrium CO ₂ Capture with ACTL	Canada	Pre-combustion (fertiliser)	0.6	EOR	2014
Kemper County IGCC Project	United States	Pre-combustion (power)	3.5	EOR	2015
Gorgon Carbon Dioxide Injection Project	Australia	Pre-combustion (gas processing)	3.4 - 4	Deep saline	2015

PROGRESS IS BEING MADE ...

- CCS projects are operating today, in a number of industries and a number of countries
 - often when carbon capture is already part of the industrial process and where already well explored storage locations are available
 - and often based on EOR, which provides a value on CO₂
- More projects are entering construction and operation
- Two large scale power station CCS projects are now under construction, along with others in other industries.

... BUT A NUMBER OF CHALLENGES REMAIN

- Overall number of projects static and development behind targets
- High profile failures and cancellations, with many pointing to a lack of adequate policy support
- Continuing issues with public acceptance of CCS, despite proven nature of individual components
- Regulations in some countries pushing electricity generation to gas – without CCS

KEY MESSAGES

- CCS remains a key technology for GHG mitigation
- Momentum cannot afford to stall if long term GHG targets are to be met
- Planning and execution takes time; all elements of CCS projects must be carefully integrated
- Further policy action is vital
 - Projects need adequate policy support if they are to proceed and demonstrate the potential of the technology



www.globalccsinstitute.com