

# High Efficiency, Low Emissions Coal-fired Power Generation

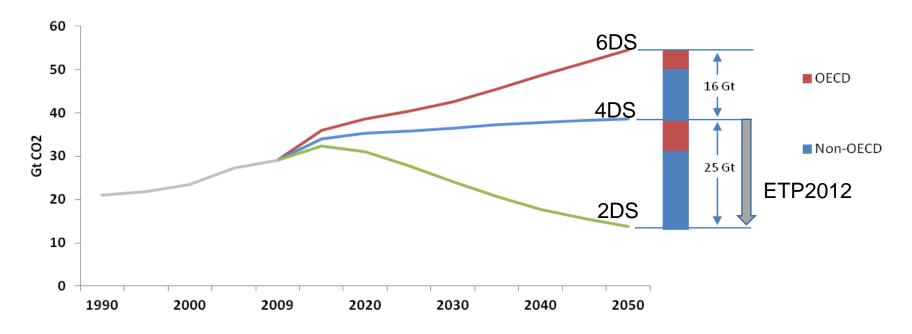
**Upcoming IEA Technology Roadmap** 

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International Energy Agency



## Goal: To keep global temperature increase to 2C by 2050

- Achieving the 2DS will require contributions from all sectors.
- What does it mean for coal power generation?



6DS; Current trends continue. No new policies.

4DS; Accelerated energy efficiency.

2DS; A scenario to be achieved.

DS: Degree Scenario



#### To achieve 2DS is a big challenge for coal

- Halving coal consumption from current level is needed to achieving the 2DS.
- However, near-term projection of coal consumption is close to 6DS.

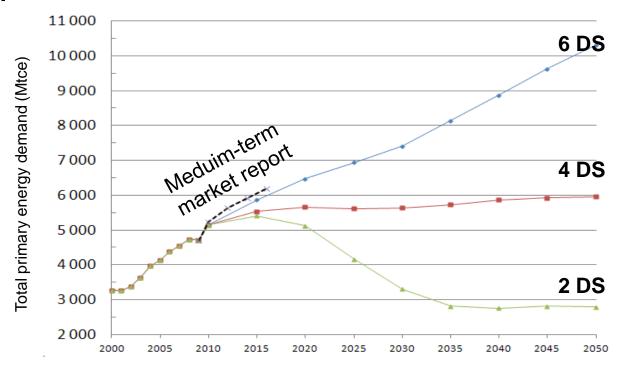


Fig. Total primary energy demand for coal (Mtce)



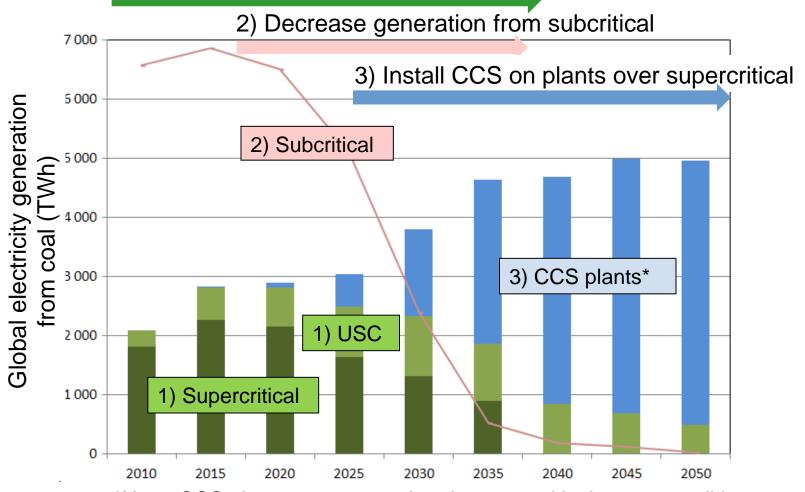
### **Targets and Actions**

- 8 Gt reduction in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions is required from coal power generation by 2050
- Reduction of electricity demand from coal by 40% by 2050 about 3800TWh.
- This corresponds to 3.8Gt of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction (CO<sub>2</sub> emissions is estimated based on the current average level of CO<sub>2</sub> intensity factor in coal-fired power plants (1000gCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh)
- Additional 4 Gt of CO<sub>2</sub> reductions is needed through efficiency improvement and CCS
- Efficiency improvements can lead to about 1Gt of CO<sub>2</sub> emission reductions and can be achieved by
  - Reducing electricity from inefficient coal-fired plants,
  - Deploying higher efficient plants over supercritical
- CCS will have to deliver around 3Gt of CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction in 2050



#### Raise efficiency, then deploy CCS

- CO<sub>2</sub> abatement in 2DS can be achieved by following steps;
  - 1) Increase generation from plants over supercritical



\*Note; CCS plants are operated under supercritical steam conditions or better in 2DS.