

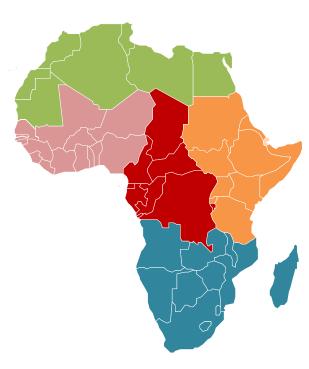
World Energy Outlook 2016

Insights on Africa

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A continent poor in energy supply

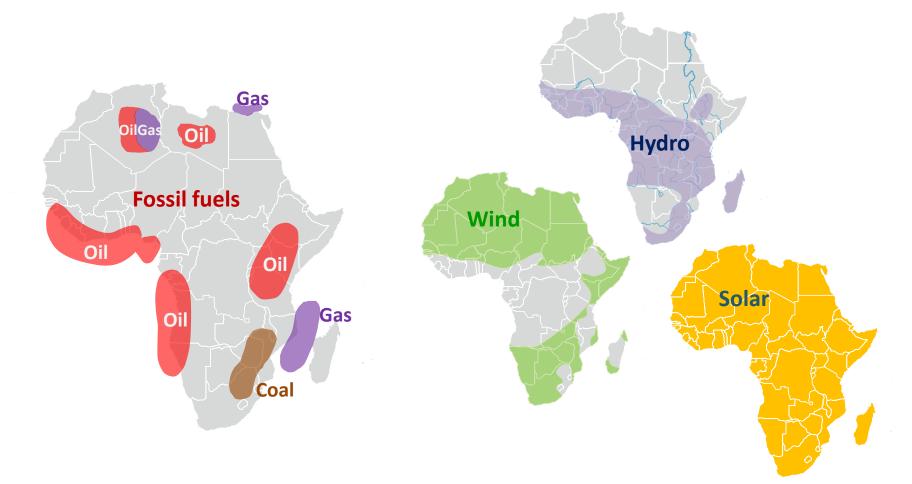
	Electricity access	Clean cooking access	Mortality rate from indoor air pollution	
	2014	2014	Deaths per 100,000 capita, 2012	
North	98%	98%	3	
West	42%	18%	73	
Central	33%	15%	199	
East	25%	10%	44	
Southern	46%	40%	49	



Energy poverty remains a fundamental barrier to human and economic development

... but rich in resources



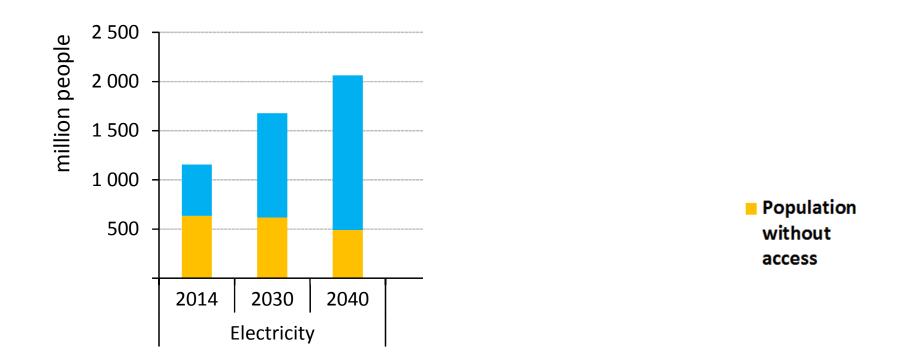


In recent years, there have been major oil & gas discoveries in Africa; the region has vast untapped renewables potential

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Access to modern energy in Africa

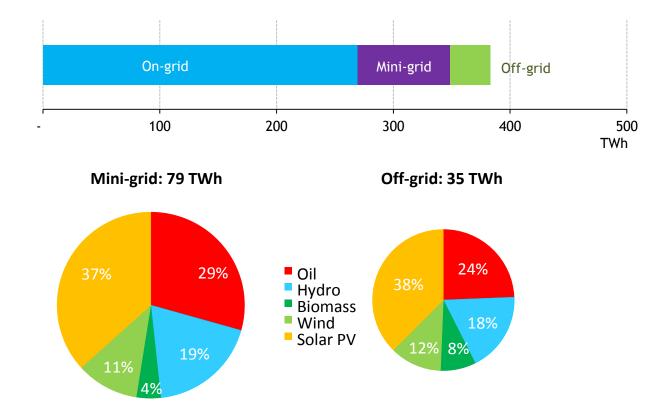


Hundreds of millions remain without access in 2040, despite growing momentum and the population with electricity tripling

Achieving universal electricity access



Africa electricity generation for achieving universal access to electricity, 2040



The path to power will vary across and within African countries and renewables can play a major part in the solution

In conclusion



- Energy is a cornerstone of sub-Saharan strategies for development and economic growth
- Energy reforms in progress and market activity increasing, but still a long way to go; partnerships with other governments, companies and civil society can pay big dividends
- Africa is not yet on track to achieving SDG7, but signs of increasing momentum are encouraging
- The shortest route to power is a combination of regional and national level grid projects, and local mini- and off- grid projects
- WEO-2017 will have a special focus on energy and development