

STEP up! - German tendering scheme for electrical energy efficiency

Experiences, challenges and further development

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Background

- In December 2014 the German government adopted the National Action Plan on Energy Efficiency (NAPE), which
 - describes a package of efficiency measures across sectors
 - aims for GHG reduction of approx. 25-30 million tonnes of CO_2 -equivalent by 2020



- An important NAPE measure is STEP up!:
 - a competitive tendering scheme for electrical energy efficiency
 - developed based on Swiss ProKilowatt programme
 - started in June 2016; for the pilot phase (2016 2018) budget of 300 million Euro available
 - 2 tendering rounds per year: in spring and in autumn







STEP up! at a glance

Subject of funding and funding approach

- Subject of funding are investments in electrical efficiency measures by companies at their own or their clients' assets
- Competitive funding approach: Funding will be awarded to bids for measures with the most economic cost-benefit ratio (Euro funding per saved kWh).

Requirements for application

- Eligible for funding are all companies based in Germany
- Compliance with tender criteria:
 - Pay back period related to electricity costs > 3 y., with economic lifetime of technical investment of at least 10 years
 - Maximum admissible cost-benefit ratio
 - Max./min. limits for funding being applied for

"From application of power-saving components to systemic optimisation of processes "

- Subsidy for investment in measures improving electrical energy efficiency
- Funding according to GBER (EU): up to 30% of extra investment costs necessary to achieve higher level of energy efficiency
- Type and Rate of funding

- Opportunity to let the market search for the most cost-efficient, feasible savings of electrical energy efficiency
- Until 2020 saving of up to 3 Mt CO₂-Equivalent

Idea and target of STEP up!



Types of tenders and project categories

Options for projects: 2 types of tenders, 2 project categories

Open tender

- Open to all types of technologies and sectors
- Individual as well as collection projects

Individual projects

 Implementation of efficiency measures within the company of the applicant

Closed tender

- Focused on specific sectors or technologies with known high potentials and constraints
- Eligibility for funding limited to those technologies or sectors

Collection projects

 The applicant coordinates the implementation of several similar efficiency measures at third parties



Experiences of the 1st tendering round

General observations

- Considerable interest of companies, sector associations and energy service providers on STEP up!
- However, given the novelty of the programme and the innovative funding approach certain concerns on applicants' side exist

Results of the first round

- Modest number of project applications /bids (19)
- Individual projects show broad range in terms of project size and branches covered
- Collection projects focused on consumer products (white goods) for private households



Main Challenges

- Funding rate is not sufficiently attractive for companies
 - In contrast to the Swiss ProKilowatt programme STEP up! falls under EU state aid regulation: eligible costs are max. 30% of the *extra* investment costs necessary to achieve the higher level of energy efficiency (art. 38 GBER)
 - Challenge to specify the amount of costs related to the achievement of the higher level of energy efficiency for complex efficiency projects
 - Receipt of potential funding might not outweigh costs and efforts for participating in tendering process and the duty to furnish proof of the (measured) electricity savings
- Given novelty and complexity of the tendering scheme significant need for communication measures and training potential applicants on STEP up!



Outlook

Timeline

- Currently 2nd round: 01.10.2016 31.01.2017
- For the rest of the pilot period (until end of 2018):
 - Two tendering rounds per year (spring and autumn)

Further development

- Exploring different options how to improve attractiveness of the tendering scheme (e.g. simpler application process, better support of potential bidders)
- Intensifying communication measures to increase degree of programme's awareness
- Broadening the scope: To date, limitation to electricity; prospectively, extension to heat

