



Dunkirk district cluster, an EPOS demo site.

IEA Global Technology Roadmap for Iron and Steel

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20/11/2017 - Paris

$$\frac{\partial f_{i,j}(\vec{x}, \vec{c})}{\partial x_i} = \sum_{k \neq i} c_{k,j}$$

The right formula
for the steels of the future

R&D
STEEL

ArcelorMittal Dunkirk: France's biggest integrated iron and steel plant

- Built in 1962
- More than 3 000 employees
- Products: **steel slabs** and **steel coils**
- Annual capacity: **7 Mt of slabs** and **4.5 Mt of coils**

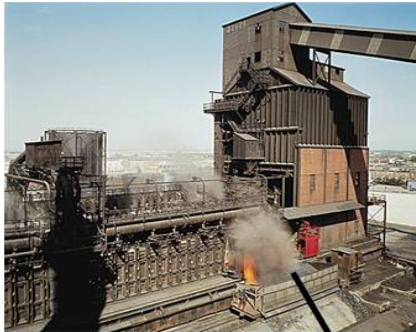




ArcelorMittal

ArcelorMittal Dunkirk site description

1 Coke plant



**3 Convertors
3 Ladle Treatments
3 Continuous Castings**



3 Blast Furnaces



1 Hot Rolling Mill



2 Sinter plants



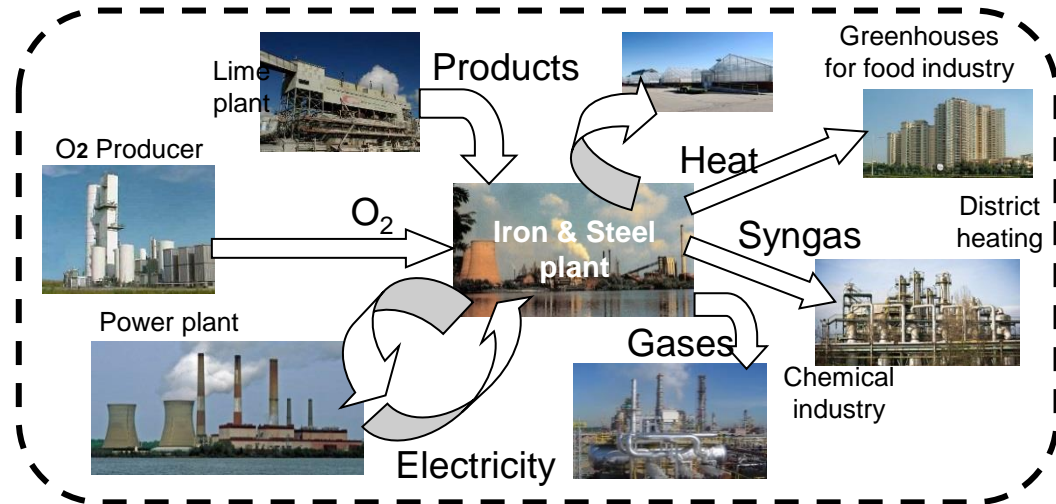
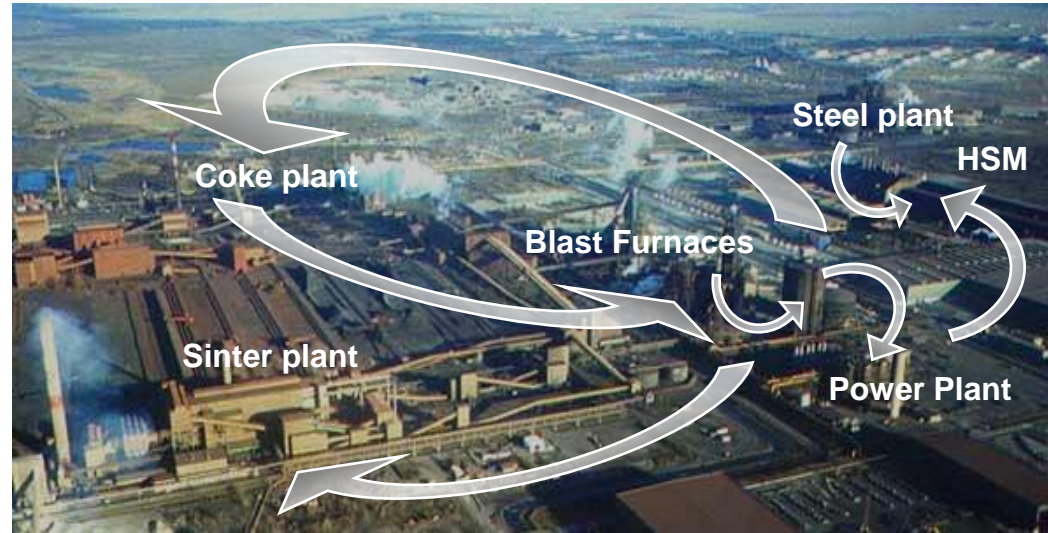


ArcelorMittal

Interest of Industrial Synergies for ArcelorMittal

We already have a global view and optimisation of energy flows inside the plant,

To continue improving our efficiency, we must now consider the whole plant in its environments (including possible synergies with Power Plant, but also with Gas manufacturers, external valorisation of waste heats, gases and water).



EPOS: Efficiency and Performance in process industry Operations via onsite and cross-sectorial Symbiosis

- Validate IS in process industry
 - in & across sectors
- EPOS: 5 global process industries from 5 key relevant sectors:



plus: 5 highly R&I minded SMEs
2 excellent science institutes



belsim

cimar



KORONA
POWER ENGINEERING



ArcelorMittal



ArcelorMittal



Building a better future



THE WORD FOR CHEMICALS

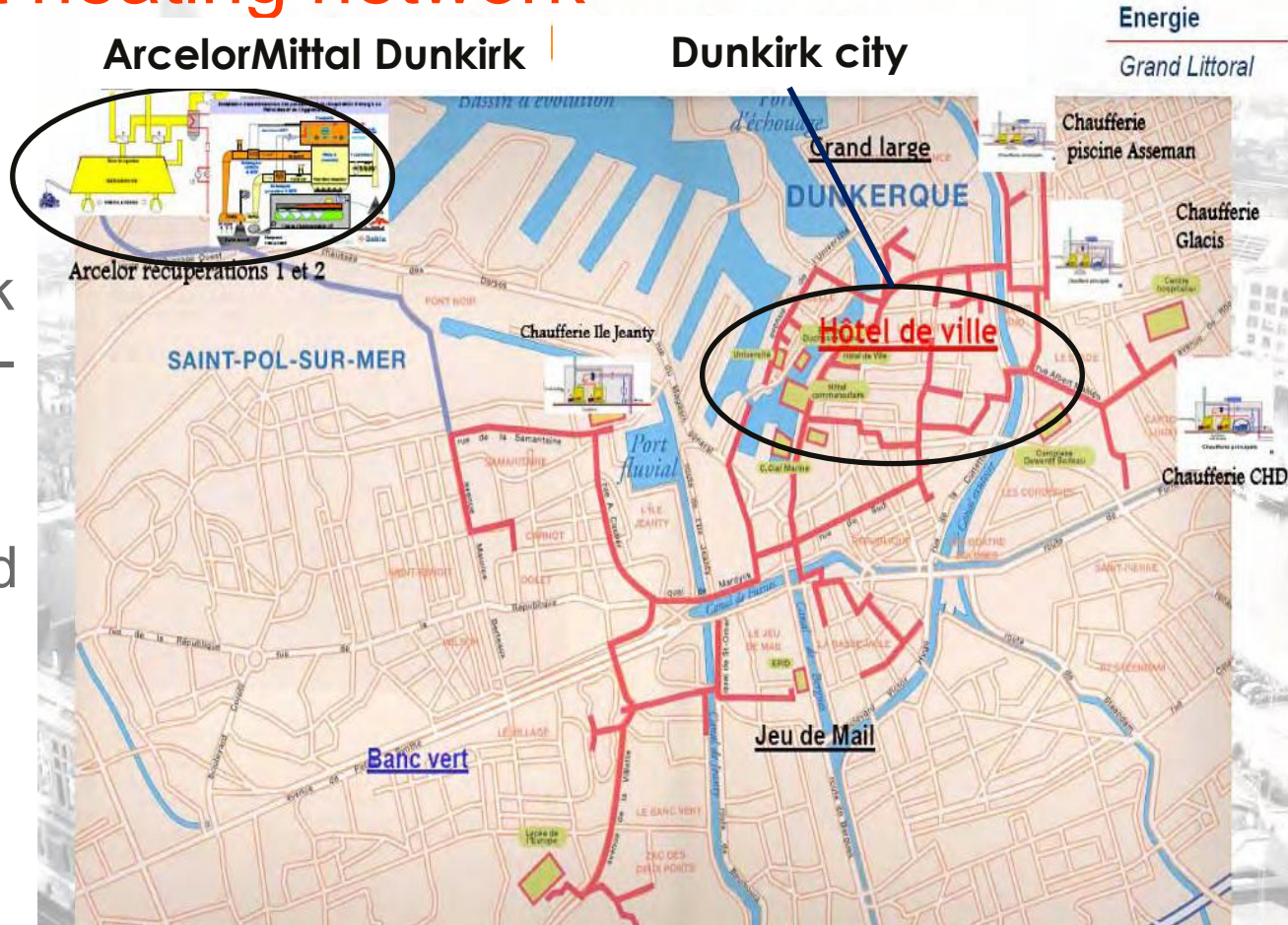


Steel partner: ArcelorMittal



Dunkirk district heating network

- Installed in 1985
- 2nd largest network in the Nord-Pas-de-Calais region
- 100 MW of installed power
- 40 km of pipelines
- 3 km between AM and district network



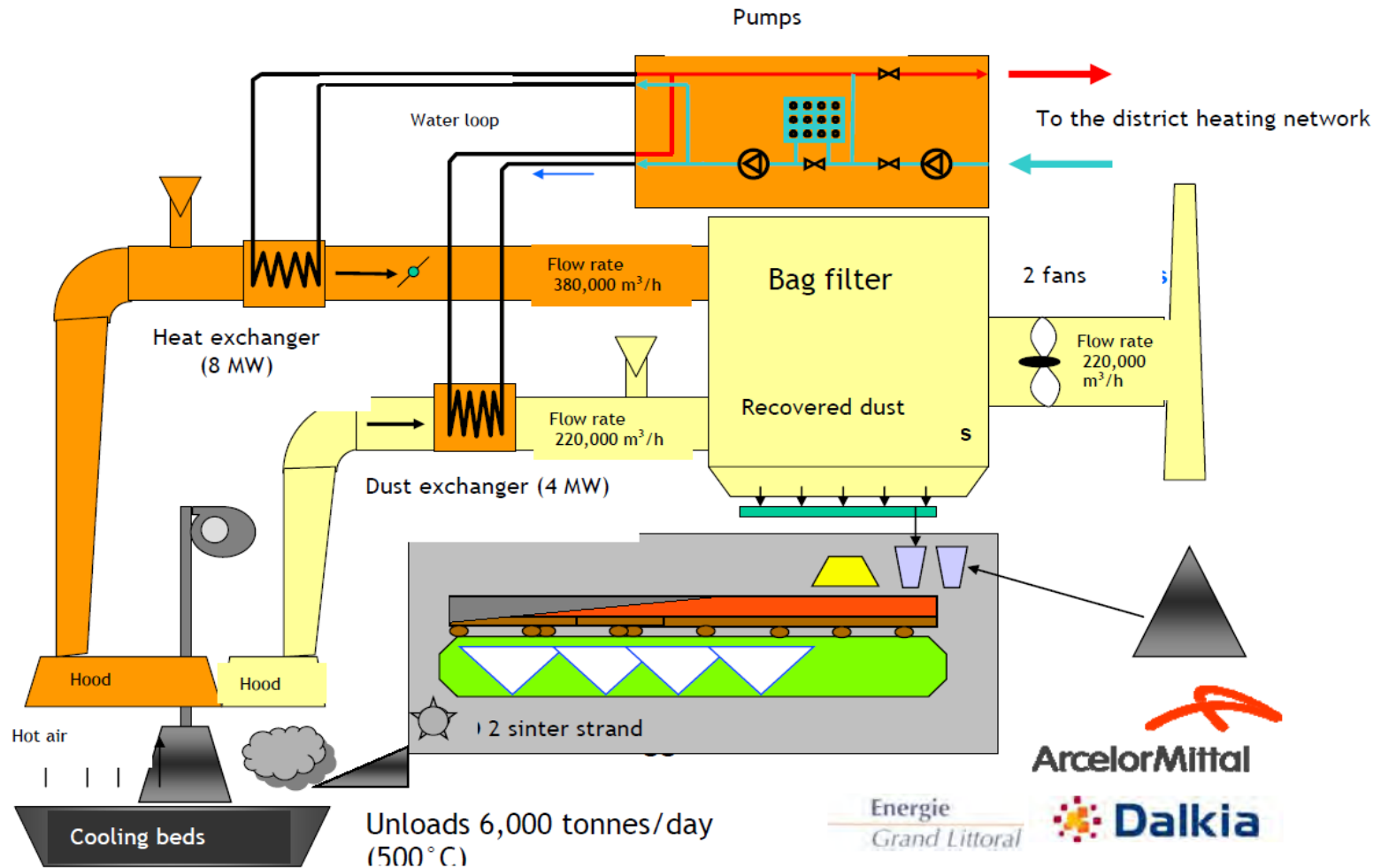
District heating network in Dunkirk



Dunkirk District heating – Creation Context

Stakeholder	Main Needs & Motivations
ArcelorMittal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Improve relationship</u> with neighbouring• <u>Reduce dust emission</u>
CUD (Dunkirk Urban Community)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Political will to combat <u>energy insecurity</u> (short to long term)• Global strategy for <u>GHG emission reduction</u> and raise of <u>renewable energies</u> in the energy-mix.• Be <u>independent from fossil fuels</u>
Utility provider	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Create new local <u>business</u>
Consumers	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Get <u>minimised</u> and <u>controlled</u> energy <u>prices</u>

AM Dunkirk district heating connection





ArcelorMittal

AM Dunkirk district heating connection

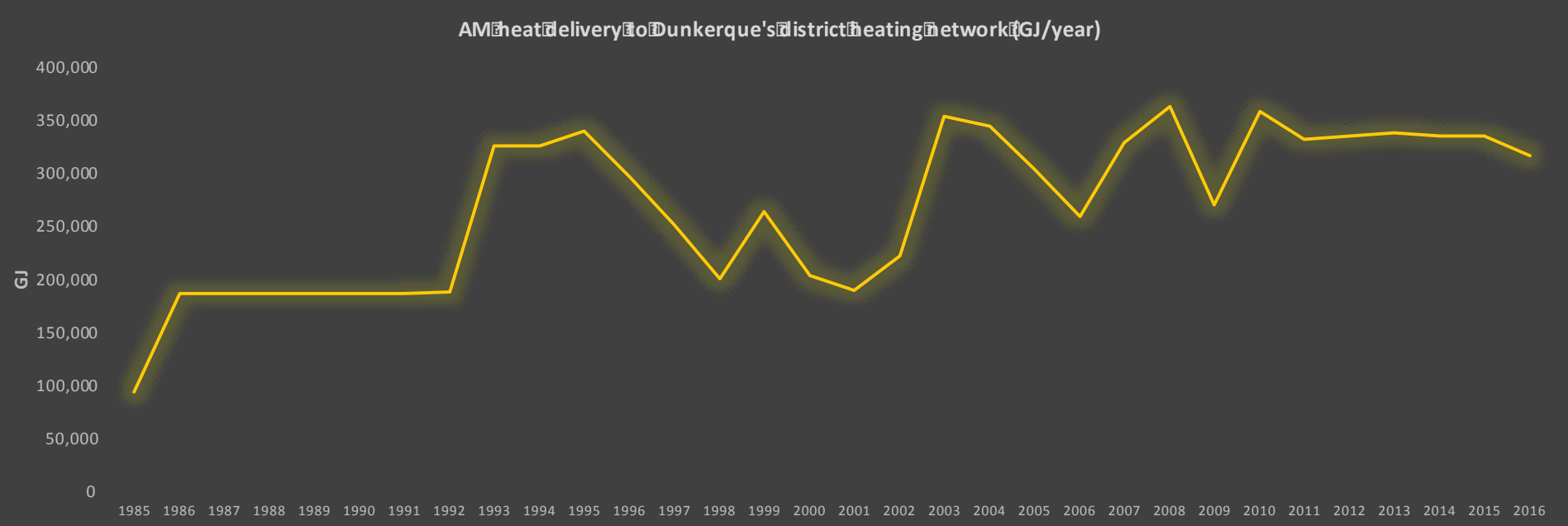


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Environmental Assessment

- Assess the environmental savings associated to the AM - Dunkirk district heating network symbiosis
- First exploitation in 1985
- 270 TJ of heat delivered per year, in average

ion of ArcelorMittal
information



Source: Quantis

Nov 2017

Global R&D - Process Energy team - S. Salame

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Main assumptions for Carbon footprint

- Approximately 400 tons of steel installed in 1985

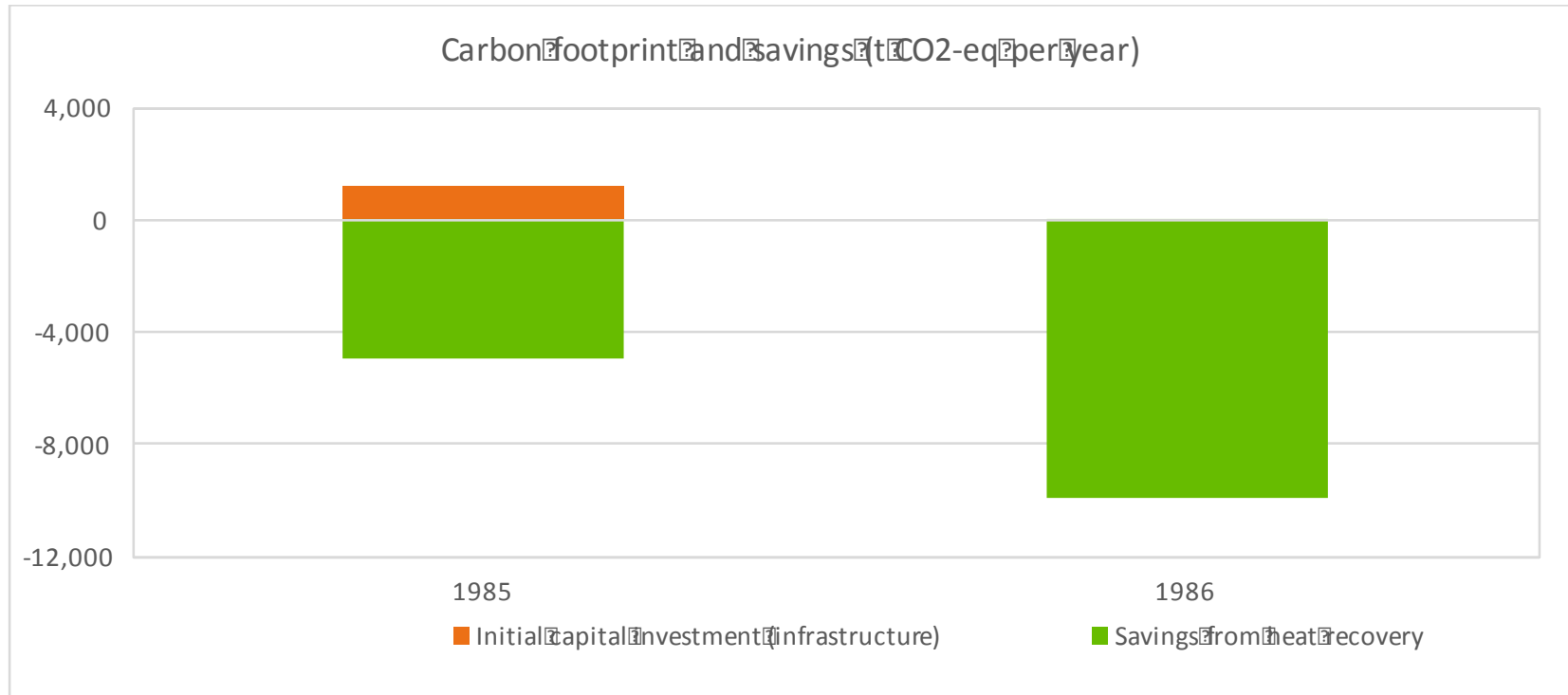
Source: Quantis & ArcelorMittal

- Substituting average heat mix for residential and services in Nord-Pas-de-Calais region:
 - 54% natural gas
 - 29% light fuel oil
 - 10% wood
 - 7% electricity

Source: <http://www.stats.environnement.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/Eider/>

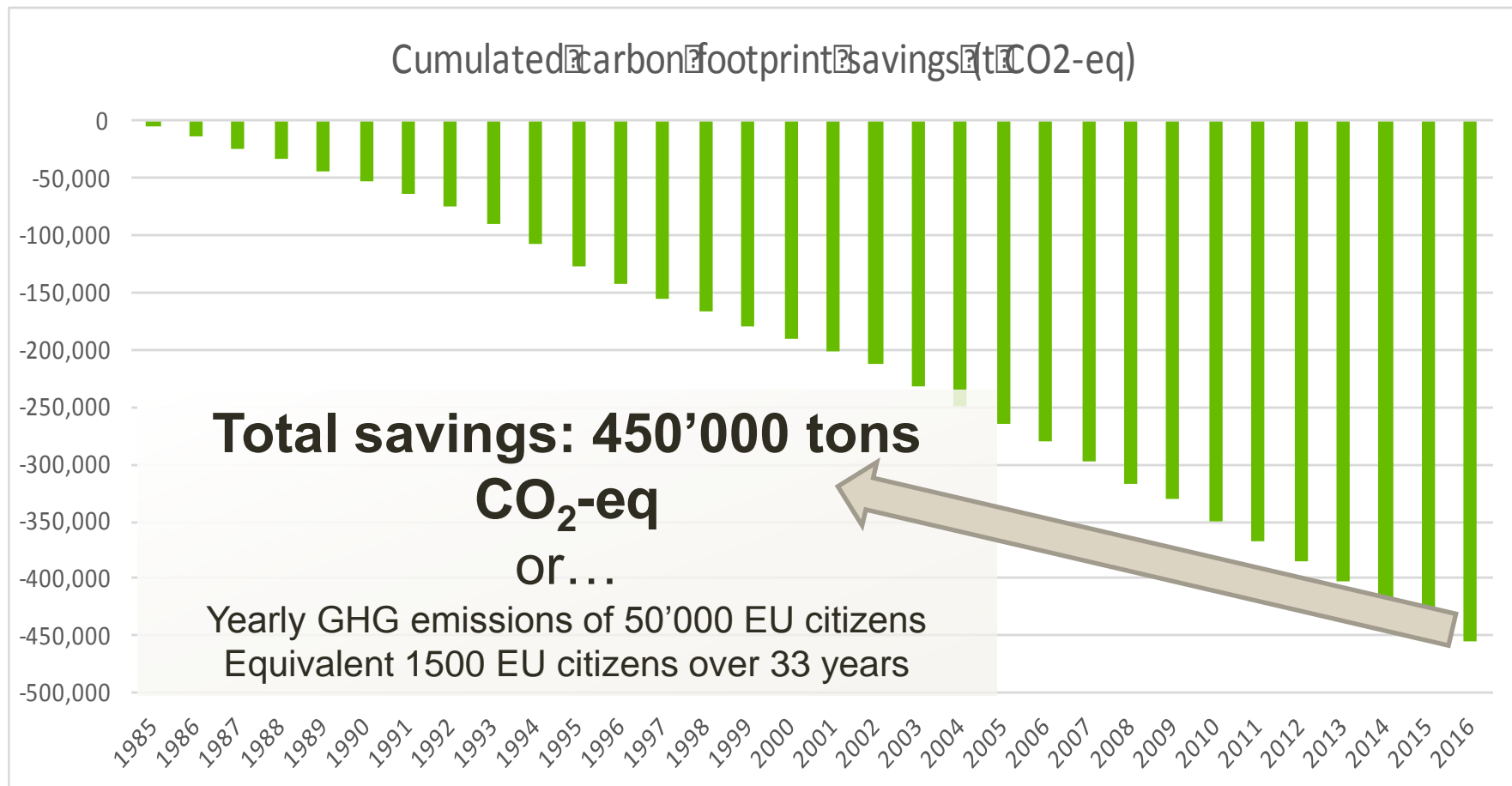
Carbon footprint

- What happened in years 1 and 2 ?
- Environmental ROI is less than 1 year



Source: Quantis

Carbon footprint from 1985 to 2016



Source: Quantis

Dunkirk District heating – Benefits

Typology	Benefits
Social	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8 non-relocationable jobs • Energy security for an industrialised region in crisis • Brand image • New technical competencies
Economic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low cost heat source • New revenues • New local economic activities
Environmental	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carbon footprint reduction • Dust emission reduction • Energy performance • Development of energy recovery

Source: Strane Innovation



Dunkirk District heating : successful business, interactive and economically sustainable in time

Success factors

Available heat sources at high thermal density	Economic interest for industrial Stakeholders
Political will (public subventions)	Motivated involved stakeholders
Intense regional dialogue (through local associations)	Communication on success
No blocking points with environmental regulations	Tax advantages
Trust (long term)	Share financial risk

Source: Strane Innovation

Technological drivers for industrial symbiosis in Steel industry

- Technological enablers for Industrial Symbiosis:
 - Efficient hot water & steam networks
 - Heat exchangers and pipe-lines
 - On-line measurements and energy balance tools (systemic models)
 - Compact and energy storage systems
 - Predictive dynamic models to choose the best business plan on the long term with daily, weekly, monthly, yearly variations
- Technological drivers in the near future:
 - Heat recovery from hot solids (coke_{1000°C}, slags_{1000°C}, slabs_{1000°C}, coils_{500°C})
 - Recovery of gas flares (with intermittent availability)
 - Chemical transformation of industrial gases (mixture of H₂, CH₄, CO, CO₂, N₂)

Thank you for your attention



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