RENEWABLES IN DANISH HEATING AND COOLING – THE ROLE OF DISTRICT HEATING

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DISTRICT HEATING HISTORY

1960's

 Growth on private cooperative and municipal initiative

1970's

- Heating Commission
- Shift to surplus heat (CHP)

1980's

- Heat law
- Heat planning
- Continued shift to CHP and other surplus heat sources
- Expansion of networks
- No more oil

1990's

- Localised CHP
- Natural gas/biomass

2000's

- Consolidation
- Looking for sustainable heat

2010's

- Expansion
- Renewables
- Integration



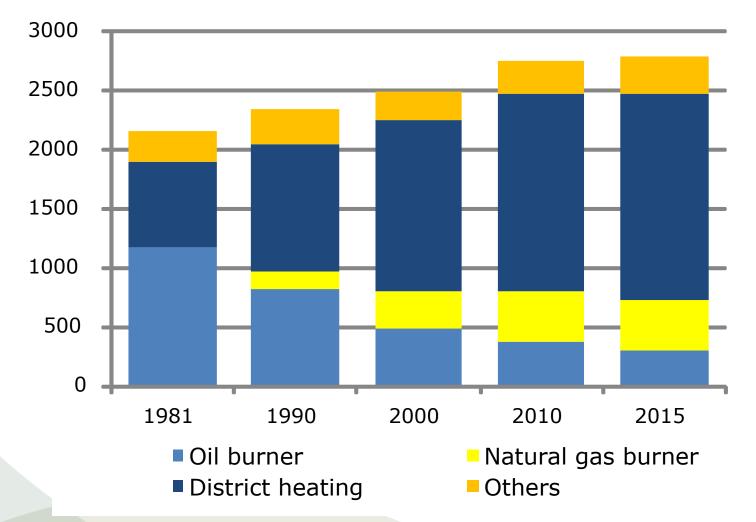
From burning platforms in the 70's...

...to modern ones





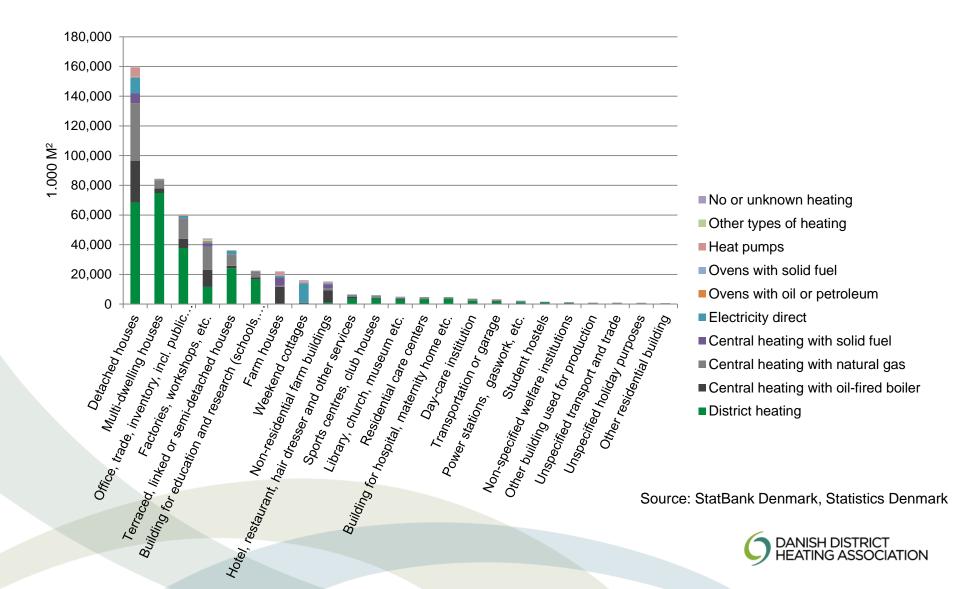
HEATING SOURCES IN DWELLINGS



Source: Danish Energy Agency 2014

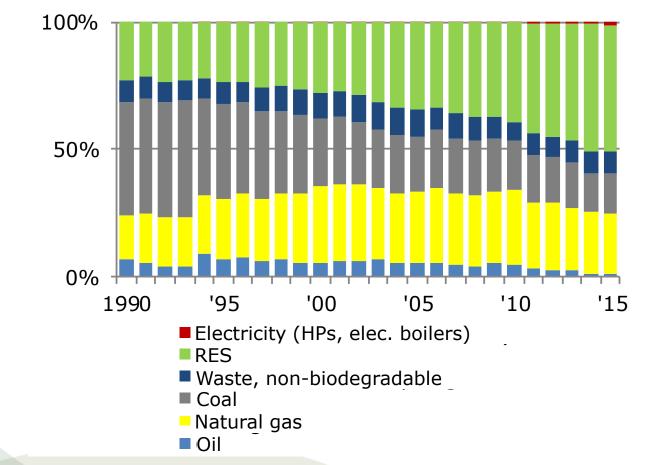


HEAT MARKET SHARES, BUILDING TYPES AREAS 2014



DANISH DISTRICT HEATING DEVELOPMENTS I

Compositions of Fuels in District Heating Production

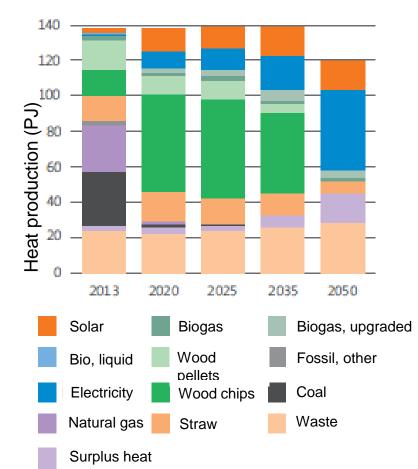


Source: Danish Energy Agency, Energy Statistic 2015



DANISH DISTRICT HEATING DEVELOPMENTS II

Future Fuel Composition – "Official" Projections



Heating demand [PJ]	2013	2020	2035
Denmark	199	189	166
Urban areas	160	152	134
District heating	50%	69%	62%

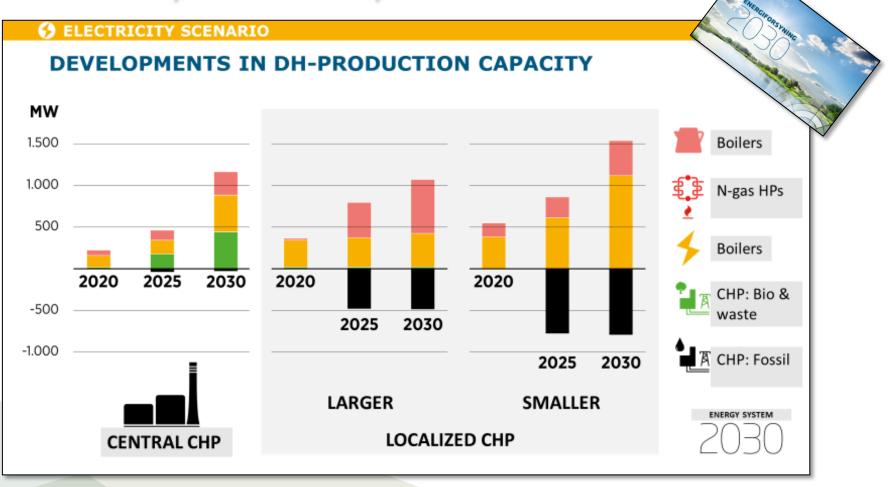
Source: District heating - The role of district heating in future energy supply, COWI og Ea Energianalyse 2014 for Danish Energy Agency



District heating production in Denmark in wind scenario

DANISH DISTRICT HEATING DEVELOPMENTS III

Desired developments - Our "hope" for the future





KEY SUCCESS FACTORS IN DHC SYSTEMS*

- Adequate national policy and regulatory environment
- Direct/indirect financial support
- · Focused local policy and coherence with urban planning
- Alignment of interests / Cooperation maturity
- Availability and relevance of local resources
- Comprehensive project development
- Price competitiveness against alternative energy solutions
- Flexible heat and cold production
- Combining technical and non-technical innovation

* Taken from "*Efficient district heating and cooling systems in the EU - Case studies analysis, replicable key success factors and potential policy implications*" European Commission, JRC, 2016



THREE MAIN QUESTIONS TO ADDRESS

- What policies have been most effective in increasing renewable/low-carbon heat deployment? What are the key success factors and remaining challenges?
- How essential are district heating networks for the roll-out of renewable heat? What policy approaches have worked to incentivise district heating?
- What role can local authorities & local energy companies play? What instruments do they have at their disposal?



FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

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