



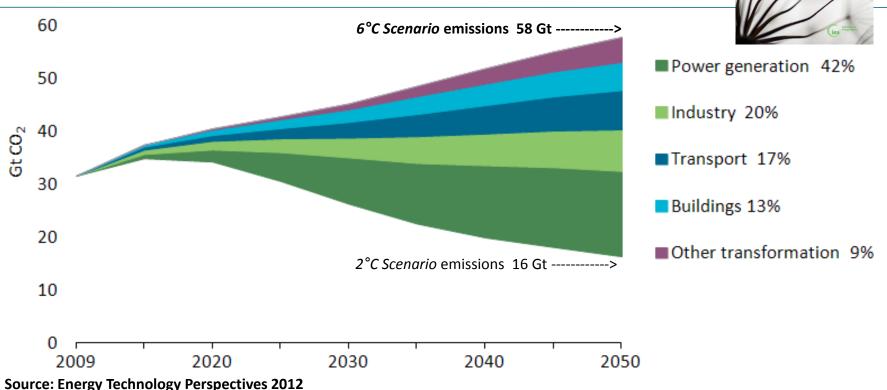
### Roadmap overview and role of nuclear in IEA scenarios

### Technology Roadmap

Nuclear Energy

Cecilia Tam (IEA)

# Key technologies for reducing global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



- 6°C Scenario business-as-usual; no adoption of new energy and climate policies
- 2°C Scenario energy-related CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions halved by 2050 through CO<sub>2</sub>-price and strong policies



Low-carbon energy technology roadmaps



Energy Technology

Perspectives 2012





### **IEA Roadmap Definition**

"A technology roadmap is a dynamic set of technical, policy, legal, financial, market & organizational requirements identified by all stakeholders involved in its development. The effort shall lead to improved and enhanced sharing and collaboration of all related technology-specific RDD&D information among participants.

The goal is to accelerate the overall RDD&D process in order to deliver an earlier uptake of the specific energy technology into the marketplace".

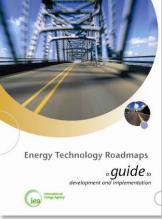
### **Overview of IEA roadmap process**

- Engage cross-section of stakeholders
- Identify a baseline:
  - Where is technology today?
- Establish a vision:
  - > What is the deployment path needed to achieve 2050 goals?
- Identify technical, regulatory, policy, financial, public acceptance barriers
  - What are the near term action items?

Develop implementation action items for stakeholders













### **Roadmap logic**

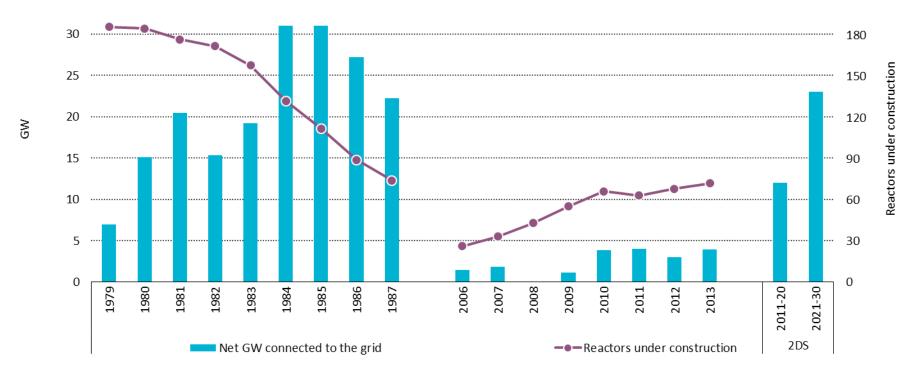
- Goal to achieve
- Milestones to be met
- Gaps to be filled
- Actions to overcome gaps and barriers
- What and when things need to be achieved







### **Nuclear capacity additions**

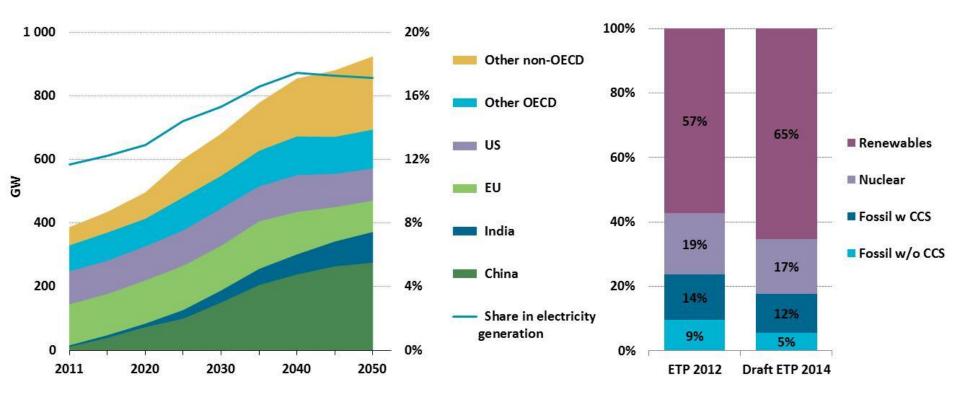


- In 2013, ten construction starts (up from 7 in 2012), representing ~ 11 GWe capacity
- Current grid connection rate (3.9 GWe connected in 2013 << ~ 12 GWe/year needed)

Source: Energy Technology Perspectives 2014 (forthcoming)

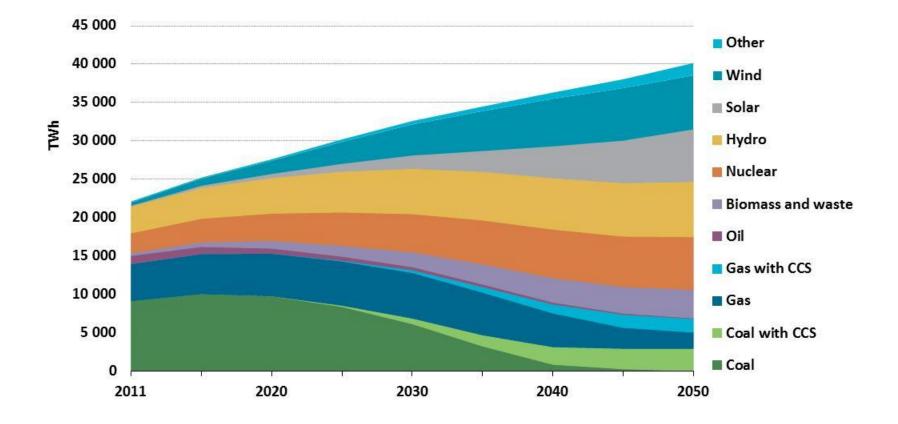


## Nuclear power capacity and generation in ETP 2°C scenario (2DS) (preliminary)





### **Electricity generation in ETP 2°C scenario**



Source: Energy Technology Perspectives 2014 (forthcoming)



### Assumptions for nuclear new build:

- Overnight costs ( 'Nth' of a kind Gen III/III+)
  - OECD Asia (Japan, Korea): 4000 USD/kWe
  - OECD Europe: 5500 USD/kWe
  - OECD America: 5000 USD/kWe
  - Russia: 4000 USD/kWe
  - China/India: 3500 USD/kWe

cost convergence in the long run, learning rate, cost of technology improvements and increasing safety requirements...



### Nuclear Roadmap 2014 Update - Approach

- Based on ETP 2014 2°C Scenario
- 1<sup>st</sup> roadmap workshop in Paris Jan 2014
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Asia workshop in Hong Kong Feb 2014
- 3<sup>rd</sup> workshop Spring 2014 (to be confirmed)
- Roadmap release Dec 2014







### Any questions

#### cecilia.tam@iea.org

© OECD/IEA 2014