IEA H2 Roadmap Workshop



Progress on FCEV development

Dr. Jörg Wind, 10th of July 2013

Daimler AG

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Technical data Mercedes-Benz B-Class F-CELL

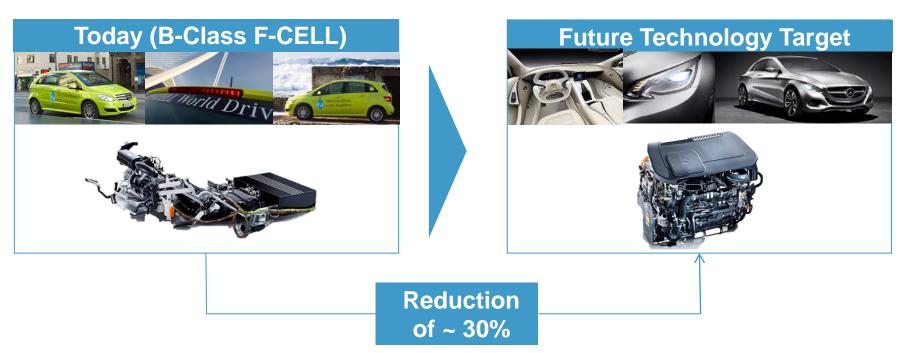


Fuel Cell System					
Air module	Screw w/o expander				
Humidifier	Gas-to-gas humidifier	Humidifier Module			
Power	80 kW	FCU Anode Module			
# Cell rows	2	PDU/PDB Stack Module			
# Cells	396				
Cold start ability	- 25 °C				

Technology	Li-Ion-Battery, 60 Cells	
Power (18 s./ 5 s.)	30/34 kW	
Nominal voltage	212 V (3,54 V/cell)	
Nominal capacity	6.8 Ah	
Energy content	1.4 kWh	
Volume	44	

Electric Drive Train		H2-Tank System			
Technology	PM (permanent magnet		Pressure	700 bar	
	motor)	Transmission Power electronics E-motor	Volume	106	
Transmission	compound-planetary + bevel gear differential		Weight	114.4 kg	
Power (c/p*)	70/100 kW		Capacity	3.7 kg H2	
Torque	290 Nm		Refuelling time	~ 3min (H2 precooled)	
Efficiency	> 88 %				

Packaging of Fuel Cell System



Through a further modularization of the fuel cell specific components, the packaging of future generations of FC vehicles will be simplified.

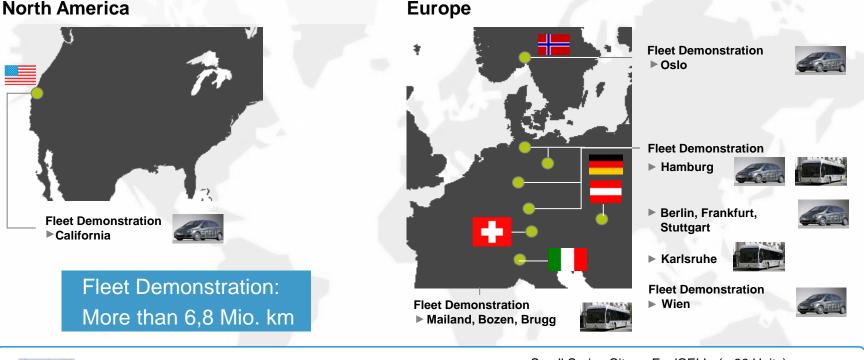
The significantly more compact dimensions would allow a accommodation in the engine compartment of a conventional vehicle.

Market Preparation – Worldwide Fleet Operation

Fleet demonstration with the current generation of Fuel Cell vehicles

Fleet demonstration of the current generation of electric vehicles with fuel cell (B-Class F-CELL, Citaro FuelCELL-Hybrid) since the end of 2010 in Germany, Europe and the USA.

North America





Small Series A-Class F-CELL (~ 60 Units) vehicle miles travelled > 2.230.000 km

Small Series B-Class F-CELL (~ 200 Units) vehicle miles travelled > 2,100,000 km



Small Series Citaro FuelCELL (~ 36 Units) vehicle miles travelled > 2.150.000 km



Small Series Citaro FuelCELL-Hybrid (~ 30 Units) vehicle miles travelled > 320.000 km

Technology: Demonstration of technical maturity Mercedes-Benz F-CELL World Drive 2011!



DAIMLER AG demonstrated the reliability and technical maturity of their B-Classes F-CELL and their leadership in this technology.

Technical Advancements of Daimler's Fuel Cell Vehicles

	Range	H2 Consumption	Durability	Size	Power	Top Speed
		1/2 1/1 1/1	F-CELL World Drive		ALL A	00 120 140 160 80 98 180 180 90 98 PECK 200 90 98 PECK 200 90 98 PECK 200 90 98 PECK 200 90 98 737 180 100 93.07 260 200 100 93.02 160 200
	[miles]	[l/100km]	[hours]	[cu. Ft.]	[kW]	[mph]
GEN 1 A-Class F-CELL	+135%	/-16%	+100%	-40%	 _+30%	+21%
GEN 2 B-Class F-CELL						
Next Generation "target"						

From generation to generation great technical improvements in numerous technical areas.

Technical Configuration of a Hydrogen Fueling Station



Status quo of hydrogen filling stations:

- Pre-cooling down to -40° Celsius
- > Pressure of hydrogen: 350 and 700 bar
- Standardized refueling process (SAE TIR J2601, ISO/TS 20100) using infrared data interface for communication vehicle <> filling station (SAE J2799)
- > Refueling time: approx. 3 minutes for the B-Class F-CELL (ca. 4 kg hydrogen)
- Standardized hydrogen filling connector (SAE J2600, ISO/FDIS 17268)
- > Hydrogen fuel quality (SAE J2719, ISO/FDIS 14687)
- > Unitized construction / scalable

Currently there is a significant momentum in several markets to push for the commercialization of H2-infrastructure

- H2-Mobility ensures highly covering in all appreciable regions including Autobahn
- Parallel build-up up to 85 HRS (including 20 Daimler/Linde stations) focussing on expansion of H2-regions plus covering corridors (→ sufficient HRS in the middleterm



Activities in England, France and Switzerland have been started in parallel. Encouragement of the EU is necessary.



Demonstration-Projects established in California and US East-Coast.



From 2015 on obligation of gas suppliers for build-up and operation of HRS in California (clean fuels outlet). This leads to a comprehensive and sustainable infrastructure build-up. At the moment there are lawsuits against this act pending.

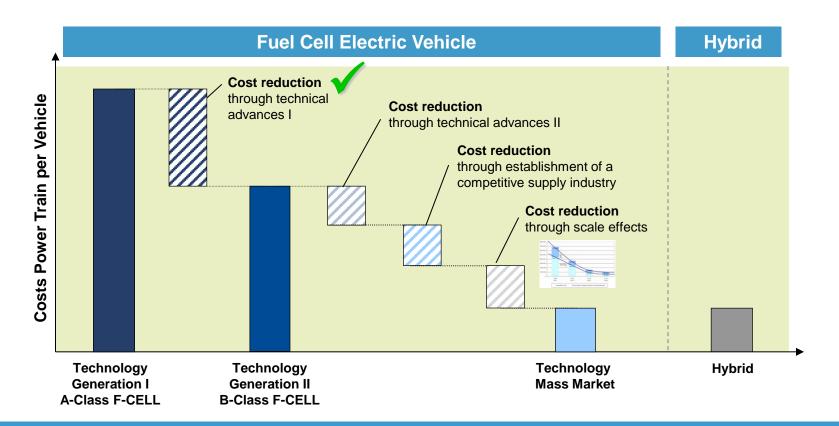


• Signing of a MoU by 3 ministries and 13 enterprises (Private-public-partnership) to develop a timetable for H2 infrastructure and FCEV.



• **Sufficient HRS covering until 2015** in the four importanst metropolian areas Tokio, Aichi, Osaka and Fukuoka is assured. Further build-up in process of planning.

Cost Potentials of the Fuel Cell Technology

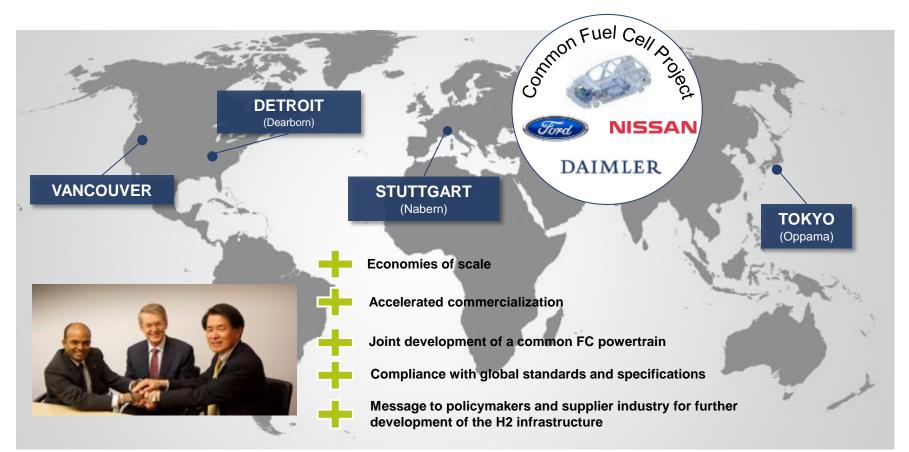


- The cost for the fuel cell power train are currently much higher than those from conventional drive systems. They can be reduced considerably through scale effects and technology advances.
- A reduction of the costs on the level of conventional drive trains is possible.
- Regarding the TCO¹ comparable values to conventional drive systems are reachable.

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Cooperation Nissan/Ford/Daimler

Asia, Europe and US – Unique collaboration across three continents



In 2017, the partners begin the production of more than 100,000 fuel cell vehicles, because the infrastructure and the framework will then be given.



Thanks for your attention!