# Natural gas statistics

Joint Rosstat - IEA workshop on Energy Statistics

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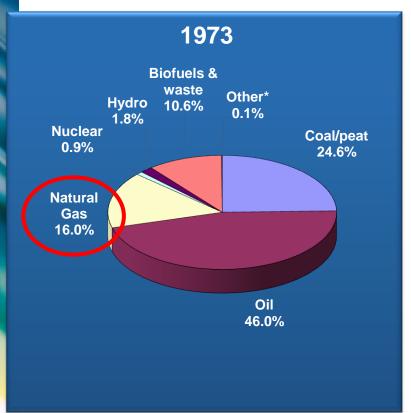


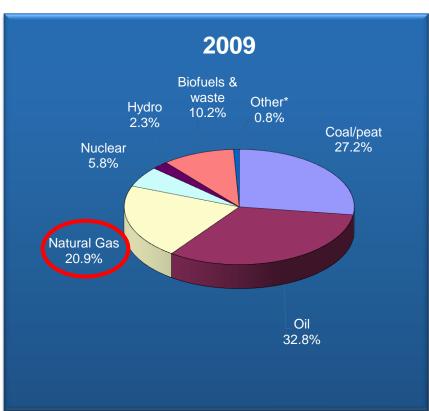
### **Overview**

- The importance of gas in the world
- The Natural Gas Chain
  - **✓** Basic Concepts
  - ✓ Natural Gas Production
  - **✓** Supply and Consumption
- Structure of the Questionnaire
  - √ Table description and definitions
  - √ Relations within the questionnaire
  - **√**Specific problems



# World - Share of natural gas in the energy mix

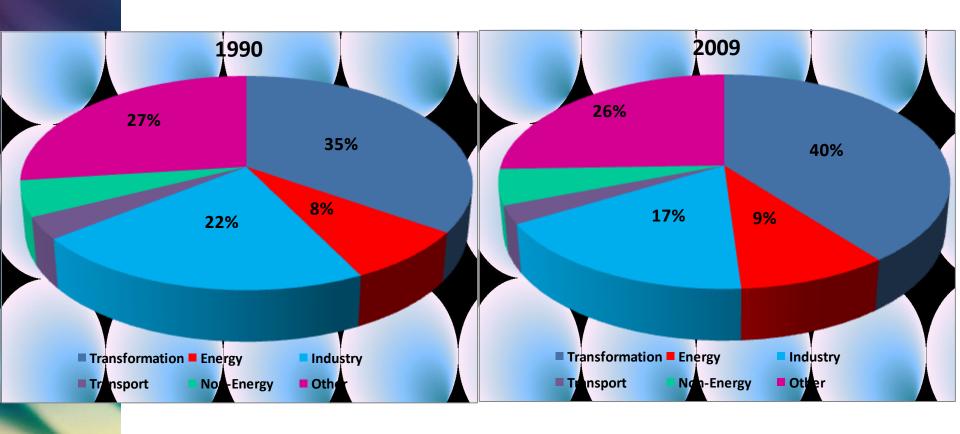




Increase in the share of natural gas in the world



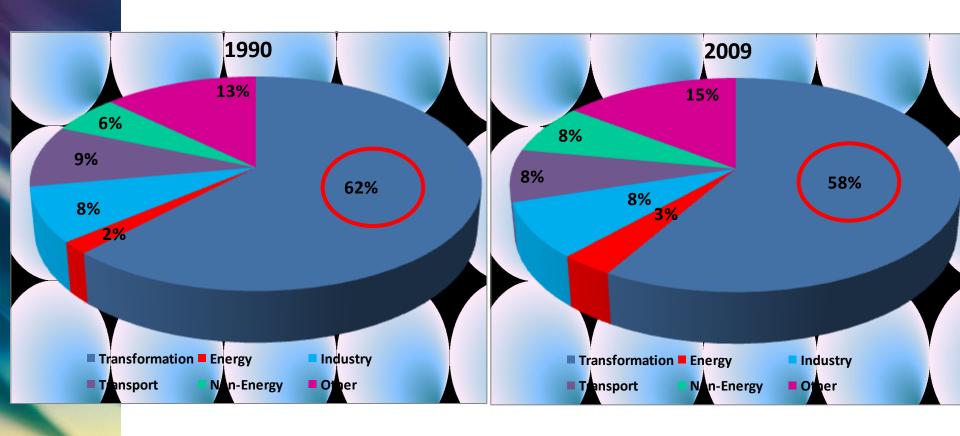
# World – Use of natural gas



Natural gas use mainly for power generation (transformation)



# Russia – Use of natural gas

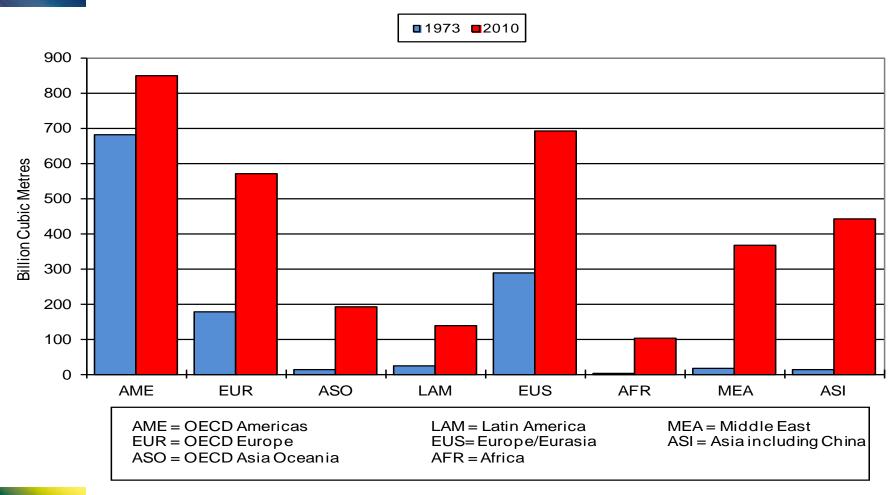


Around 60% of Natural gas used for power generation



### **World Regional Growth**

### Natural Gas Consumption





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### **Basic concepts**

- Natural gas comprises several gases, but consists mainly of **methane**
- As a gas expands or compresses according to temperature and pressure, it is important that when measuring natural gas the temperature and pressure are taken into account
- Gas is usually measured in :
  - ✓ energy unit : TJ Gross Calorific Value
  - ✓ Volume : million m<sup>3</sup>
- Eurostat/IEA use Standard Conditions:
  - ✓ Standard Conditions = 15 degrees C and 760 mm Hg



# **Basic concepts (2)**

- For conversion we need to know how many kJ there are per m<sup>3</sup>
- When reporting data in a balance, specific kJ/m³
  conversion factors need to be known for the various
  flows:
  - Indigenous Production
  - Imports
  - Exports
  - Stock changes
  - Inland Consumption (obs)



# **Basic concepts (3)**

 What is the difference between Gross and Net Calorific Value?

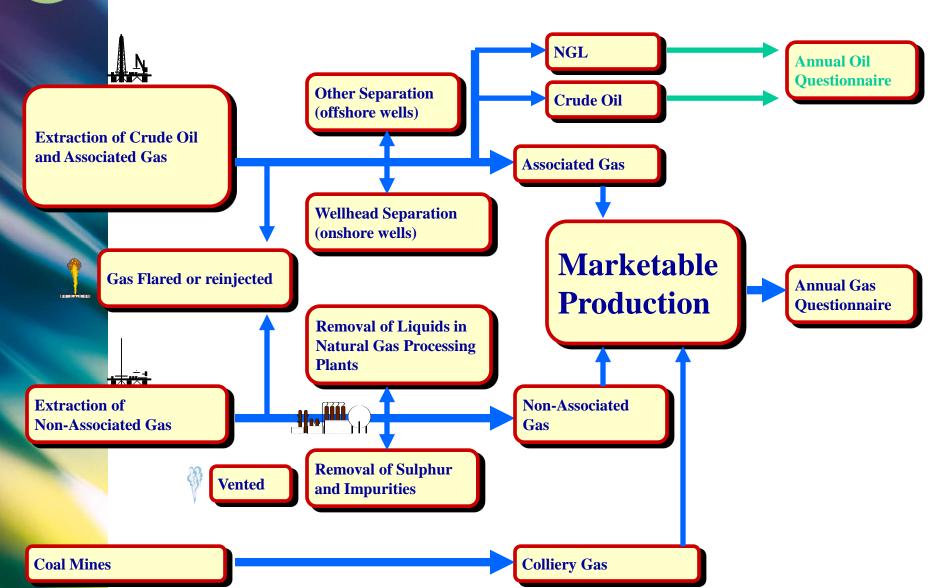
### **Net Calorific value =**

**Gross** Calorific Value – **latent heat** of vaporisation of the water vapour produced during combustion of the gas.

For gas the difference between Net and Gross is about 10%

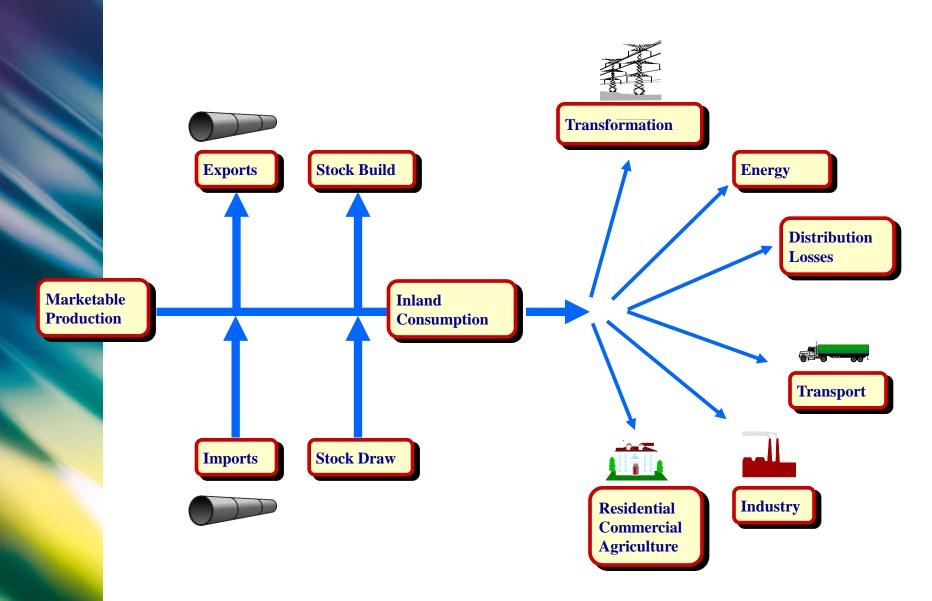


### **Natural gas production**





### Natural gas - supply and consumption





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• 2 units (million m<sup>3</sup>, TJ)

### 5 tables

- ✓ Supply of Natural Gas
- ✓ Consumption of Natural Gas
  - Net Inland Consumption by Sector Total Final Consumption by Sector
- ✓ Imports by Origin
- ✓ Exports by Destination
- ✓ Gas Storage Capacity

ie

Supply of natural gas

	Supply of Hatural gas										
				Million m <sup>3</sup> (at 15°C, 760 mm Hg)	TJ (Gross Calor. Value)	Average GCV (kJ/m³)	Average NCV (kJ/m³)				
_				A	В	С	D				
+	Inc	ligenous Production	1								
	th.	Associated Gas	2								
	of which	Non-Associated Gas	3								
	٥	Colliery Gas	4								
+	Fre	om Other Sources	5								
+	Im	ports 1	6								
-		ports 2	7								
-	Int	ernational Marine Bunkers	8								
+	Sto	ock Changes <sup>3</sup>	9								
=	Inl	and Consumption (calc)	10								
-	Sta	ntistical Difference	11								
=	Inl	and Consumption (obs) 4	12								
R	Recoverable Gas										
О	peni	ing Stock Level	13								
C	losir	ng Stock Level	14								
M	Ieme	o:									
G	as V	ented	15								
G	as F	lared	16								
Memo: Cushion Gas											
C	losir	ng Stock Level	17								
Memo: From Other Sources											
	iich	Oil	18								
	of which	Coal	19								
ı	0	Renewables	20	1		I	I				



### **Definitions**

- Supply Table 1
  - ✓ Indigenous Production
    - dry marketable production (after purification and extraction of NGL and sulphur)
  - ✓ Imports and Exports
    - are considered imported or exported when having crossed the physical boundary of a country
  - ✓ Stock changes and levels
    - stock levels of recoverable gas
    - change of stock is <u>opening closing stock level</u> of recoverable gas



#### Country

		Unit: TJ (GCV)
Menu		Consumption
		A
nland Consumption (1)	1	
Transformation Sector - Total	2	
Main Activity Electricity Plants (2)	3	
Autoproducer Electricity Plants (2, 3)	4	
Main Activity Combined Heat & Power Plants (2)	5	
Autoproducer Combined Heat and Power Plants (2, 3)	6	
Main Activity Heat Plants (2)	7	
Autoproducer Heat Plants (2, 3)	8	
Gas Works	9	
Coke Ovens	10	
Blast Furnaces	11	
Gas-to-Liquids (GTL) Plants	12	
Non-specified (Transformation)	13	
Energy Sector - Total	14	
Coal Mines	15	
Oil and Gas Extraction	16	
Inputs to Oil Refineries	17	
Coke Ovens	18	
Blast Furnaces	19	
Gas Works	20	
Own Use in Electricity, CHP and Heat Plants	21	
Liquefaction (LNG) / Regasification Plants	22	
Gas-to-Liquids (GTL) Plants	23	
Non-specified (Energy)	24	
Distribution Losses	25	
Total Final Consumption (4)	26	

<sup>(1)</sup> Equals the sum of rows 2, 14, 25, 26; should correspond to cell 12B on table 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> Should correspond to quantities in table 6C in the Annual Electricity and Heat Questionnaire.

<sup>(3)</sup> Should correspond to quantities in row 1 in table 5.

<sup>(4)</sup> Should correspond to the sum of cells 1A and 1B in table 2b.



### **Definitions**

- Inland Consumption Table 2a
  - ✓ Transformation Sector

Natural Gas used for producing another type of energy (electricity, heat) which is after used for final consumption

Example: Gas-to-Liquids

- ✓ Energy Sector
  - Natural Gas consumed by Energy Industry Example: Liquefaction plants
- ✓ Distribution Losses



#### Country

		Unit: TJ (GCV)		
Menu		Energy Use	Non-Energy Use	
		A	В	
of which Biogas	4	0		
Pipeline Transport	5	0		
Non-specified (Transport)	6	0		
Industry Sector - Total	7	0		
Iron and Steel	8	0		
Chemical and Petrochemical (2)	9	0		
Non-Ferrous Metals	10	0		
Non-Metallic Minerals	11	0		
Transport Equipment	12	0		
Machinery	13	0		
Mining and Quarrying	14	0		
Food and Tobacco	15	0		
Paper, Pulp and Print	16	0		
Wood and Wood Products	17	0		
Construction	18	0		
Textile and Leather	19	0		
Non-specified (Industry)	20	0		
Other Sectors - Total	21	0		
Commercial and Public Services	22	0		
Residential	23	0		
Agriculture/Forestry	24	0		
Fishing	25	0		
Non-specified (Other)	26	0		

<sup>(1)</sup> Corresponds to the sum of rows 2, 7, 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> Please report fuel use in column A.

<sup>(3)</sup> The sum of cells 1A and 1B should correspond to cell A26 in table 2a.



### Final Consumption - Table 2b

(= derived from final consumers)

✓ Different Use

Non-Energy Use

Report Natural Gas used as a raw material for producing other products (Chemical and Petrochemical Industry)

**Energy Use** 

Report Natural Gas used as fuel

√ 3 Sectors

**Industry Sector** 

**Transport Sector** 

**Other Sectors** 



#### **Definitions**

- Imports / Exports Tables 3,4
  - ✓ Requested Data

2 Units: Million m3 et TJ

Natural Gas by pipeline and LNG

✓ Geographical Breakdown

62 import origin

48 export destination

✓ Trade

Importance of the ultimate origin or destination

Transit trade and re-exports are not to be included

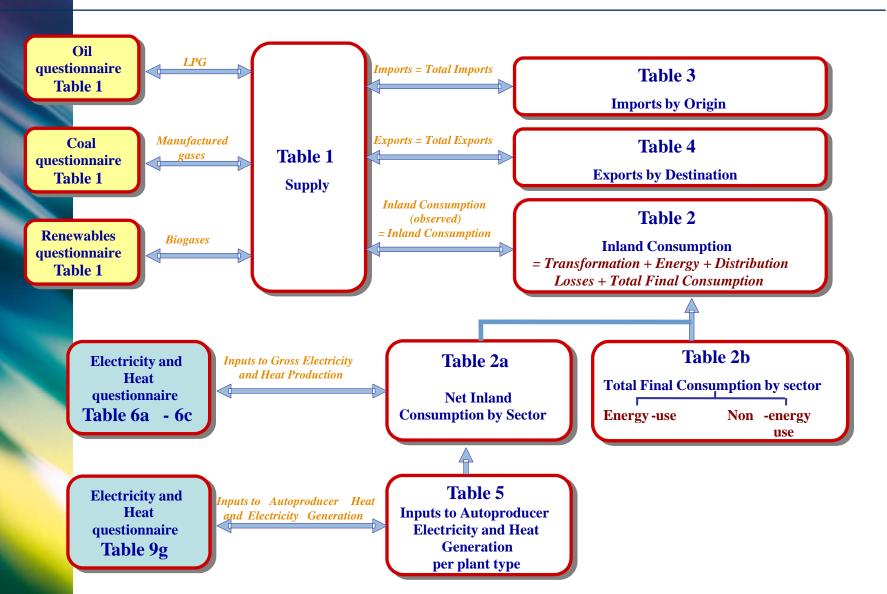


#### **Definitions**

- Gas Storage Capacity Table 5
  - ✓ Location of the storage
  - ✓ Type of storage
    - Depleted oil and gas fields
    - Aquifers
    - Salt Cavities
  - ✓ Technical Characteristics
    - Working Capacity = total gas storage capacity minus cushion gas
    - Peak Output = maximum rate at which gas can be withdrawn from storage



Relations within the questionnaire





### **Common Problems**

### Trade

- ✓ transit trade is often reported as import / export
- ✓ exchange contracts
- ✓ origin not always known due to spot markets and hubs
- ✓ increasing difficulties with liberalised market

### Units

- ✓ measurement in million cubic metres under Standard conditions often reported under Normal conditions
- ✓ data in TJ often reported as Net rather than Gross



### **Overview**

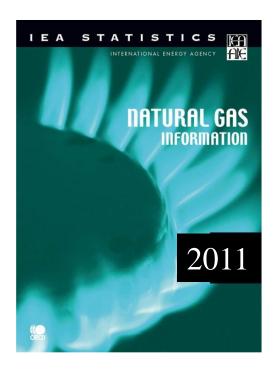
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# **IEA Publications on annual natural gas**

### Publication and CD-ROM

- Natural Gas Information (hard copy, pdf)
- CD-ROM
- On-line Data Service
  - Pay-Per-View
  - Data download
- Derived publications/analysis:
  - Natural Gas Market Review
  - Energy Statistics of OECD Countries
  - Energy Balances of OECD Countries
  - CO2 Emissions from Fuel Combustion





# **Publications including Natural Gas data**

### **Statistics**

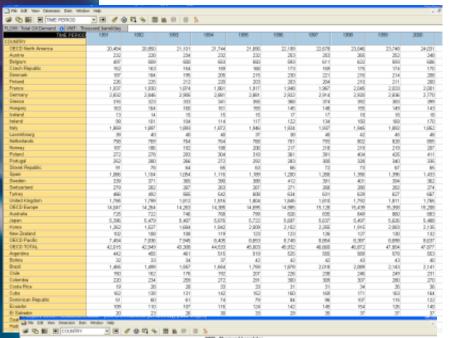


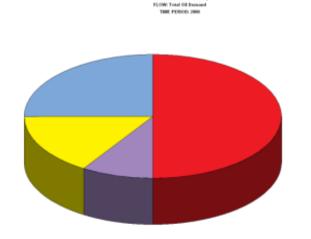
### **Analysis**

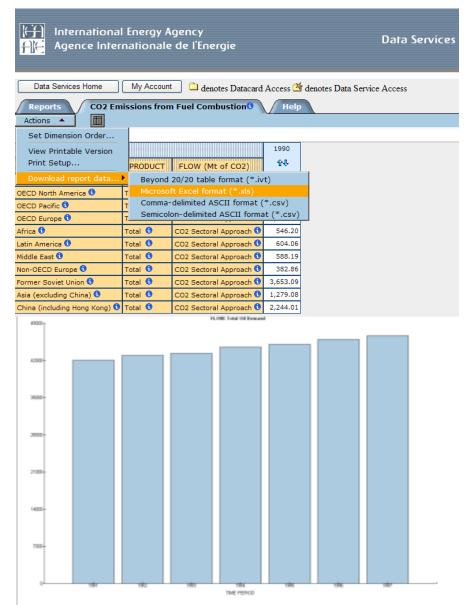




### **Online Data Service**









# Thank you!

**Questions welcome**