What is the relevant support package for users in order to achieve energy savings? Illustration from smart meters and NZEB projects

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	Minor change	Major change
Investment decisions	Choosing the most environmentally- friendly product	Making significant investment in the environment
	Ex: buying low energy light bulbs	Ex: insulating the house
	Changing one's habits	Changing one's lifestyle
Lifestyle, habits	Ex: switching off appliances	Ex: living in flats rather than individual houses



Smart Meters and Information Provision Living in Low Carbon Buildings



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Smart Meters Roll out in France: Overview

- Smart-meters roll-out will start in 2015 for electricity, and in 2016 for gas
- Minimal information provision to households by energy grid operators to be decided in 2015 as part of the Energy Transition Law (at least access to personal consumptions through a web portal)

Linky (Electricity)	GAZPAR (Gas)
Roll-out decided in 2011	Roll-out decided in 2014
35 million meters to be rolled-out	11 millions meters to be rolled-out
2015-2021	2016-2022



Main Recent Projects with a Behaviour Focus in France

Studies

- **SoEcoMDE** (ended 2013): bibliographic overview of Demand Side Management tools and their impact on energy efficiency [ADEME]
- Sociological study on energy efficiency awareness raising campaigns based on consumption data (ended 2013): Evaluating different campaigns based on information provision. In partnership with GrDF (France's gas grid operator) [ADEME GrDF]
- **Case study on innovative smart billing for household consumers** (ended 2013): Assessing the potential for smart billing to save energy. As part of ADEME's World Energy Council activities [ADEME]
- BRAZIL (ended 2014): Analysing national and industrial actors' visions of smart grids development. [ADEME]

Experiments

- MODELEC (first results 2014): Assessing households' readiness for peak-hour saving schemes based on load-shifting (this project was funded by the *Investments for the Future programme*). [ADEME – Direct Energie]
- **Reflexe** (ended 2014): Assessing office workers' readiness for consumption load-shifting schemes (this project was funded by the *Investments for the Future programme*). [ADEME Véolia]
- Watt et moi (ended 2014): Assessing households' use of information on electricity consumption provided on a website [ERDF]
- Afficheco (ended 2014): Assessing households' use of information on energy consumption provided on a tablet computer [Legrand]

Watt et moi and Afficheco: Quick Overview of Results

Watt et moi Afficheco

- 1 116 households living in social housing in Lyon (France)
- Recruited on a non voluntary basis (235 households left the experiment)
- Web portal

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2 years



Results

Quantitative and qualitative analysis

- 216 households visited the website, of which 21 became regular users (more than 12 visits over the 2 years)
- Households that were already concerned about energy visited the website by themselves.
- For others, additional actions were needed (mail, emails, visit by an energy ambassador...), with contrasted results
- 40% of users think they have reduced their consumption

Source: Legrand

Results

Qualitative analysis

- The project had an empowerment impact on households
- Households need some time to understand how to use the device and to make sense of the information for their own needs
- The information given allowed households to
 - Experiment
 - · Learn step by step
- Cycles of interest

- 28 households around Tours (France)
 - Recruited on a voluntary basis
 - Tablet computer app
 - 15 to 28 months



Key Results

- Evaluating the impact of a one-off program on energy consumption is extremely difficult and does not only consist in measuring savings.
- Providing households with information about their energy consumption is key to forging a "culture of energy" that will empower them to act upon their consumption [competence].
- But providing raw information does not guarantee energy savings.
- Support programs to foster behavioural change are necessary. Information should be provided as part of wider behaviour change programs [materials – competence – meanings].



Social practices are made of three types of element: material, competence and meaning (Shove et al., 2012: 23)

materials	Objects, tools, infrastructures	
competence	Knowledge and embodied skills	
meanings	Cultural conventions, expectations and socially shared meanings	

Source: Spurling et al (2013), Interventions in practice: re-framing policy approaches to consumer behaviour



Large scale vs high impact interventions?





Exploring Options for Large-Scale and High-Impact Interventions...



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Smart Meters and Information Provision Living in Low Carbon Buildings



Low energy houses - Britany (France)



Low energy community hall – Britany (France)



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NEZB in France: Overview

- Buildings represent 43% of energy consumption in France and 23% of carbon emissions;
- **Objective**: reducing the carbon emissions from the building sector by 4 by 2050
- Main policy for **new buildings**: French building regulations 2012
- Main policy for existing buildings (refurbishment): reduction of energy consumption by 38% by 2020 [Grenelle Law – 2009]



Living and Working in NZEB

- NZEB do not always deliver their promises: real consumption can exceed *ex-ante* calculations.
- These differences can come from a variety of factors (miscalculations, poor building works...), uses are only one of them.
- As its happens in any technical innovation process, occupants hardly ever use new buildings as building designers and architects intended them to...



Living and Working in NZEB: Insights from three Buildings



Residential building (Le Patio Lumière)





Office building (La Cité de l'Environnement)





Individual houses (Les Hauts-de-Feuilly)



Source: Brisepierre (2013), Les conditions sociales et organisationnelles d'une performance énergétique in vivo dans les bâtiments neufs



Building conception

Applying user-centered design approaches to buildings?
Design for all?
Building use diagnosis?

Building management

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 Performance contracting (Garantie de performance énergétique) *In vivo* performance

Uses

Way Forward

 Supporting new habits through behaviour change programs

Source: adapted from Brisepierre (2013), Les conditions sociales et organisationnelles d'une performance énergétique in vivo dans les bâtiments neufs



Thank you for your attention

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