EcoGrid EU

A Prototype for European Smart Grids



Experience with energy management systems and customers

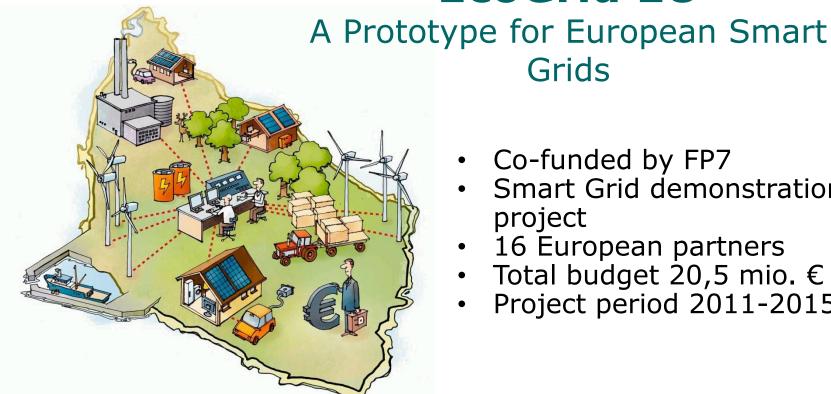
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EcoGrid EU



Grids

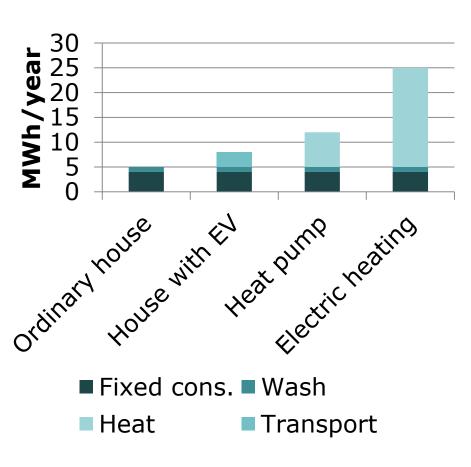
- Co-funded by FP7
- Smart Grid demonstration project
- 16 European partners
- Total budget 20,5 mio. €
- Project period 2011-2015





Flexibility in the household comes from electric heating and heat pumps

Appliances	Load in kW	
Television	0,15	
Stereo	0,25	
PC + printer	0,10	
Refrigeator	0,09)
Freezer	0,09	
Dish washer	1,50	,
Stove	7,00	
Oven	2,60	
Small appliances*	0,01-2,00	
Washing machine	1,50	
Heat pump	2,30	_
Electric vehicle	3,00	
Total	>18,6	



^{*} Consuming on demand. Example coffee machine, vacuumer, cell phone





The EcoGrid EU participants

- 350 customers in the reference group
- 500 ordinary households. Will be equipped with smart meter. Price prognosis send daily. Price warnings when price exceed certain levels
- 650 IBM/PowerMatcher households. Get smart meter and home automation system. Primarily electric heated or heat pump households
- 450 Siemens households. Get smart meter and home automation system.
 Primarily electric heated or heat pump households
- 20 businesses with smart meter and energy management system



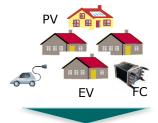
Reference group



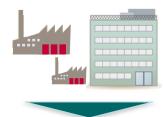
Manual control user



IBM/PowerMatcher users



Siemens users



Smart businesses



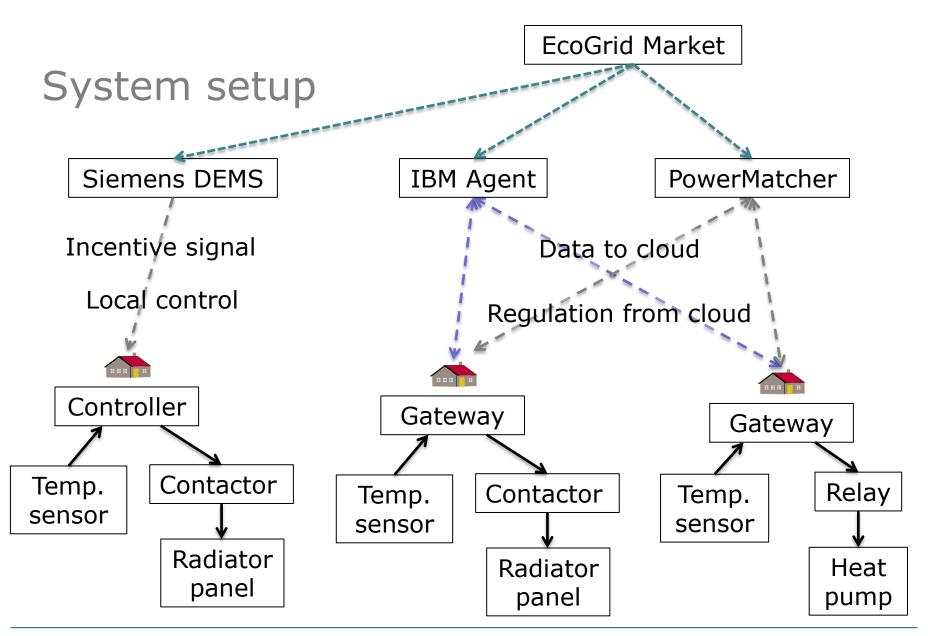


Basic requirements and info

- We only regulate load if it possible to get a data feed back, i.e. temperature or consumption measurement
- The EMS can only regulate load by switching power on or off
 - We don't regulate appliances, which are not compatible with on/off regulation, i.e. we will not regulate air condition
- Heat pumps controlled by ripple signal relay
 - 95 % of regular models are prepared for ripple signal control
 - Delays in response
 - Can only turn it off, not on
- Regulation happens on fuse box level, no regulation of individual panels
 - Wiring have to be dedicated for heating
 - IBM/Greenwave houses with electric heating works a one zone
 - Siemens houses can be divided in to more heating zone depending on the wiring in the house and size of panels











Challenges to realise the full DR potential

- Installation of Greenwave began in august 2012 and Siemens in march 2013, we have more than two years running experience with ~1100 installations
- Robustness of systems needs to be increased
 - 25 % of systems are constantly unavailable
 - Primarily caused by technical failure
 - No connection to the house, no temp. measurements, units loose contact
- Customer choice are limited
 - Greenwave, only lower boundary and flexibility degree
 - The aggregators/agent utilize the full temp. interval on daily basis → the customers narrow temp. interval to reduce discomfort → reduced potential for special incidents
- Heat pumps
 - Delay in response, slow responding, no forced start
 - Cannot integrate air condition (air/air heat pumps)





Is it all bad??

Off course not

We can find the solutions, we just need more time...





EcoGrid 2.0

- New project
 - Existing participants
 - Prototype of new more advanced EMS
 - Utilising more of DR potential
 - Robustness of systems
 - Interoperability
 - Aggregators can aggregate independent on installed EMS
 - Customer choice not limited by EMS UI design
 - Services for both DSO and TSO from same portfolio
 - Customers can chance aggregators
 - January 2016-June 2019
 - Keep your fingers crossed 15th of June











