

A TSOs Perspective on Energy Storage

The Role of Storage in Energy System Flexibility

IEA CERT , Expert Group on R&D priorities , Berlin 22-23 October 2014
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Reliable Sustainable Connected

ENTSO-E



41 TSOs
from 34 countries



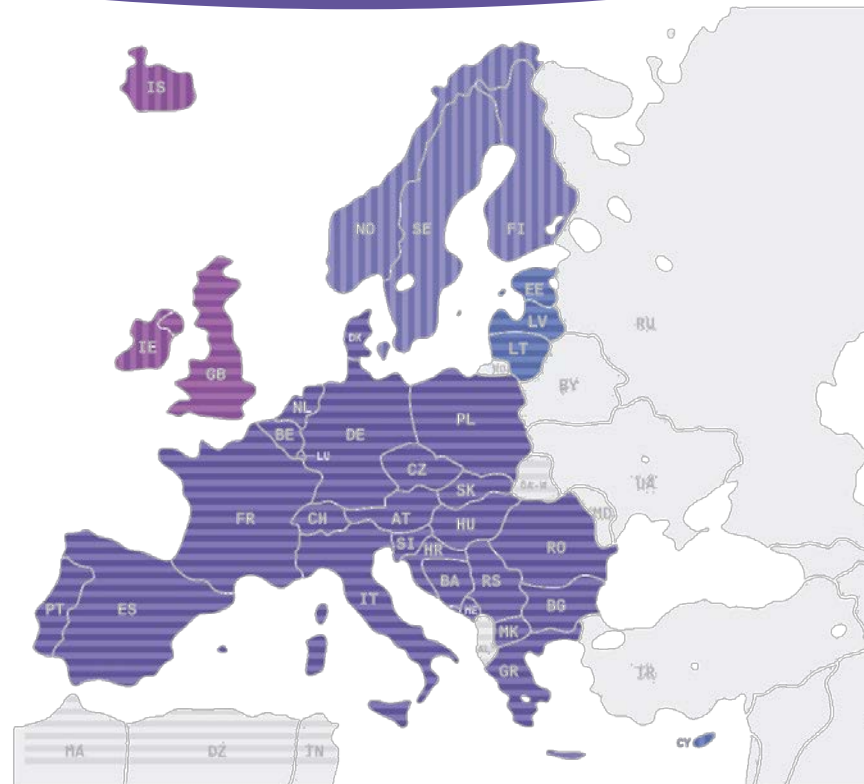
532 million
citizens served



828 GW
generation



305 Thousand Km
of transmission lines



Ten-Year
Network
Development
Plans

Network
Codes

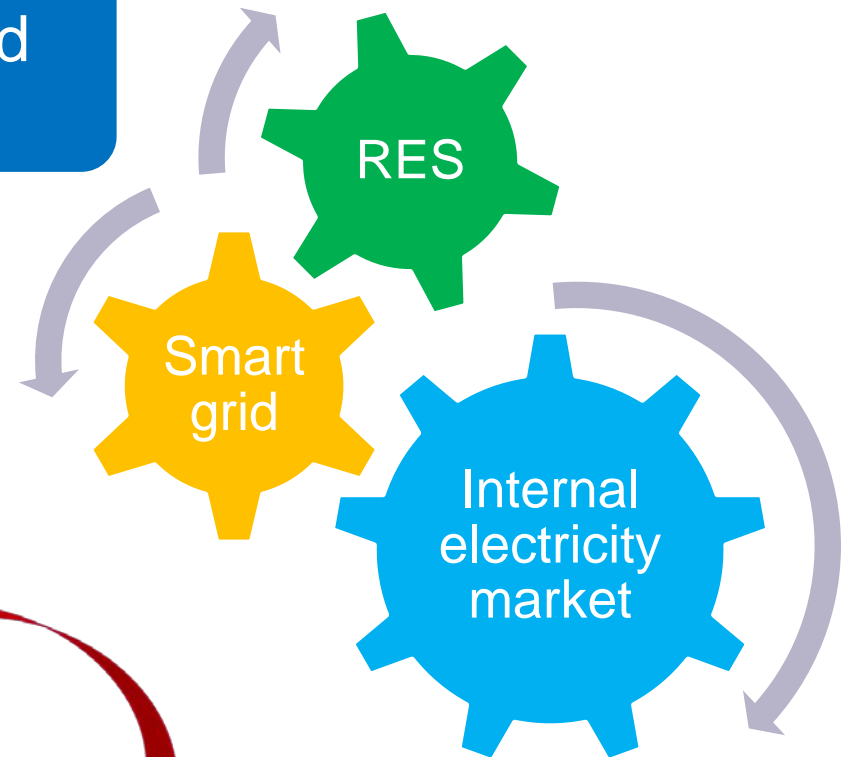
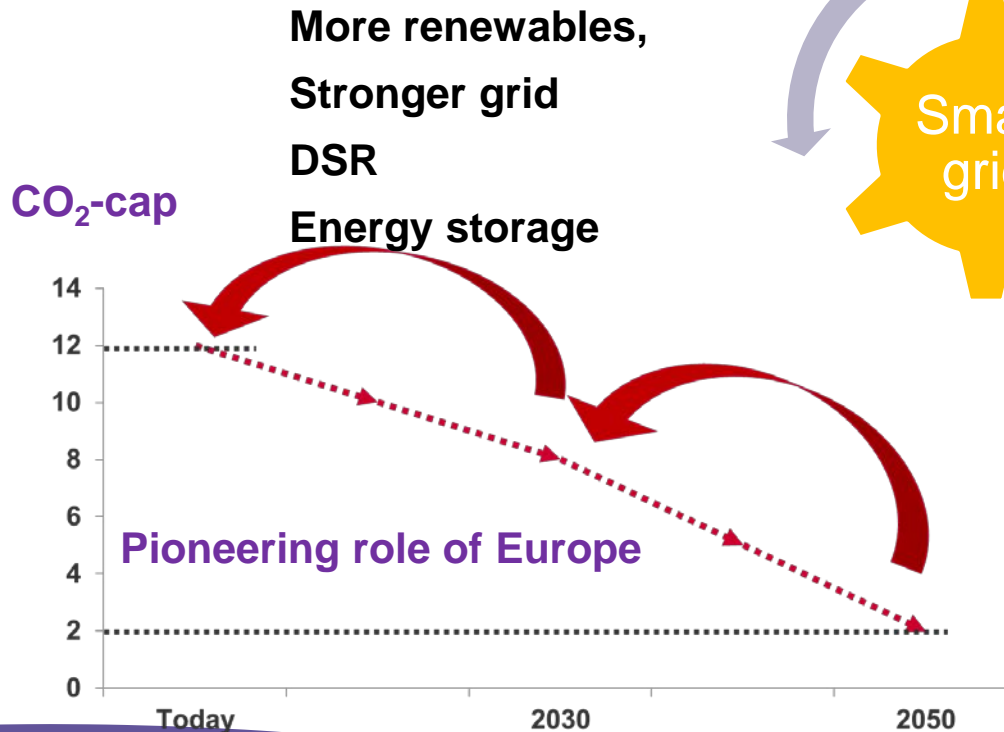
R&D plans

Adequacy
forecasts

Tools for
Market
Integration

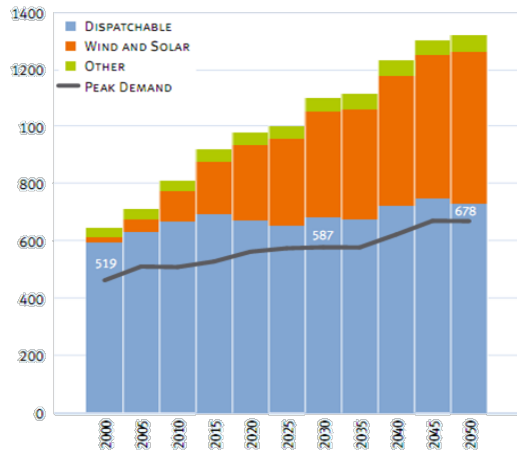
Less CO₂, more electricity, smarter grids

Energy will be more based on electricity

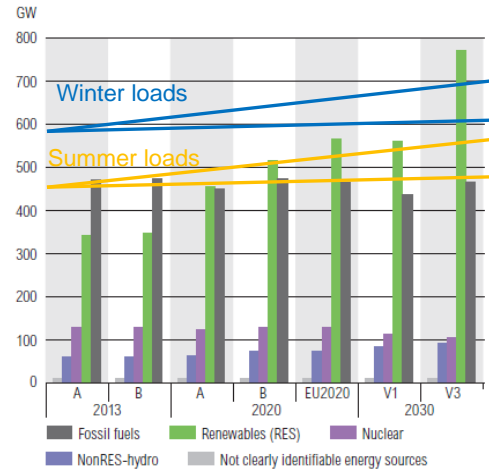


Energy policies and power system implications for TSOs

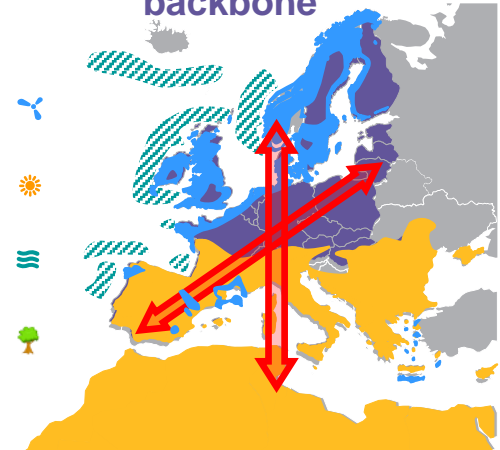
Integration of RES, new demand wave and grid users



System security and adequacy



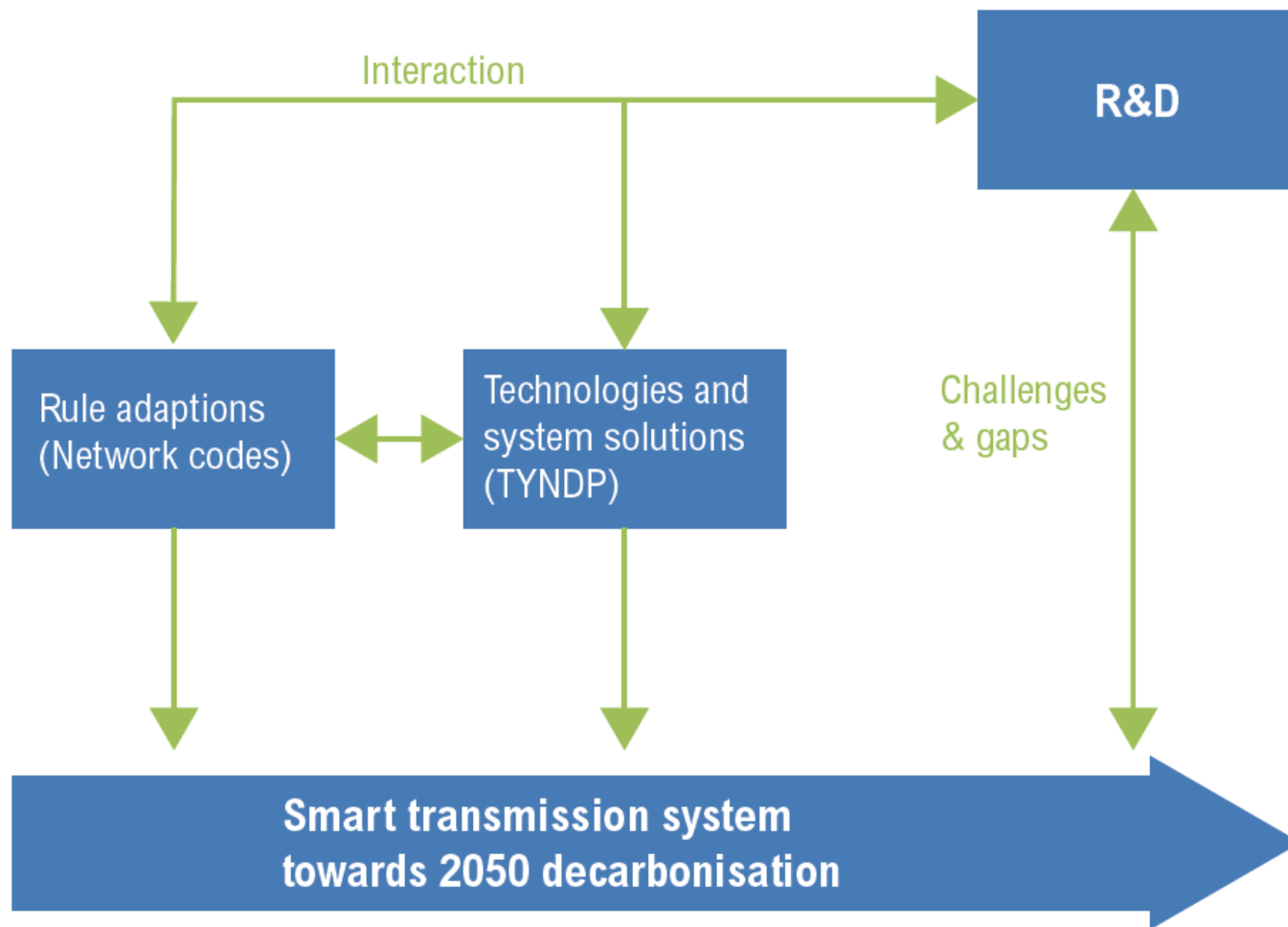
Facilitate pan-European markets with a strong infrastructure backbone



Challenges

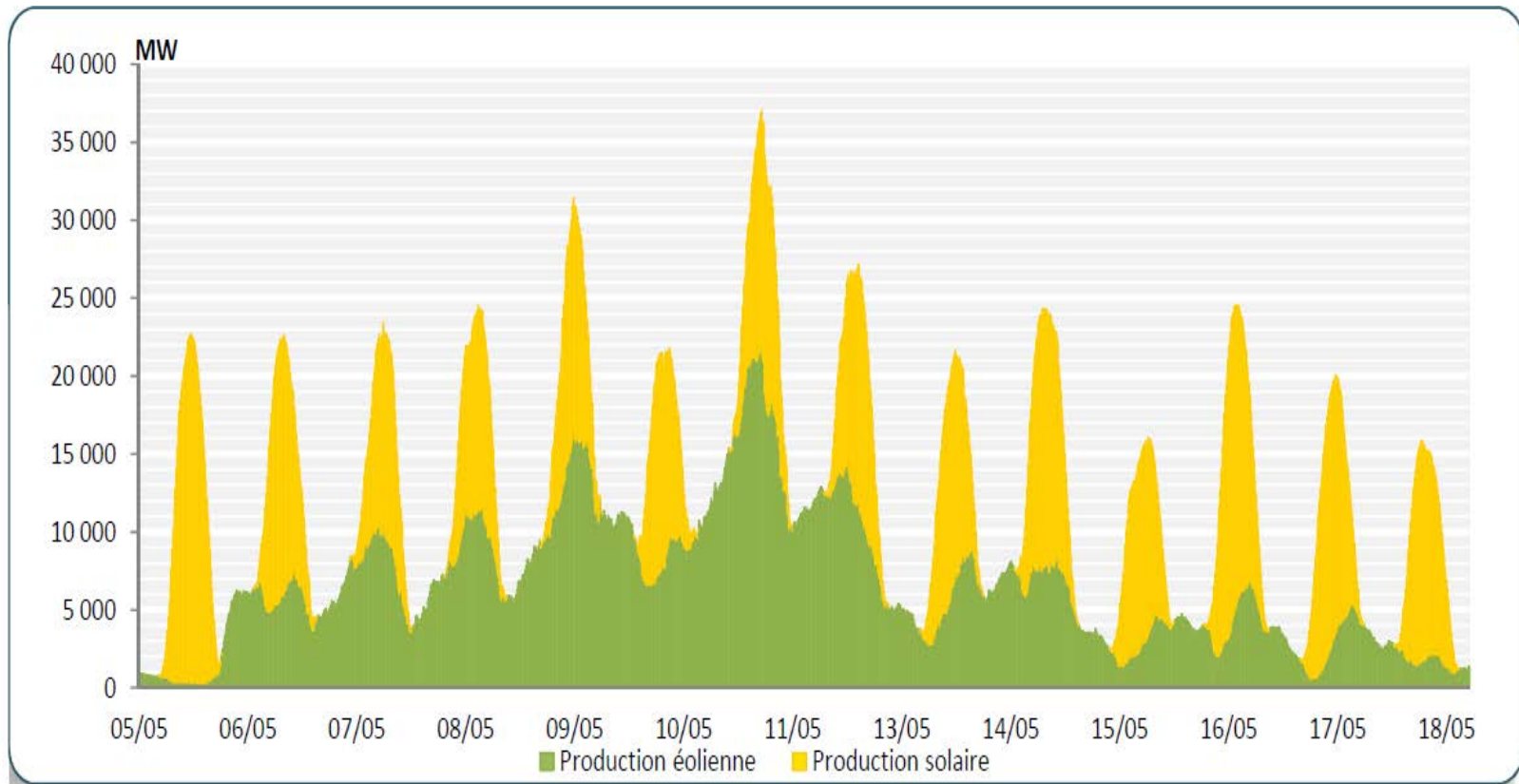
System Stability, Resource Variability, Uncertainty, New connections, Changed power flows

Crucial work of ENTSO-E



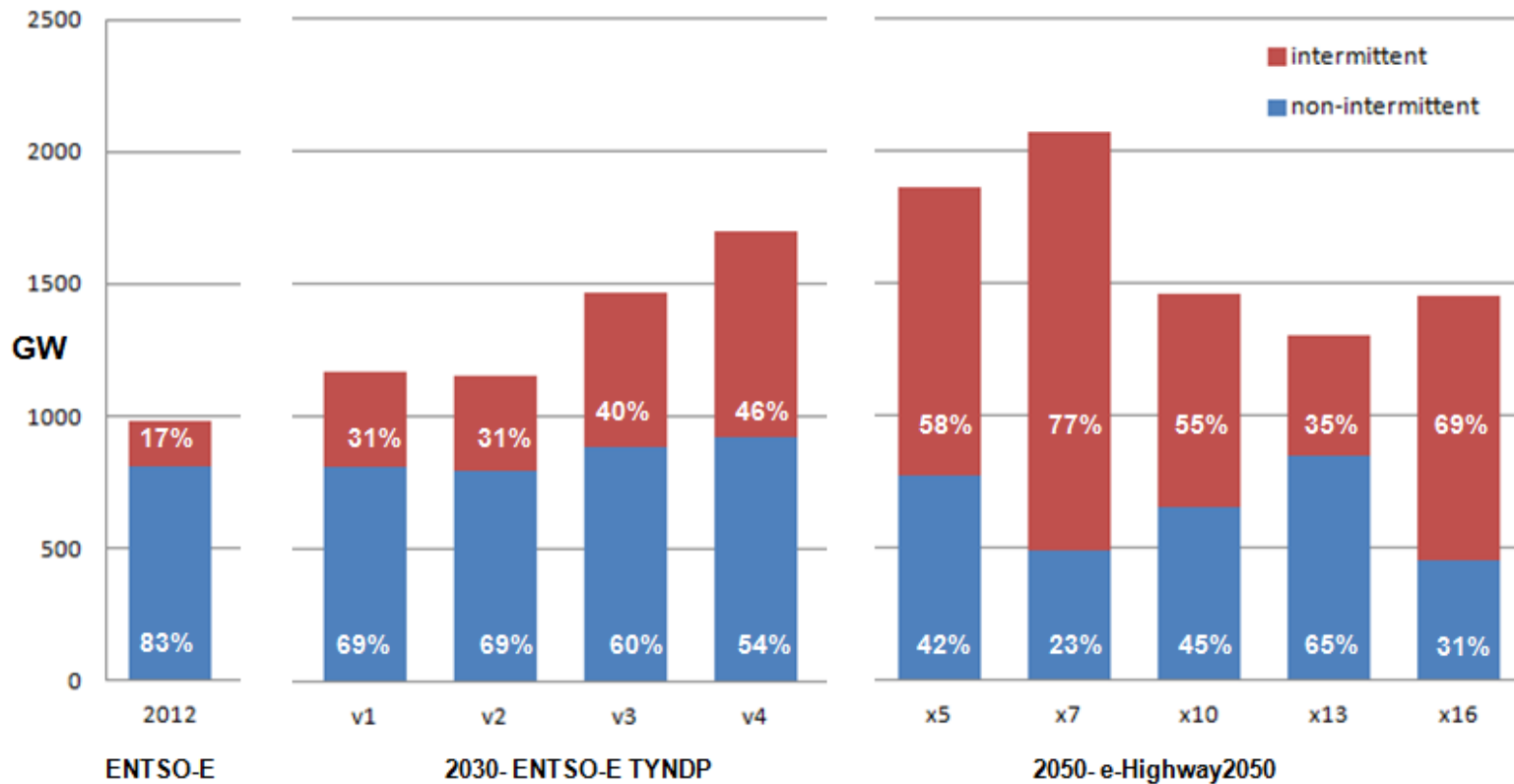
Challenges induced by generation today

Backup: Renewable generation in Germany for two weeks from 5 May 2014

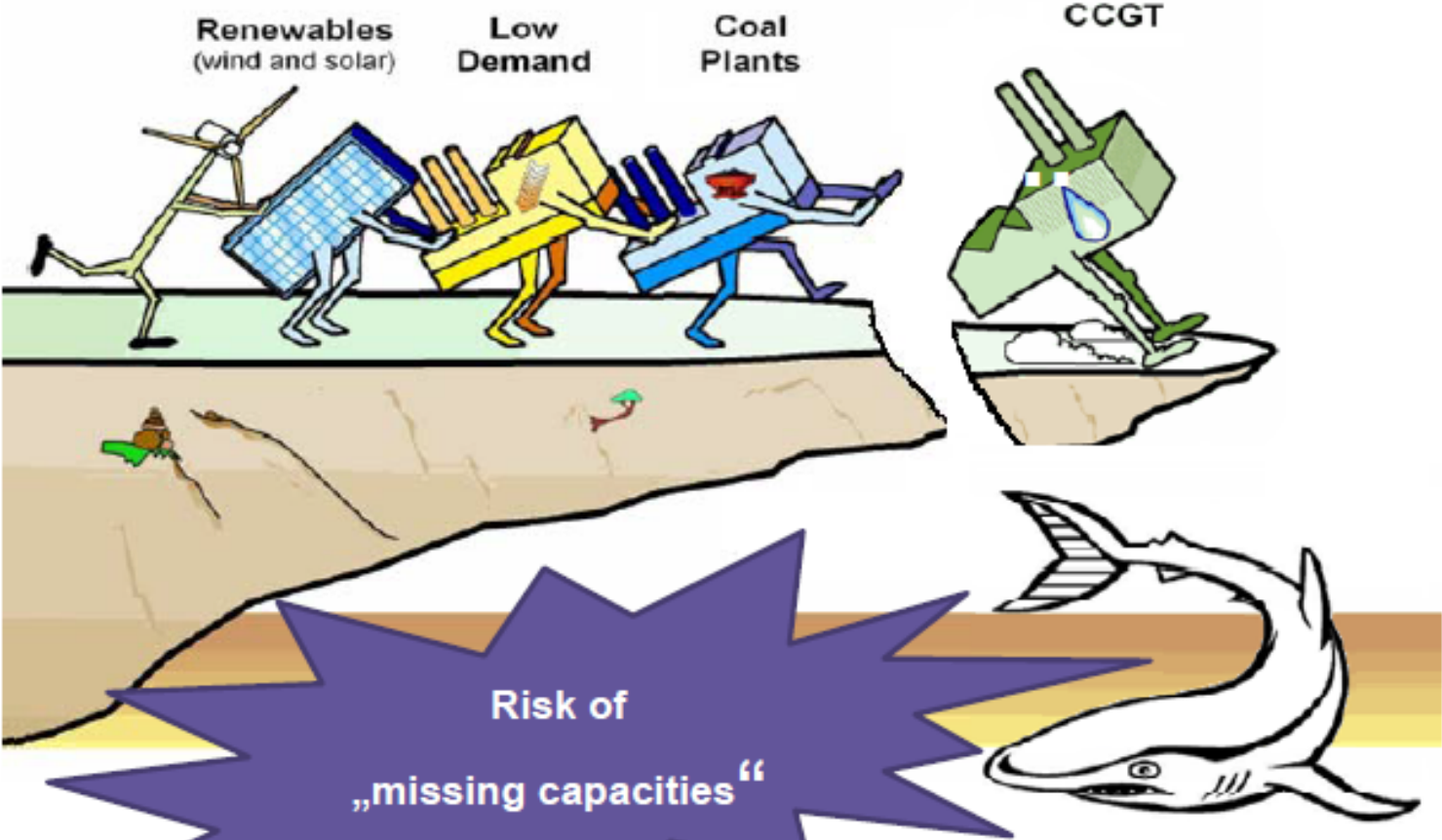


Challenges induced by generation in the future

European Energy vision requires a paradigm shift : Installed generation capacity scenarios for EU



Risk of missing controllable technologies



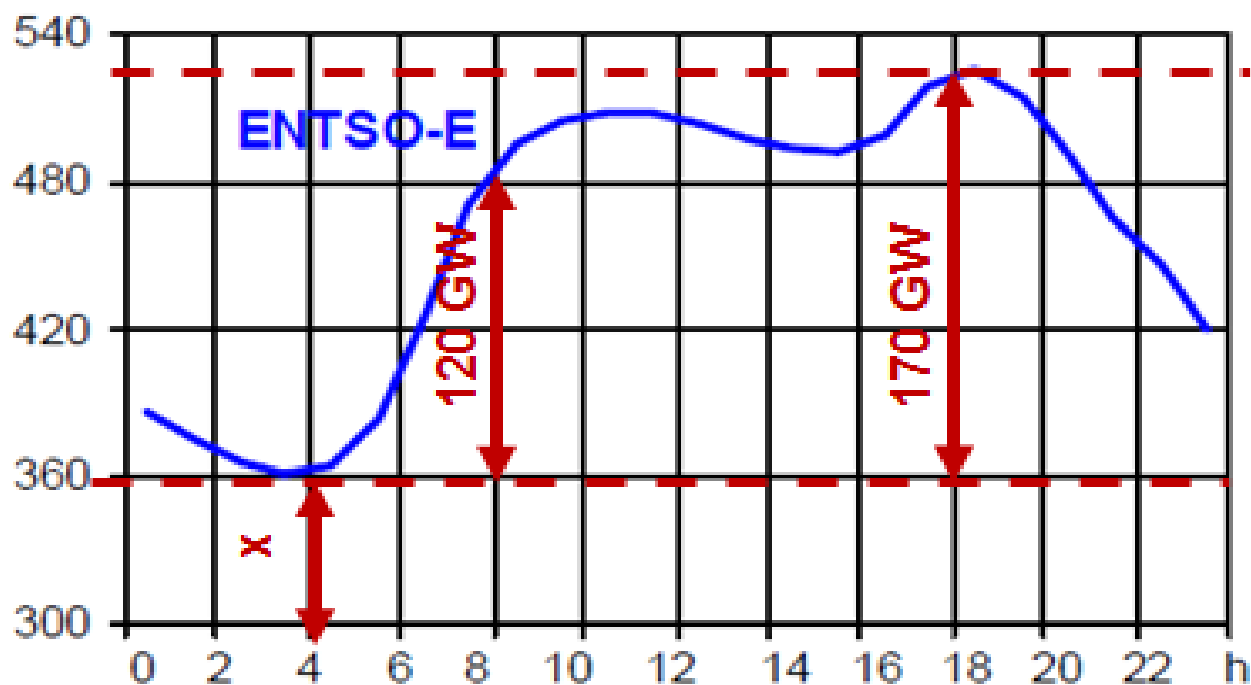
Source: IHS CERA

Challenges induced by demand: today



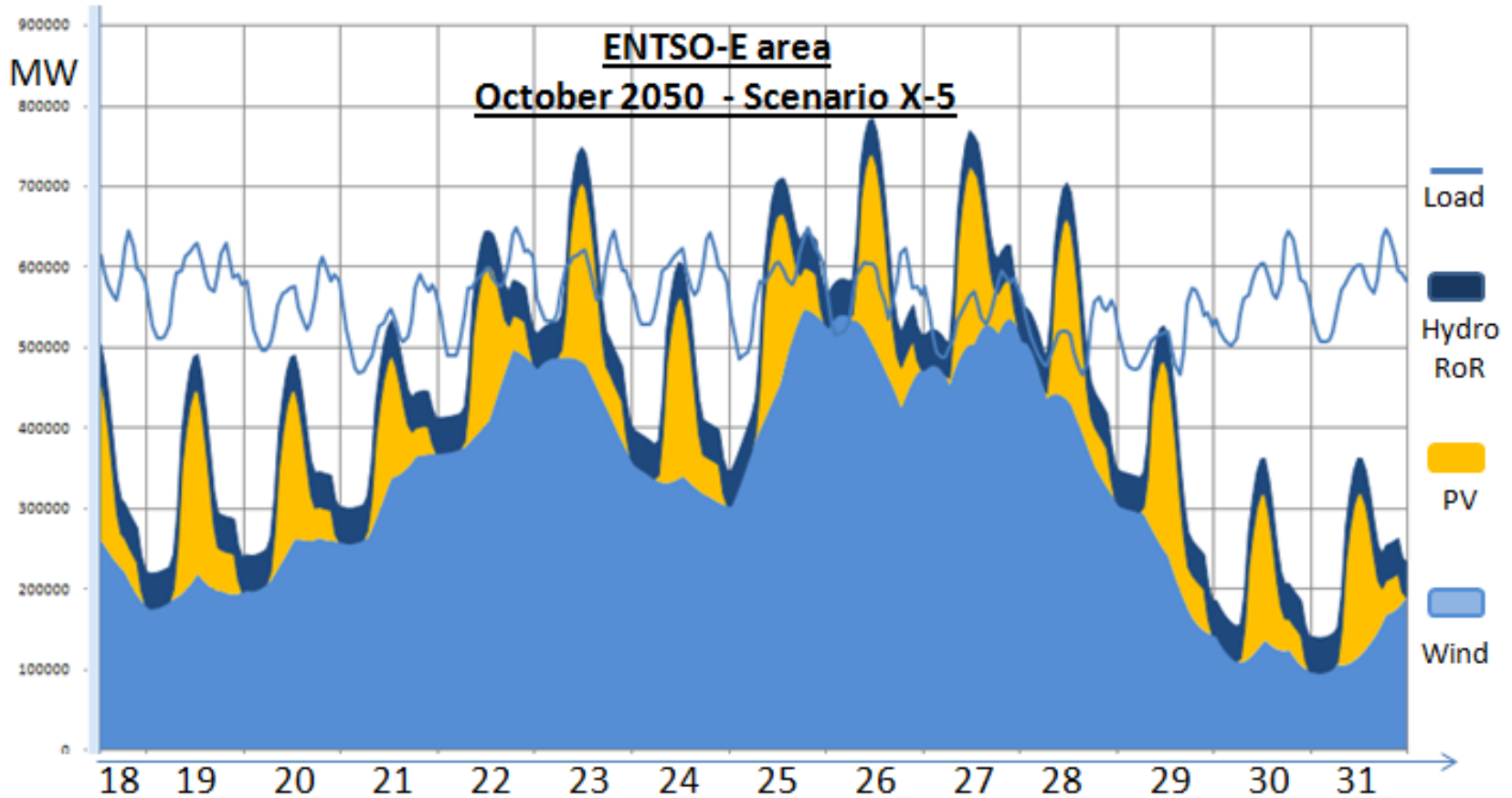
A quantitative assessment

Consumption hourly load curves on 16.01.2013 CET



Demand patterns in the future: changes, opportunities

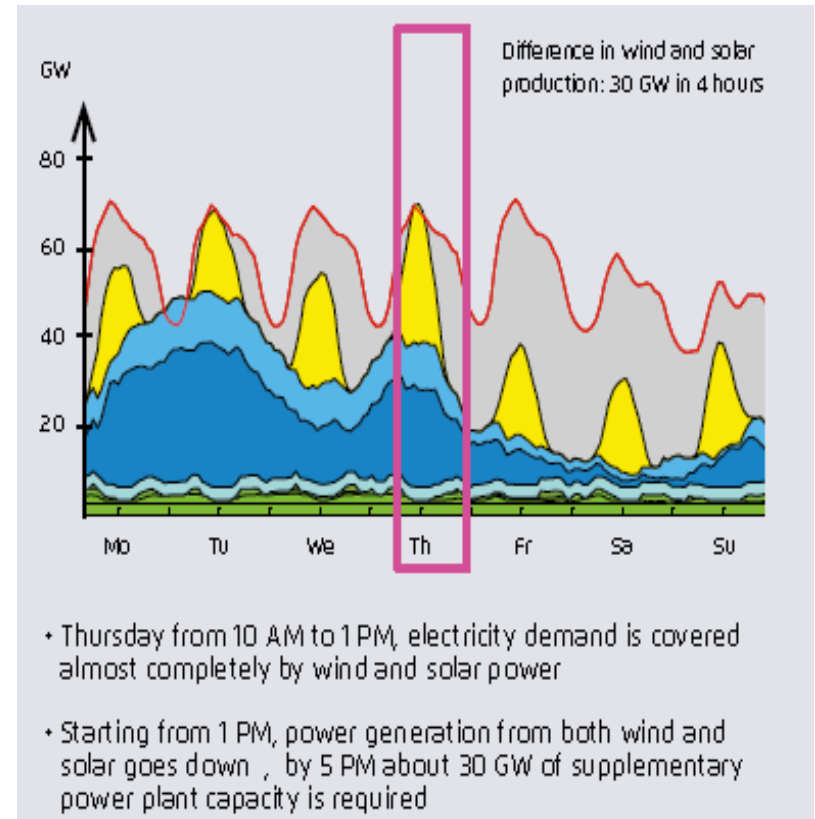
Flexibility and DSR are crucial parts of secure electricity supply (2050 simulations)



Flexibility Improvements – competing solutions



- Increased pan-European interconnections
- Improved transmission/distribution grid capacity in the different control zones
- Operation of CHP and biomass plants according to electricity demand
- Improved flexibility of fossil-fired power plants
- Avoiding generation peaks from wind and PV or using them for heating
- Energy storage



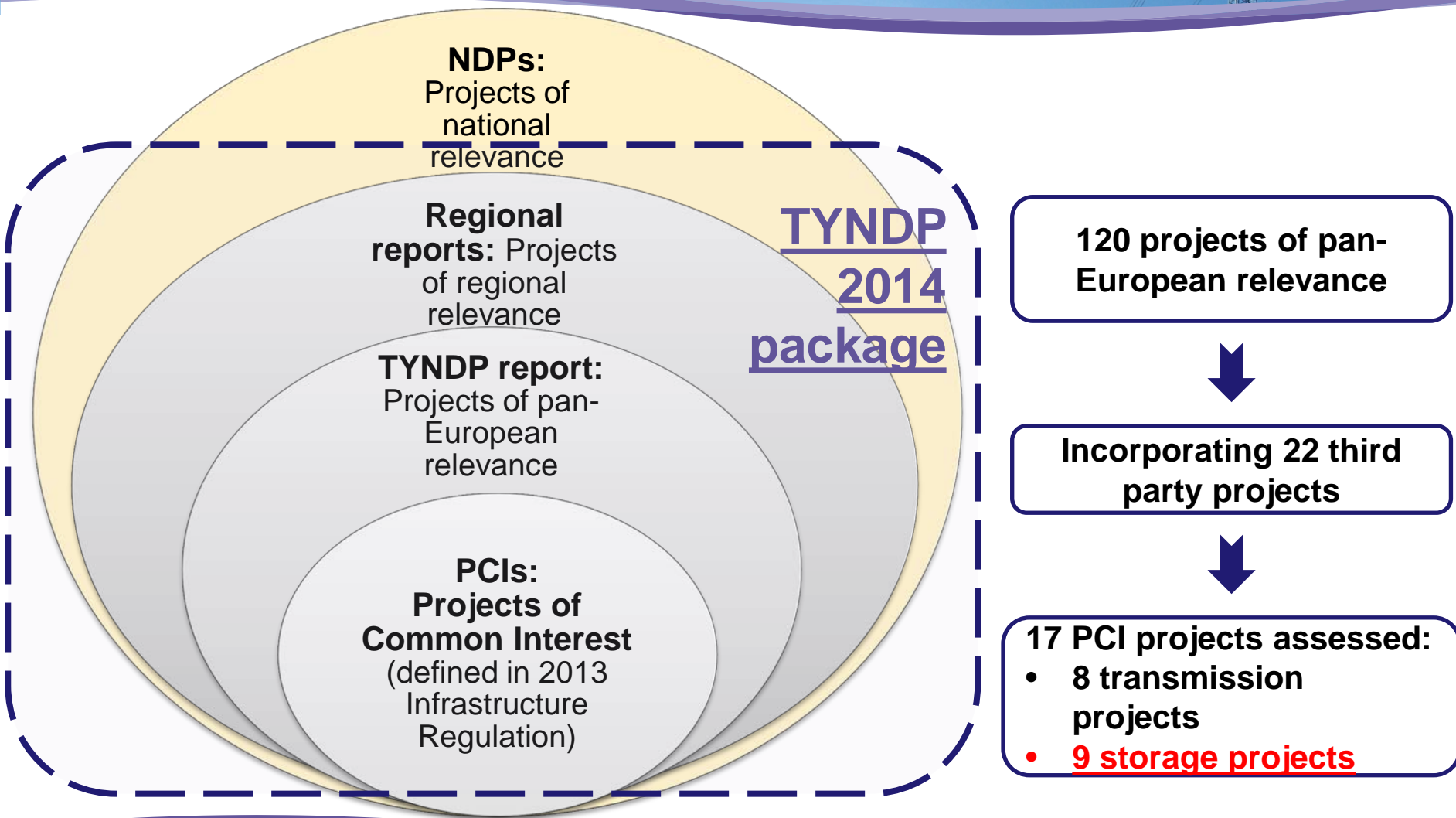


Maintaining or increasing the security of supply – additional storage required

TYNDP 2014 includes large scale storage facilities connected at transmission level

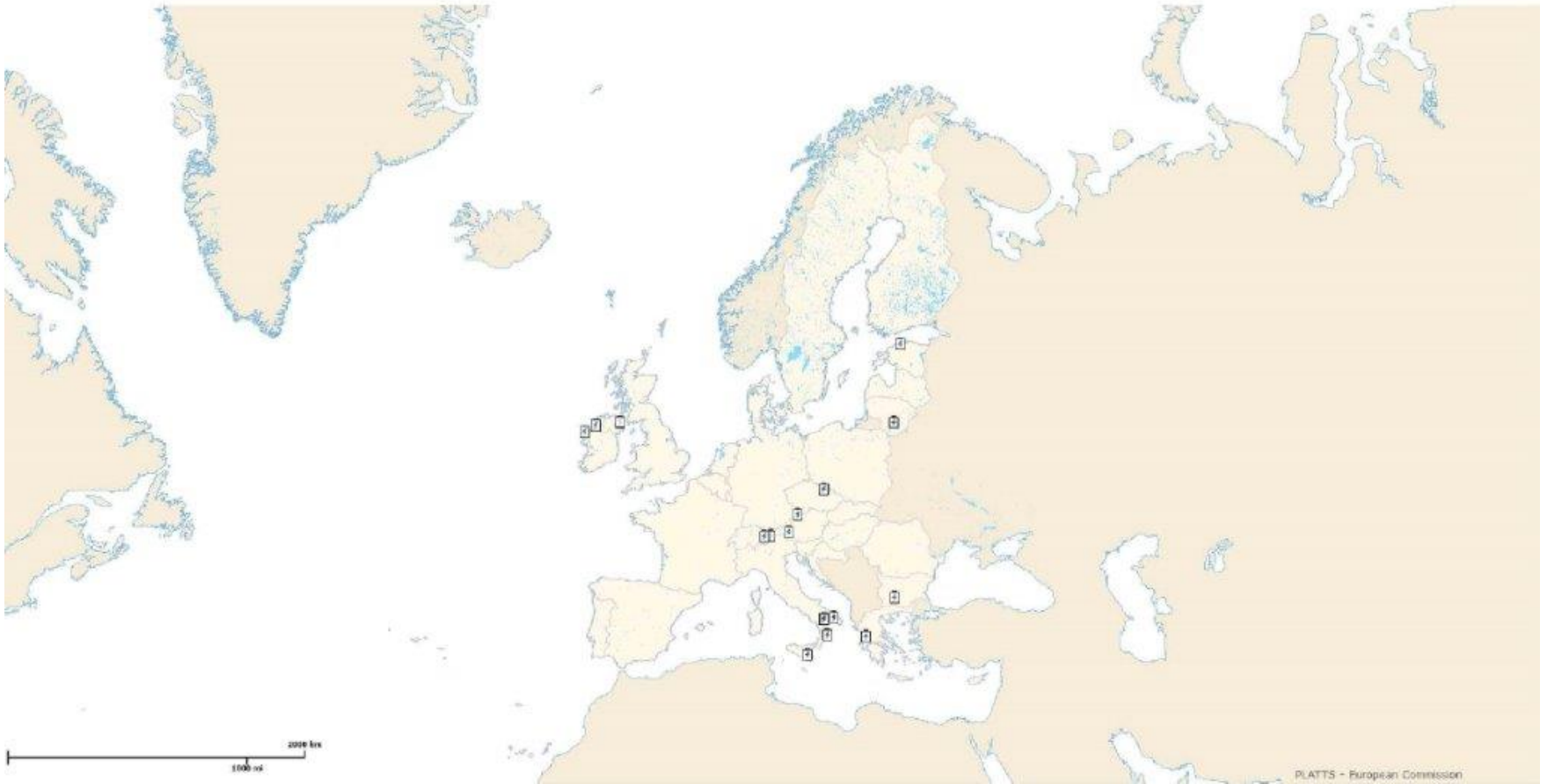
- Pumped Hydro Storage (PHS)
- Compressed Air Energy Storage (CAES)

TYNDP 2014 – base for the PCI 2015 list include 9 storage projects





PCI 2013 storage projects



Storage a needed alternative :what, how, who?



Rational for storage

- Restructuring of generation and demand side
- Slow development and difficulty in establishing interconnectors
- Balancing the power system in short time scale (few hours and even minutes)
- Spinning reserves on traditional power plants are expected to decline in the future years

Time horizons for storage for delivery back to the grid

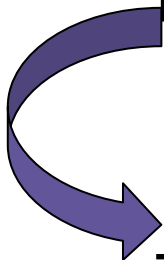
- Yearly basis
- Daily basis – fast reacting storage (eg batteries and ancillary services)

Regulatory framework

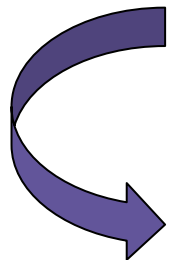
- Who should own and operate the storage facilities
- Business models

Storage a component of R&D Roadmaps and Implementation Plans

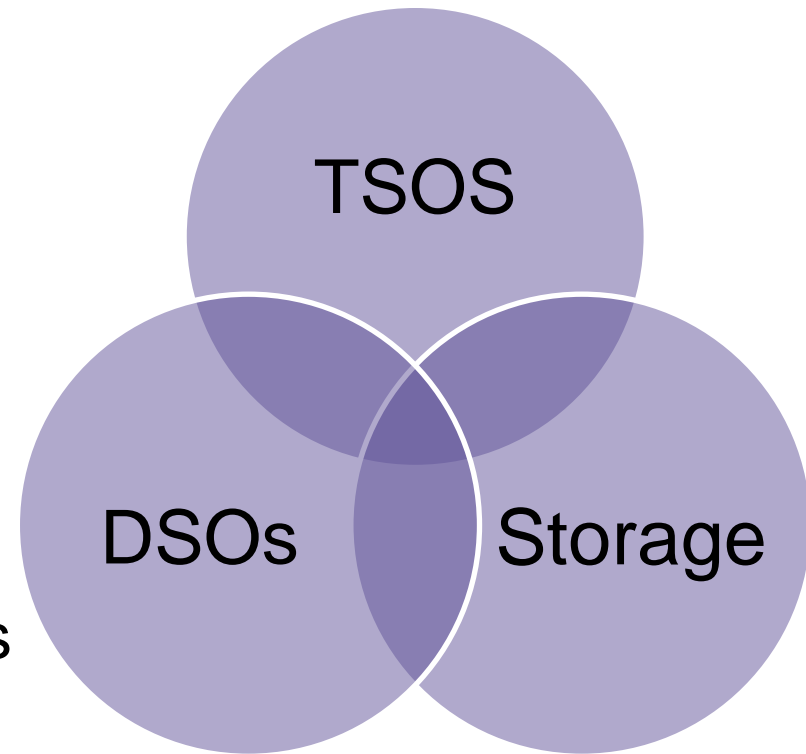
From TSOs R&D Roadmap



To TSOs and DSOs R&D Roadmap and Joint actions



To TSOs and integration DSOs and energy storage

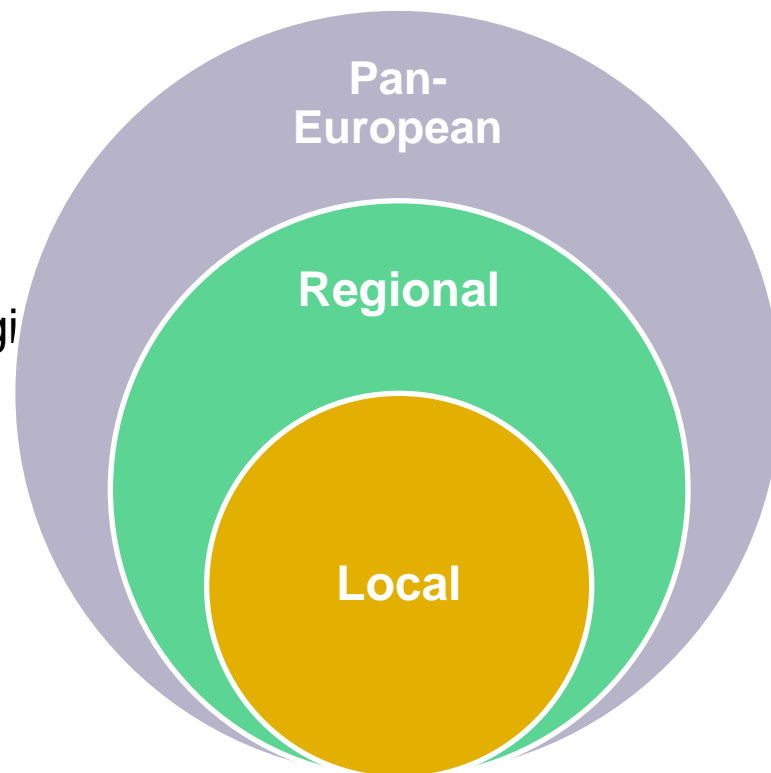


Towards a more integrated energy system

EC framework: R&D within an Integrated Roadmap

TSOs: work for an integrated energy system

- Heating and Cooling
- Transport sector
- Smart Grid deployment
- Use of Gas including power to gas technology
- Storage



Thank you for your attention !

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Network codes into force will strengthen consumers



Internal electricity market

3 Connection Network Codes

set requirements for

- Generators
- Demand-side
- HVDC connections

3 Market Network Codes

set market rules for

- Day ahead/intraday & Capacity calculation
- Long-term timeframes
- System balancing

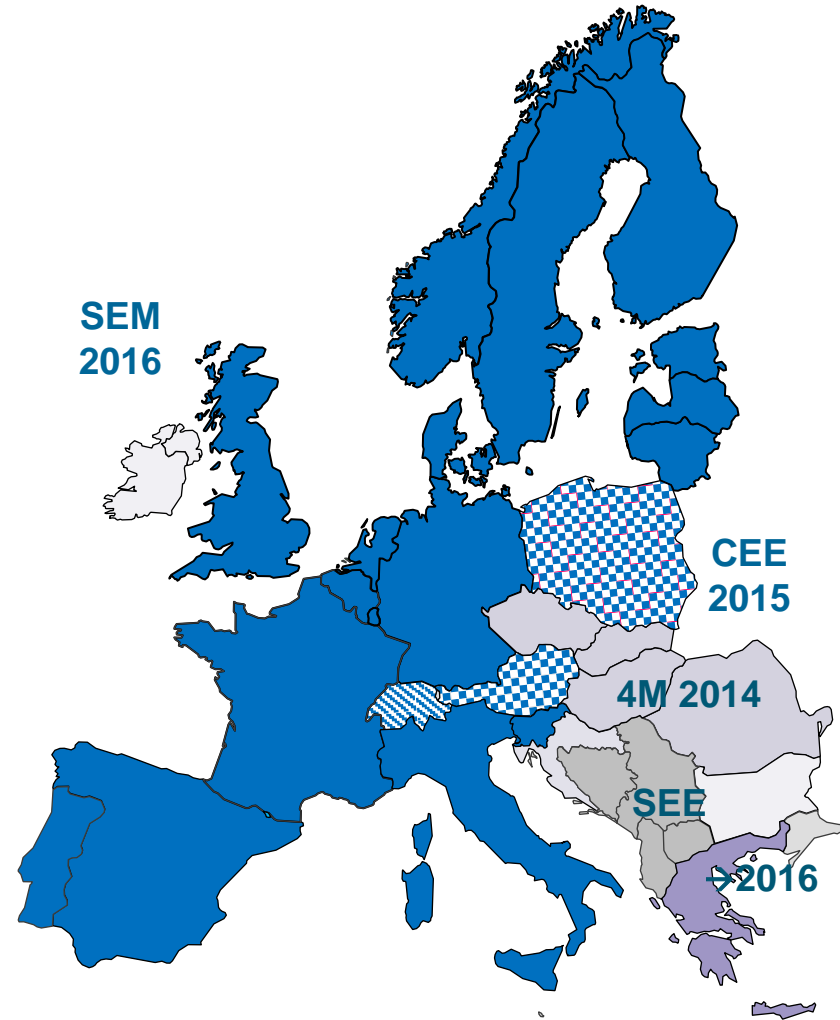
4 Operational Network Codes

set common rules for

- Assessing adequacy
- Planning outages
- System security
- Emergency situations

Market coupling: Consumers enjoy purchasing electricity across Europe

- The NWE price coupling project went live in Feb 2014
- Full coupling SWE-NWE in 2014
- Market is supported with a strengthening transmission backbone



What to expect from the TYNDP 2014

...a comprehensive document suite that includes

- Ten-Year Network Development Plan
- Scenario Outlook and Adequacy Report
- 6 Regional Investment Plans

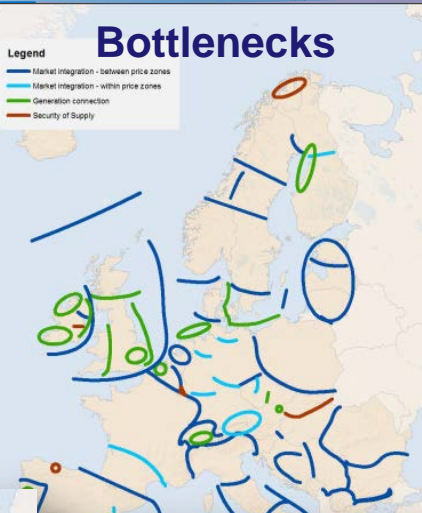
Main concerns

- RES integration
- Market integration
- Security of supply

Bottlenecks

Legend

- Market integration - between price zones
- Market integration - within price zones
- Generation connection
- Security of Supply



Marginal cost difference



Projects



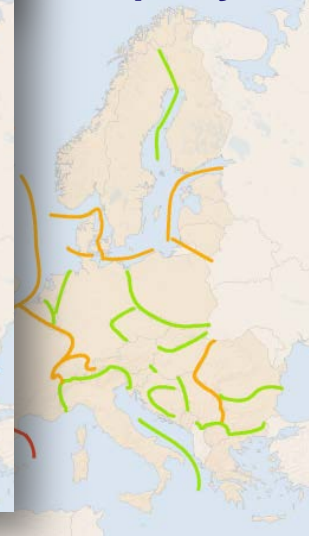
Target capacities

Legend

- <1000 MW
- 1000 - 2500 MW
- 2500 - 4500 MW
- 4500 - 7000 MW
- 7000 - 10000 MW
- >10000 MW



Adequacy





TSO R&I Clusters

- Grid architecture
- **Power technologies**
- Network operations
- Market designs
- Asset management

DSO R&I Clusters

- Integration of smart customers
- **Integration of DER and new uses**
- Network operations
- Network planning and asset management
- Market design

Purpose of EC contract

- provide the EEGI team and EC with consolidated stakeholder views for the research and technology development needs and market uptake measures for end to end pan European electricity grids and energy storage including interaction with other energy networks
- facilitate a technological base to open up for the "active customer"
- 1.5 million € for a 2 year contract