



Office of the Prime Minister  
of Norway



# Summit on Clean Cooking in Africa

## Agenda

14 May 2024

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International  
Energy Agency





## Making 2024 a turning point for Clean Cooking in Africa

The world is falling behind on its goal to deliver affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all. One area in particular — clean cooking — has seen a concerning lack of progress, with nearly four in five African people still cooking their meals over open fires and traditional stoves using polluting fuels. The International Energy Agency (IEA) has been monitoring this issue for over two decades, providing data and analysis, including as one of the custodian agencies of Sustainable Development Goal 7. The lack of access to clean cooking has dire consequences for health, the climate and gender equality, contributing to nearly half a million premature deaths of women and children annually in Africa alone. The cost of solving this issue is relatively small, with the IEA estimating that just USD 4 billion of capital investments would be required annually to achieve clean cooking access for all African people by 2030.

On Tuesday 14 May 2024, to address this pressing crisis, the **President of the United Republic of Tanzania H.E. Samia Suluhu Hassan**, the **Prime Minister of Norway H.E. Jonas Gahr Støre**, the **Executive Director of the International Energy Agency Dr. Fatih Birol** and the **President of the African Development Bank Group Dr. Akinwumi A. Adesina** will co-chair the *Summit on Clean Cooking in Africa*. The Summit, to be held at the UNESCO Headquarters in Paris (125, avenue de Suffren, 75007 Paris), invites global leaders to join the call to make 2024 the pivotal year for addressing the lack of clean cooking in Africa. The Summit builds on existing initiatives, including Tanzania's Africa Women Clean Cooking Support Program launched at COP28 to provide access to clean cooking for women.

The aims of the Summit are to:

- **Elevate clean cooking on the global agenda** and mobilise a broader coalition of support for this critical issue.
- **Mobilise financial commitments** for clean cooking from governments, development agencies, development banks, climate funds, the private sector, philanthropies and non-governmental organisations.
- **Develop a roadmap of concrete, action-oriented strategies** around financing, carbon markets, policies and partnerships that will help better mobilise additional support to scale successful clean cooking efforts.

## Commitments for the Summit on Clean Cooking in Africa

To prepare for the summit, the IEA has conducted over 150 technical consultations with key stakeholders in governments, development agencies, financial institutions, international and non-governmental organisations and the private sector. Through these consultations, the IEA identified several outcomes and commitments that could be made at the Summit, which have proven successful in other parts of the world. These commitments were later prioritised after hearing from over 100 participants from more than 20 countries at an Expert Workshop on 7 March held at the IEA. This document provides a high-level summary of the target outcomes discussed at the Expert



Workshop and multiple consultations, which will be used to engage with attendees as they consider potential commitments for the Summit

These commitments will consist of both those announced by individual organisations as well as collective pledges on key principles, which will be negotiated and agreed on within different stakeholder groups (e.g. implementing countries, development agencies, etc). The IEA will work together with its co-chairs, expert advisors and other Summit attendees to mobilise these commitments in the lead-up to the Summit. To ensure these commitments are realised in a timely manner, the IEA is developing an implementation roadmap, including a plan for how future events (e.g. G20, COP, AU) can be used to further advance the clean cooking agenda. Below are the initial high-level outcomes that stakeholders identified as a starting point for discussions on individual and collective commitments at the Summit.

## Financing

**The finance community pledges to increase funding for clean cooking.** Development and philanthropic partners commit to allocate a higher share of their energy-related portfolio to support clean cooking. Development partners also commit to working through their private capital arms (i.e. development finance institutions) to bring more financing to clean cooking. All actors agree to commit a greater share of concessional support towards vehicles that help deploy commercial capital for clean cooking companies and projects. The carbon markets community pledges to enhance high-integrity carbon credits from clean cooking projects, and to work with countries, companies, and intermediaries to create additional demand for such carbon credits.

## Policies

**Governments of sub-Saharan African countries prioritise clean cooking** and include it in national planning across sectors. Governments also create a funded national implementation programme, aiming for a rising share of their energy investments going to support clean cooking, and explicitly include clean cooking in official funding requests to development and climate finance institutions. Countries commit to implementing a suite of proven policies and regulations in the next two years that reflect national circumstances and support scaling clean cooking, including implementing carbon credit legislation, addressing a lack of clean cooking in institutional contexts, considering tax and import duty reductions on eligible clean cooking equipment and fuels, clarifying clean cooking within their Nationally Determined Contributions and drafting gender-targeted measures addressing those adversely impacted by cooking poverty.

## Partnerships

**Industry, international organisations and multilateral fora affirm their support for governments and development partners working to realise these targets.** Major companies make commitments specific to their industry segment, focused on scaling their supply chains and distribution networks. Implementing partners and international organisations commit to taking forward outcomes of the Summit, establishing and building upon multi-stakeholder initiatives that support tracking progress and helping build delivery capacity. The presidencies of key multi-lateral fora, such as G20 and COPs, affirm their intention to feature clean cooking in their agendas, ensuring consistent multi-year support for clean cooking.



## Agenda

<b>Tuesday 14 May 2024</b>	
<b>Venue: UNESCO Headquarters, 125, avenue de Suffren, 75007 Paris</b>	
<b>08:30</b>	<b>Arrival and UNESCO Security Screening</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Welcome coffee will be available upon arrival</li> </ul>
<b>09:00-10:00</b>	<b>Pre-Summit Sessions</b>
<b>10:00-10:30</b>	<b>Networking Coffee</b>
<b>10:30-11:35</b> <b>(Plenary, Room 1)</b>	<b>Opening Plenary: Make 2024 a Turning Point for Clean Cooking</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chair's Introduction of the Session <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fatih Birol, Executive Director, International Energy Agency</li> </ul> </li> <li>Welcome Remarks by Co-chairs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Samia Suluhu Hassan, President, United Republic of Tanzania</li> <li>Jonas Gahr Støre, Prime Minister, Norway</li> <li>Akinwumi A. Adesina, President, African Development Bank Group</li> </ul> </li> <li>Keynote Speeches</li> <li>Elevating Clean Cooking on the Global Energy, Health, Development, Gender, Environment and Climate Agenda</li> </ul>
<b>11:35-12:30</b> <b>(Plenary, Room 1)</b>	<b>Mobilising Greater Commitment to Advance the Global Clean Cooking Agenda</b>
<b>12:30-14:00</b>	<b>Lunch</b>
<b>14:00-15:15</b> <b>(Plenary, Room 1)</b>	<b>Making Clean Cooking and African Policy Priority</b> <i>Chaired by January Makamba, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and East African Cooperation of Tanzania and Mary Robinson, Chair of The Elders and Former President of Ireland</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Topic 1 - Recipe for Success: Implementing Proven Clean Cooking Policies <i>Which policies and regulations have proven to be effective in advancing clean cooking and how can these be adapted to fit local contexts?</i></li> <li>Topic 2 – Reinforcing National Efforts to Advance Clean Cooking Panel Discussion <i>How can African governments best advance local policy efforts and integrate clean cooking into their broader agendas? How can the international community best support these efforts?</i></li> </ul>
<b>15:15-15:35</b>	<b>Coffee Break</b>
<b>15:35-16:50</b> <b>(Plenary, Room 1)</b>	<b>Scaling up Finance for Clean Cooking in Africa</b> <i>Chaired by Anne Beathe Tvinneim, Minister of International Development, Norway and Kevin Kariuki, Vice President for Power, Energy, Climate, and Green Growth, African Development Bank Group</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Topic 1: Mobilising Private and Public Sector Financing for Clean Cooking <i>How can more financial support be mobilised for clean cooking?</i></li> </ul>



	<p><i>How can concessional funding go further? How can these efforts most effectively attract private sector capital to clean cooking?</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Topic 2 - Scaling Up New Streams of Finance: New Financing Instruments, Funding Sources, and Carbon Credits</li> </ul> <p><i>What has worked to unlock new streams of finance for clean cooking projects? What is needed to scale clean cooking credits with integrity?</i></p>
<p><b>16:50-17:00</b></p>	<p><b>Break</b></p>
<p><b>17:00-18:00</b> <b>(Plenary, Room 1)</b></p>	<p><b>Catalysing Multi-stakeholder Partnerships</b></p> <p><i>Chaired by Dymphna van der Lans, Chief Executive Officer, Clean Cooking Alliance and Laura Cozzi, Director of Sustainability, Technology, and Outlooks, International Energy Agency</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Topic 1 – Creating a Broad Coalition of Support for Clean Cooking Panel discussion <i>How can clean cooking connect to the broader agenda on health, gender, environment, finance and climate? What opportunities are there to engage further on this agenda?</i></li> <li>• Topic 2 – How to Advance the Clean Cooking Agenda in Industries Panel discussion <i>In what ways can industry, intergovernmental organisations, non-governmental organisations and civil society support this agenda?</i></li> <li>• Chair’s Wrap Up</li> </ul>



## Pre-Summit Sessions

### *Technical Session on Advancing Clean Cooking Carbon Credit Markets (Open to All)*

<b>Tuesday 14 May 2024 09:00-10:00,</b>	
<b>Venue: UNESCO Headquarters</b>	
<b>09:00-10:00</b>	<b>Technical Session on Advancing Clean Cooking Carbon Credit Markets</b>
<b>Room 2</b>	<p><i>Carbon credits can provide critical revenues for clean cooking projects, helping secure financing and close the consumer affordability gap for stoves and clean cooking fuels. This session will bring together governments, private sector representatives, carbon credit programmes and experts to discuss solutions to persisting challenges and to further scale the market.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Opening remarks</li> <li>• Panel discussion</li> <li>• Discussion from the floor</li> </ul>

### *Funders Roundtable (Invitation Only)*

<b>Tuesday 14 May 2024 09:00-10:00</b>	
<b>Venue: UNESCO Headquarters</b>	
<b>09:00-10:00</b>	<b>Clean Cooking Funders Roundtable</b>
<b>Room 7</b>	<p><i>This session convenes development agencies, multilateral development banks, philanthropies, and other key funders to discuss successful channels for directing clean cooking funds, how to bring new donors and pots of money to bear on the issue of clean cooking, and also to consider future coordination of funding efforts to ensure donor dollars go further.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Opening remarks</li> <li>• Roundtable discussion</li> </ul>