



**Corrigendum:** The State of Clean Technology Manufacturing 2023

**Issued:** 23 May 2023

**Link to report:** <https://www.iea.org/news/manufacturing-plans-for-key-clean-energy-technologies-are-expanding-rapidly-as-investment-momentum-builds>

On **page 15**

**Replace** is large enough to supply nearly 75% of the capacity additions of solar PV modules in the European Union

**with** is large enough to supply half of the capacity additions of solar PV modules in the European Union

On **page 8, Footnote 5**

**Replace** Including both alkaline and proton exchange membrane technologies

**with** Including both **alkaline, proton exchange membrane, anion membrane exchange and solid oxide technologies**

On **page 13**

**Replace** in 2021, electrolyser manufacturing throughput stood at around 7 GW, increasing to 9 GW in 2022.

**with** in 2021, electrolyser manufacturing **capacity** stood at around **8** GW, increasing to **11** GW in 2022.

On **page 13**

**Replace** Looking forward, announced projects as of end-Q1 2023 suggest nearly **115** GW of additional installed manufacturing capacity could be expected by 2030.

**with** Looking forward, announced projects as of end-Q1 2023 suggest nearly **125** GW of additional installed manufacturing capacity could be expected by 2030.

On **page 26**

**Replace** Electrolyser manufacturing installations registered no growth in 2022, relative to 2021, with installed capacity remaining flat at around 2 GW per year.

**with** Electrolyser manufacturing installations **doubled from 1 GW per year in 2021 to 2 GW per year in 2022.**