

On page 6, the following sentence was amended.

Old:

Backed by a suite of supply, demand, innovation and financing policies, India’s ethanol consumption has grown fourfold from less than 2 billion litres per year (BLPY) to more than 6 BLPY since the start of India’s National Policy of Biofuels in 2018.

New:

Backed by a suite of supply, demand, innovation and financing policies, India’s ethanol consumption has grown fourfold from less than 2 billion litres per year (BLPY) at the start of India’s National Policy of Biofuels in 2018 to more than 11 BLPY by 2025.

In Figure 1.1 and 2.1’s titles, “growth” was replaced by “demand”.

Old:

**Figure 1.1 Liquid and gaseous biofuel growth in India, 2018-2024**

**Figure 2.1 Liquid biofuel growth in India, 2018-2024**

New:

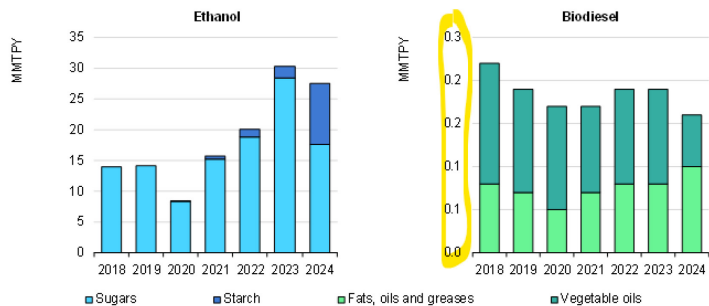
**Figure 1.1 Liquid and gaseous biofuel demand in India, 2018-2024**

**Figure 2.1 Liquid biofuel demand in India, 2018-2024**

On page 16, in Figure 2.2, the y axis of the right-hand chart was amended.

Old:

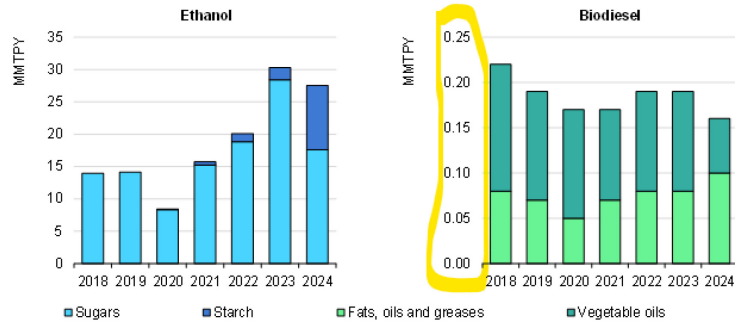
**Figure 2.2 Liquid biofuel feedstock demand in India, 2018-2024**



Notes: MMTPY = million metric tonnes per year. For ethanol production, starches yield a higher volume of ethanol per tonne of feedstock than sugars (particularly sugar cane); therefore, as the proportion of starches increases, the total feedstock quantity decreases, on a per metric tonne basis as seen in 2024, yet the volume of ethanol produced increases.

New:

Figure 2.2 Liquid biofuel feedstock demand in India, 2018-2024



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